

**IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA**

CASE NO. 2026-001293-CA-01

JAKE CAVANAUGH, individually, and on
behalf of all others similarly situated,

CLASS ACTION

Plaintiff,

v.

FANATICS, LLC,

Defendant.

_____ /

**UNOPPOSED MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL OF
CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND SUPPORTING MEMORANDUM**

Plaintiff Jake Cavanaugh (“Plaintiff”), on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, respectfully requests the Court grant Final Approval¹ of the proposed class action settlement between Plaintiff and Defendant, Fanatics, LLC (“Fanatics” or “Defendant”). Defendant does not oppose the relief sought herein.

I. CONCISE STATEMENT OF THE PRECISE RELIEF REQUESTED

Plaintiff moves the Court to grant final approval of the Settlement, certify the Settlement Class for settlement purposes, and enter a Final Approval Order in substantially the same form attached as **Exhibit A**.

The proposed Order approves the form of notice given to the Class and finds that it constituted the best notice practicable and comported with due process requirements, awards attorneys’ fees and a service award, enters judgment and dismisses the Action with prejudice and without costs except as set forth in the Agreement, bars and enjoins the Class Representative, the

¹ Unless otherwise noted, all capitalized terms herein shall have the same meaning as those defined in the Settlement Agreement.

Settlement Class, and each Settlement Class Member (collectively, the “Releasing Parties”) from asserting Released Claims, releases the Released Parties from Released Claims, and reserves jurisdiction over the Parties to administer, supervise, construe, and enforce the Agreement in accordance with its terms.

II. STATEMENT OF THE BASIS FOR THE REQUEST

Plaintiff attained preliminary approval of the proposed class action settlement with Fanatics, the terms and conditions of which are set forth in the Settlement Agreement submitted in conjunction with Plaintiff’s Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement. The Court granted preliminary approval on March 30, 2026, ordering the Parties to disseminate Notice to the Settlement Class.

The Notice Program has now been completed, with direct Email Notice having been sent to Settlement Class Members as instructed by the Court’s Preliminary Approval Order. *See* Declaration of Richard W. Simmons (“Admin. Decl.”), attached as **Exhibit B**. The deadline for Settlement Class Members to submit claims, object, or opt out of the Settlement ran on August 27, 2026. *Id.* ¶¶ 34–36. To date, 420,215 unique Settlement Class Members have submitted claims for two (2) Vouchers in the amount of \$5.00 each (totaling \$10.00) for use on fanatics.com. *Id.* ¶ 36. Of these, the Settlement Administrator has verified claims representing at least \$3,678,420 in Vouchers that will be paid to Settlement Class Members, and as much as \$4,202,150 once claims validation is complete. *Id.* ¶ 37. Further, out of the approximately 40 million Settlement Class Members, there have only been twenty-two (22) opt-outs and eight (8) objections. *Id.* ¶¶ 34–35.

This case was the result of a significant pre-suit investigation into Defendant’s Handling Fee practices, well before the first complaint was ever filed. Class Counsel then prosecuted this matter for more than four years across two jurisdictions. After a significant investigation and

research by counsel, Plaintiff, on May 6, 2022, filed the California Action, opposed Fanatics’ motion to compel individual arbitration after removal, and engaged in extensive settlement negotiations, including four formal mediation sessions overseen by two well-respected, neutral mediators—Michelle Yoshida, Esq. of Phillips ADR and Shirish Gupta, Esq. of JAMS—continuing to press forward even after the federal court compelled Plaintiff’s claims to individual arbitration on June 26, 2024. Joint Declaration of Class Counsel (“Joint Decl.”), attached as **Exhibit C**, ¶¶ 3, 17–25.

That order is the backdrop against which this Settlement must be judged. Once compelled to individual arbitration, Plaintiff and the tens of millions of consumers he sought to represent had no path to classwide relief at all. Consumers were unlikely to file their own arbitrations over the \$1.99 Handling Fee, and Fanatics had every reason to expect that none would. Class Counsel could have walked away. Instead, they researched and developed a strategy around the arbitrability issue before the arbitrator, mediated twice more before Shirish Gupta of JAMS, continued negotiating for months with both mediators’ assistance, secured a settlement calling for classwide relief (including prospective relief) for the one consumer whose claim had already been sent to individual arbitration, and then supervised the distribution of notice and the administration of the Settlement. *Id.* ¶¶ 25–26, 37.

The Settlement is an excellent result in this novel action with significant arbitration and merits risks. Indeed, this is one of the first lawsuits in the nation challenging “handling fees” charged alongside promises of “free” or flat, low-cost shipping. *Id.* ¶ 8. The most important benefit of this litigation is one that will benefit all Settlement Class Members and all current and future Fanatics customers nationwide: after the commencement of this litigation, Fanatics ceased

charging the Handling Fee at issue on December 8, 2024, saving consumers millions of dollars annually on all future purchases. *Id.* ¶ 15.

But that is not all. The Settlement also secures a sizeable monetary benefit for Settlement Class Members. As detailed below, each Settlement Class Member who submits a timely and valid claim will receive two (2) \$5.00 Vouchers (totaling \$10.00), usable toward any item for sale on Fanatics.com with no minimum purchase required. This \$10.00 in Vouchers is more than five times the \$1.99 per-order Handling Fee. Joint Decl. ¶ 13. Fanatics has confirmed that the Vouchers will be usable together with FanCash and will not be subject to Fanatics' standard coupon exclusions. *Id.* ¶ 14. In addition, Fanatics has agreed to separately pay all costs of Notice and Settlement Administration, the Service Award, and Class Counsel's attorneys' fees and costs (\$1,450,000.00, inclusive of the \$5,000.00 Service Award to Plaintiff), ensuring the full value of the Settlement flows directly to the Settlement Class. All told, and in addition to the important prospective relief above, Fanatics will pay at least \$3.6 million (and as much as \$4.2 million) in valid Claims, pay notice and administration costs of approximately \$217,758 and pay attorneys' fees and costs. This \$3.6 million to \$4.2 million in value for the Settlement Class, in addition to prospective relief, is a terrific recovery in a case with known and extreme litigation risks.

The Settlement was structured to make claiming that relief as easy as possible. Settlement Class Members submitted electronic claims via a direct, easy-to-use link from the Email Notices or on the Settlement Website, or by email or U.S. mail to Analytics. No proof of purchase or documentation was required. Instead, a Settlement Class Member need only complete a simple Claim Form and check a box confirming membership in the Settlement Class. Agreement § III(C)(1)–(2); Joint Decl. ¶ 5; *see also* Admin. Decl. at Exhibits 2 and 5. The entire process could be completed on any mobile device or personal computer with ease.

Class Counsel obtained these benefits for the Settlement Class with hard work and persistence on a fully contingent basis. With no precedent upon which to rely and an arbitration order already entered against Plaintiff, Class Counsel faced significant risks in continuing to press this Action. Without their work, and that of the Class Representative, Fanatics’ alleged practices would have gone unchallenged and the Settlement Class would have received nothing instead of the \$3.6 million and counting the Settlement Class has received. Joint Decl. ¶¶ 8–9, 36.

In light of the excellent results achieved for the Settlement Class, Plaintiff now respectfully requests that the Court grant final approval of the Settlement, finding it to be fair, adequate, and reasonable; affirm certification of the Settlement Class for settlement purposes only; overrule the eight (8) objections to the Settlement; and enter the Final Approval Order and Judgment in substantially the same form attached as **Exhibit A**.

III. FACTUAL AND PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

a. The Litigation

On May 6, 2022, Plaintiff filed a Class Action Complaint on behalf of himself and a putative class in the lawsuit styled *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC*, Case No. 22CECG01395, in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Fresno (“California Action”). The material allegations of the complaint concern Defendant’s deceptive and untruthful promises to provide “free” or flat, low-cost shipping on orders through its website, while surreptitiously adding a “Handling Fee” of \$1.99 to all orders. Joint Decl. ¶ 17.

That action was removed to the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California, Case No. 1:22-cv-01085. ECF No. 1. *Id.* ¶ 18. Defendant filed a motion to compel all claims to individual arbitration on September 29, 2022. ECF No. 11. *Id.* ¶ 19. Pending resolution of Defendant’s motion to compel, the Parties engaged in multiple mediation sessions with Michelle

Yoshida of Phillips ADR including on December 20, 2023 and February 22, 2024. *Id.* ¶ 20. As part of the mediation, and to competently assess their relative negotiating positions, the Parties exchanged information on the merits of this case, including on issues such as the size and scope of the putative class, and certain facts related to the strength of Defendant’s potential defenses. *Id.* ¶ 21. Given that the information exchanged was similar to the information that would have been provided in formal discovery related to the issues of class certification and summary judgment, the Parties had sufficient information to assess the strengths and weaknesses of the claims and defenses. *Id.* ¶ 22. The Parties were unable to agree on settlement terms, and as such, these mediation sessions were unsuccessful. *Id.* ¶ 23.

The Court granted Defendant’s motion to compel on June 26, 2024. *Id.* ¶ 24. Plaintiff then researched and developed a strategy to win the arbitrability issue before the arbitrator, seeking a ruling that the claims were not arbitrable. *Id.* ¶ 25. The Parties then mediated twice more, on January 14, 2025 and February 11, 2025 with Shirish Gupta of JAMS. *Id.* ¶ 25. The Parties were unable to come to an agreement at these mediation sessions, but continued their negotiations over many months, with multiple settlement discussions facilitated by both mediators. *Id.* ¶ 25.

Following many months of arm’s-length negotiations, including further exchange of informal discovery, the Parties reached an agreement in principle on all material terms of a class action settlement, contingent on drafting and court approval of a full suite of settlement documents. *Id.* ¶ 26.

While the Parties were finalizing the settlement documents, Plaintiff voluntarily dismissed the federal action against Defendant without prejudice on July 30, 2025. ECF No. 32. *Id.* ¶ 27. Thereafter, on January 15, 2026, the Parties executed the Agreement. *Id.* ¶ 28. On January 21, 2026, Plaintiff filed this action in this Court. *Id.* ¶ 29. Soon after, Plaintiff moved for preliminary

approval of the Settlement, which the Court granted on March 30, 2026. *Id.* The Preliminary Approval Order set the deadline for objections and requests for exclusion as August 27, 2026, and scheduled the Final Approval Hearing for September 15, 2026.

IV. TERMS OF THE SETTLEMENT

The key terms of the Settlement Agreement, attached to Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Approval, are briefly summarized below:

a. Class Definition

The Settlement Class is comprised of:

All persons in the United States who, from May 6, 2018, to March 30, 2026, ordered merchandise through the Fanatics Websites, and were assessed and paid a handling fee.²

Agreement § I(GG); Preliminary Approval Order, ¶ 5.

b. Monetary Relief

The Settlement requires Fanatics to: (1) issue two (2) Vouchers in the amount of \$5.00 each (totaling \$10.00) to each Settlement Class Member who submits a timely and valid claim; (2) pay the costs of the Class Notice and Administration; (3) pay attorneys' fees and costs; and (4) pay the court-approved Service Award in the amount of \$5,000.00 to Plaintiff out of the awarded Fees and Costs. *Id.* § II(B)(1)-(5). Fanatics pays the amounts of Class Notice and Administration, Attorneys' Fees, and Service Award separately and in addition to the Vouchers, so these expenses do not reduce the relief available to the Settlement Class. The Vouchers may be used toward the purchase of any item offered for sale on the Fanatics Website, with no minimum purchase required.

² The Settlement Class excludes the following: (1) the trial judge (and staff) presiding over this case; (2) the Defendant, as well as any parent, subsidiary, affiliate, or control person of Defendant, and the officers, directors, agents, servants, or employees of Defendant; (3) any of the Released Parties; (4) the immediate family of any such person(s); (5) any Settlement Class Member who has timely opted out of this proceeding; and (6) Plaintiff's Counsel, their employees, and their immediate family.

Id. § I(GG). Vouchers are redeemable for 12 months after issuance and may be used with non-code promotions such as sale prices and free shipping offers, further enhancing their value to the Settlement Class. *Id.* To date, 420,215 unique Settlement Class Members have submitted claims for two (2) Vouchers in the amount of \$5.00 each (for a total of \$10.00) in Vouchers for use on fanatics.com. Of these, Analytics has verified claims representing at least \$3,678,420 in Vouchers that will be paid to Settlement Class Members, and as much as \$4,202,150 once validation is complete. Joint Decl. ¶ 13; Admin. Decl. ¶¶ 36–37.

c. Practice Change

After this litigation commenced, Defendant ceased charging the Handling Fee at issue on December 8, 2024, while this litigation was pending. Joint Decl. ¶ 15. That change benefits all Settlement Class Members and all current and future Fanatics customers.

d. Release

In exchange for the relief described above, Plaintiff and the Settlement Class shall release all claims that have or could have been asserted against the Released Parties relating to the facts, transactions, or events alleged in the Complaint. *See* Agreement § I (AA) (Released Claims), § I(BB) (Released Parties), § V (Release). Specifically, the release covers any claims “that arise out of, concern or relate to any acts, omissions, or other conduct concerning Defendant’s advertising, marketing, promotion, or receipt of payment related to shipping, fees (including handling fees), charges, or any costs for or associated with the delivery of orders placed through any of the Fanatics Websites.” *See id.* § I (AA).

e. Notice and Administration Expenses

The cost of sending the Notice set forth in the Agreement and as ordered by the Court, as well as all costs of administration of the Settlement, will be paid by Defendant separately and apart

from the Settlement Benefits to the Settlement Class. Agreement § II(B)(2). These expenses will not reduce the relief available to the Settlement Class. As of September 1, 2026, Analytics has billed \$198,708 for services and fees incurred in the administration of this matter. Admin. Decl. ¶ 38. To complete the administration of this Settlement, Analytics estimates that it will bill an additional \$19,050. *Id.*

f. Attorneys’ Fees, Costs, and Expenses, and Service Awards

In recognition of their efforts on behalf of the Settlement Class, and in accordance with the Settlement, Class Counsel request an award of attorneys’ fees, costs, and expenses of \$1,450,000.00, inclusive of the Service Award to Plaintiff, to compensate Class Counsel for the work already performed in this case, all work remaining to be performed in connection with this Settlement, the risks undertaken in prosecuting this case, and their out-of-pocket litigation expenses. Agreement § II(B)(3). Of that amount, Plaintiff seeks a Service Award of \$5,000.00, to be paid from the Fees and Costs, in recognition of his time and effort serving as the Class Representative. *Id.* § II(B)(4). Importantly, the Parties completed negotiations and reached agreement on all class-wide relief and substantive terms before turning to negotiating attorneys’ fees, expenses, and the service award. All negotiations were conducted at arm’s-length with the assistance of Michelle Yoshida of Phillips ADR and Shirish Gupta of JAMS.³ Joint Decl. ¶ 3. The enforceability of the Settlement is not conditioned upon the Court’s approval of any attorneys’ fees, costs, and expenses or service awards. *Id.* ¶ 4; Agreement § II(B)(3).

V. NOTICE PROGRAM

³ See *Poertner v. Gillette Co.*, 618 F. App’x 624, 630 (11th Cir. 2015) (stating that “self-dealing contention” was “belied” by involvement of experienced mediator); *Wilson v. EverBank*, No. 14-CIV-22264-BLOOM/VALLE, 2016 WL 457011, at *6 (S.D. Fla. Feb. 3, 2016) (concluding that settlement negotiations overseen by a “nationally renowned” mediator weighed in favor of final settlement approval).

Pursuant to the Court’s preliminary approval order and as described below, the Settlement Administrator appointed by the Court, Analytics Consulting LLC (“Analytics”), has implemented the notice program, providing direct notice to Settlement Class Members through Email Notice, and supplemented by Publication Notice, a Long-Form Notice, a Settlement Website with an online claim portal, and a toll-free hotline (the “Notice Program”). Admin. Decl. ¶¶ 14–33. The notice campaign has demonstrated a high level of success in reaching Settlement Class Members, reaching approximately 90% of the Settlement Class. *Id.* ¶ 23.

Settlement Class List. On April 2, 2026, Defendant provided Analytics with a spreadsheet containing 40,891,647 email addresses for Settlement Class Members. *Id.* ¶ 15.

Direct Email Notice. Before sending, and consistent with the Agreement, Analytics reviewed the Settlement Class List and used methods commonly used in the class administration industry to verify and validate email addresses and to avoid spam filters. *Id.* ¶¶ 16–21. Analytics began sending the Court-approved Email Notice on April 27, 2026, and completed the Email Notice campaign on May 23, 2026, sending the Email Notice to 40,891,647 email addresses on file for Settlement Class Members. *Id.* ¶ 22. Each Email Notice contained an electronic link to a Claim Form pre-filled with the recipient’s unique claim ID. Agreement § I(U), § III(B)(3); *see also* Admin. Decl. at Exhibit 2. Of these, 36,794,511 emails were delivered, meaning the emails were not returned to Analytics as undeliverable (“bounced”). *Id.* ¶ 22.

Publication Notice. In addition to direct email notice, and as required by the Agreement and the Preliminary Approval Order, Analytics caused the Publication Notice to be published in the Los Angeles and San Francisco regional editions of USA Today on May 29, 2026, June 5, 2026, June 12, 2026, and June 19, 2026. Admin. Decl. ¶ 24. The Publication Notice identified the case and the Settlement Class, summarized the Settlement benefits, stated the deadlines to submit

a claim, object, or request exclusion and directed readers to the Settlement Website and toll-free hotline. *Id.* at Exhibit 3. Publication Notice was designed to supplement the direct Email Notice and to reach Settlement Class Members whose email addresses were undeliverable.

Long-Form Notice. Analytics posted the Court-approved Long-Form Notice on the Settlement Website prior to the commencement of the Email Notice. *Id.* ¶¶ 14, 28. The Long-Form Notice described the terms of the Settlement, the Released Claims, the requested attorneys' fees, costs, and Service Award, the procedures and deadlines for submitting a claim, objecting, or requesting exclusion, and the date of the Final Approval Hearing. *See id.* at Exhibit 4.

Settlement Website. Analytics established a Settlement Website (www.handlingfeesettlement.com), which contains general information about the Settlement, including answers to frequently asked questions, important dates and deadlines pertinent to this matter, and copies of the Agreement, the Long-Form Notice, the Preliminary Approval Order, the Claim Form, and list of Fanatics Websites. *Id.* ¶¶ 28, 32. The Settlement Website also includes a claim filing portal whereby Settlement Class Members can complete and submit their claim form. *Id.* As of September 1, 2026, the Settlement Website had received 877,794 website visits, and the Settlement Website and its online claim filing function have been available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, with 100% uptime. *Id.* ¶ 33.

Toll-Free Hotline. Separately, Analytics established a toll-free hotline dedicated to the Settlement of this action: (877) 601-8705. The hotline—accessible 24 hours a day, 7 days a week—utilizes an Interactive Voice Response (“IVR”) system to provide Settlement Class Members with additional information about the settlement, filing a claim, and important dates and deadlines. *Id.* ¶ 25. As of September 1, 2026, the toll-free number has received 634 calls. *Id.*

VI. MEMORANDUM OF LEGAL AUTHORITY

a. The Court Should Grant Final Approval of the Settlement

To conclude the Settlement, Florida Rule of Civil Procedure 1.220(e) requires that there be notice to the Settlement Class, a fairness hearing, and this Court's final approval. Settlement "has special importance in class actions with their notable uncertainty, difficulties of proof, and length." *Turner v. Gen. Elec. Co.*, No. 2:05-CV186-FTM-99DNF, 2006 WL 2620275, at *2 (M.D. Fla. Sept. 13, 2006) (citations omitted). For these reasons, "[p]ublic policy strongly favors the pretrial settlement of class action lawsuits." *In re U.S. Oil & Gas Litig.*, 967 F.2d 489, 493 (11th Cir. 1992).⁴

Generally, where there is minimal objection to settlement and no change in circumstances from the Order preliminarily certifying a class for settlement purposes, courts certify a class for purposes of final approval of the settlement as a matter of course. *See, e.g., Burrow v. Forjas Taurus S.A.*, No. 16-21606-CIV, 2019 WL 4247284, at *6 (S.D. Fla. Sept. 6, 2019) ("Because the Parties complied with the agreed-to notice provisions as preliminarily approved by this Court, and given that there are no developments or changes in the facts to alter the Court's previous conclusion, the Court finds that the notice provided in this case satisfied the requirements of due process[.]").

There has been no negative change in factual circumstances since preliminary approval. Eight Settlement Class Members have objected to the Settlement. Their objections concern the form of relief, the requested fees, and the release, and are addressed and shown to be baseless in Section VI.C.4, *infra*. None disputes numerosity, commonality, typicality, predominance, or

⁴ Given that Rule 1.220 is based on and closely parallels Federal Rule 23, Florida courts look to federal case law for guidance in class actions. *See Leibell v. Miami-Dade Cnty.*, 84 So. 3d 1078, 1083 n.5 (Fla. 3d DCA 2012).

superiority. One objector contends that agreeing to voucher relief reflects inadequate representation; that argument is answered in Section VI.C.4, *infra*, and is without merit. Instead, there have only been positive developments, including that more than 420,000 Settlement Class Members have submitted claims, of which Analytics has already verified claims representing a minimum of \$3.6 million that will be paid out to Claimants—a figure that continues to grow as validation proceeds, up to as much as \$4.2 million. Joint Decl. ¶ 13. For these reasons, certification of the Settlement Class for settlement purposes remains appropriate.

For purposes of certifying the Settlement Class pursuant to the Settlement, all the requirements of Rule 1.220(a) are met: there are tens of millions of Settlement Class members (numerosity)⁵; all share the same claim – that Defendant allegedly misrepresented its shipping practices by advertising “free” or low-cost shipping while charging customers a “Handling Fee” (commonality)⁶; Plaintiff’s claims arise from the same conduct and are based on the same legal theory as the rest of the Settlement Class Members’ claims and Plaintiff is not subject to any unique affirmative defenses (typicality)⁷; and Plaintiff and Class Counsel have zealously litigated the claim, secured substantial relief, and have no interests antagonistic to the Settlement Class (adequacy)⁸. As to Rule 1.220(b)(3), there are no individual issues precluding class treatment (predominance), and class treatment is the best method of adjudication, as seen in the fact that every Settlement Class member who submits a valid claim is eligible to receive relief without the

⁵ See *Vega v. T-Mobile USA, Inc.*, 564 F.3d 1256, 1267 (11th Cir. 2009) (class larger than forty members is sufficiently numerous); see also *Andreas-Moses v. Hartford Fire Ins. Co.*, 326 F.R.D. 309, 314 (M.D. Fla. 2018).

⁶ See *Williams v. Mohawk Indus., Inc.*, 568 F.3d 1350, 1355 (11th Cir. 2009) (commonality requires “at least one issue whose resolution will affect all or a significant number of the putative class members”).

⁷ *Williams*, 568 F.3d at 1357.

⁸ See *Andreas-Moses*, 326 F.R.D. at 315.

need for numerous (and duplicative) individual cases (superiority). *See Sosa v. Safeway Premium Fin. Co.*, 73 So. 3d 91, 106–07 (Fla. 2011) (outlining requirements for class certification). Thus, certification of the Settlement Class is warranted.

b. The Notice Provided to Class Members Was the Best Practicable Notice and Comported with Due Process Requirements

The notice requirements of Rule 1.220(c) are designed to provide sufficient due process to class members by sufficiently informing them of the pendency of the Action and providing an opportunity to be heard or opt out and must be the “best notice that is practicable under the circumstances.” *Nelson v. Wakulla Cnty.*, 985 So. 2d 564, 576 (Fla. 1st DCA 2008). To satisfy such requirement, individual notice should be provided to class members who can be identified through reasonable effort. *See Cordell v. World Ins. Co.*, 355 So. 2d 479, 481 (Fla. 1st DCA 1978) (citing *Eisen v. Carlisle & Jacquelin*, 417 U.S. 156, 173–75 (1974)).

As set forth in Section V, the Settlement Administrator sent direct, individual notice by email to members of the Settlement Class, supplemented by publication notice in USA Today, a Long-Form Notice, a Settlement Website with online claim filing, and a toll-free hotline. Admin. Decl. ¶¶ 14–33. Individual, direct notice clearly comports with due process requirements. *See, e.g., Juris v. Inamed Corp.*, 685 F.3d 1294, 1320 (11th Cir. 2012); *Cotter v. Checkers Drive-In Rests., Inc.*, No. 8:19-cv-1386-VMC-CPT, 2021 WL 3773414, at *7 (M.D. Fla. Aug. 25, 2021) (finding direct email notice supplemented by publication in USA Today, a settlement website, and a toll-free number to be the best practicable notice).

Moreover, and as outlined in the Preliminary Approval Order, the Notice provided included a clear explanation of the terms of the Settlement, the amount sought in attorneys’ fees and the service award, informed class members of their right to object or to seek exclusion and the method and deadline by which to do so and provided an opportunity to be heard. *See generally* Admin.

Decl. and Exhibits 2–5 attached thereto; *see also Nolan v. Integrated Real Estate Processing, LP*, No. 3:08-CV-642-J-34HTS, 2009 WL 10670779, at *7–8 (M.D. Fla. Sept. 9, 2009) (setting forth what should be included in notice of settlement).

The Notice therefore constitutes the best notice practicable and comports with due process.

c. The Terms of the Settlement are Fair, Reasonable, and Adequate

Before granting final approval, the Court considers whether the settlement “‘is fair, adequate, and reasonable and is not the product of collusion between the parties.’” *Bennett v. Behring Corp.*, 737 F.2d 982, 986 (11th Cir. 1984) (citation omitted); *Nelson v. Wakulla Cnty.*, 985 So. 2d 564, 570 (Fla. 1st DCA 2008). Courts consider the following factors: (1) the likelihood of success at trial; (2) the range of possible recovery; (3) the point over or below the range of possible recovery at which a settlement is fair, adequate, and reasonable; (4) the complexity, expense and duration of the litigation; (5) the substance and amount of opposition to the settlement; and (6) the stage of the proceedings at which the settlement was achieved. *See Nelson*, 985 So. 2d at 570 (citation omitted). “In assessing these factors, ‘the Court should be hesitant to substitute ... her own judgment for that of counsel.’” *Lipuma v. Am. Express Co.*, 406 F. Supp. 2d 1298, 1315 (S.D. Fla. 2005) (quoting *In re Smith*, 926 F.2d 1027, 1028 (11th Cir. 1991)).

Analysis of these factors show that the Settlement is eminently fair, reasonable, and adequate.

1. Plaintiff Would Have Faced Significant Obstacles to Obtaining Relief (Factors 1 and 2)

This case presented a known and substantial risk of non-recovery—indeed, a federal court ordered all claims to arbitration, ending the possibility of a class action. *See Ramos v. Philip Morris Cos.*, 743 So. 2d 24, 32 (Fla. 3d DCA 1999) (settlement benefits must be analyzed in light of the risks of litigation). The theory of liability was novel, and indeed this is one of the first actions in

the country challenging the veracity of low-cost shipping promises where additional shipping-related fees were allegedly imposed. Joint Decl. ¶ 8. Here, Plaintiff did not merely face the risk of arbitration—he had already lost. The federal court granted Defendant’s motion to compel, holding that Fanatics’ online checkout process bound Plaintiff to the arbitration agreement, and compelled his claims to individual arbitration. *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC*, 738 F. Supp. 3d 1285, 1297–1300 (E.D. Cal. 2024). That ruling was not limited to Plaintiff in any practical sense. Because the federal court found that the checkout process itself created a binding agreement to arbitrate, every Settlement Class Member (each of whom placed an online order through the same checkout process) faced the same result. Absent settlement, Defendant would have been expected to seek the same relief in this Court. Had that occurred, no Settlement Class Member would have recovered anything: the individual arbitration of a \$1.99 fee is not economically viable, and no classwide mechanism would have remained. The Settlement rescues classwide relief from that posture. And even a litigated win would have been followed by appeals, delaying any relief for years. *See Wilson*, 2016 WL 457011, at *7.

2. The Settlement Provides Substantial Relief and Falls Squarely Within the Range of Reasonableness (Factor 3)

The Settlement provides substantial benefits to the Settlement Class. Defendant has ceased charging the Handling Fee that gave rise to this action. Defendant has agreed to issue two (2) Vouchers in the amount of \$5.00 each (totaling \$10.00) to each Settlement Class Member who submits a timely and valid claim. To date, 420,215 unique Settlement Class Members have submitted claims for Vouchers for use on fanatics.com. Of these, Analytics has verified claims representing at least \$3,678,420 in Vouchers that will be paid to Settlement Class Members, and as much as \$4,202,150 once validation is complete. Joint Decl. ¶ 13. Those \$10.00 Vouchers represent more than five times the \$1.99 per-order Handling Fee—a recovery that compares

favorably to settlements courts have approved in similar consumer protection cases. *See, e.g., Cotter*, 2021 WL 3773414, at *8–9 (finding relief consisting of four \$5.00 restaurant vouchers per claimant, together with remedial measures, “adequate,” and granting final approval); *Fruitstone v. Spartan Race, Inc.*, 2021 WL 2012362, at *3, *9 (S.D. Fla. May 20, 2021) (granting final approval of settlement of claims challenging a mandatory \$14 “Racer Insurance Fee,” where class members could elect \$5.00 vouchers redeemable on defendant’s website, and finding the relief “excellent”); *Perez v. Asurion Corp.*, 501 F. Supp. 2d 1360, 1382–83 (S.D. Fla. 2007) (approving settlement where vouchers represented approximately 25 times the value of each customer’s loss, and thus “a significant benefit”); *see also, e.g., Smith v. Costa Del Mar, Inc.*, No. 3:18-CV-1011-TJC-JRK, 2021 WL 4295282, at *13 (M.D. Fla. Sept. 21, 2021) (“[T]he claims centered on allegedly illegal nominal fees and upcharges ... the value of the claims is substantially less than the price of sunglasses. On these facts, the vouchers are within the range of appropriate value to the class.”).

Courts around the country have likewise approved class settlements providing similar cash-like benefits where the relief confers meaningful value on class members. *See, e.g., In re Online DVD-Rental Antitrust Litig.*, 779 F.3d 934, 950–53 (9th Cir. 2015) (affirming approval of a settlement providing \$12 gift cards where gift cards usable “to purchase one of many different types of products” on walmart.com); *Chaikin v. Lululemon USA Inc.*, No. 3:12-cv-02481, 2014 WL 1245461, at *3, *5 (S.D. Cal. Mar. 17, 2014) (approving credit vouchers that “require no additional purchase to redeem and therefore operate like cash”); *Johnson v. Ashley Furniture Industries, Inc.*, No. 13cv2445 BTM(DHB), 2016 WL 866957, at *4, *6 (S.D. Cal. Mar. 7, 2016) (approving merchandise vouchers that provided “real monetary value to the class” because class members “may purchase an entire product”); *Browning v. Yahoo! Inc.*, No. C04-01463 HRL, 2007 WL 4105971 (N.D. Cal. Nov. 16, 2007) (finally approving a settlement including relief of either

a free credit report worth \$5 or two months of free credit monitoring worth \$9.95 a month). And courts routinely approve such settlements where, as here, attorneys’ fees, service awards, and administration costs are paid separately by the defendant in addition to the class relief. *See Dupler v. Costco Wholesale Corp.*, 705 F. Supp. 2d 231, 243–245 (E.D.N.Y. 2010) (approving settlement providing one to two free months of Costco membership and fees paid separately that “will in no way diminish the benefit to the class”); *Chaikin*, 2014 WL 1245461, at *5, *7 (fees and incentive award paid by defendants “in addition to other relief to be provided to Class Members”); *Johnson*, 2016 WL 866957 at *4.

Although Analytics is still processing claims, initial data indicates that 420,215 unique Settlement Class Members have filed claims. Admin. Decl. ¶ 36. Of these, Analytics has verified the validity of 367,842 Claim Forms to date, with claims validation ongoing. *Id.* ¶¶ 36–37. This substantial participation is evidence that the Notice Program was effective and that the Settlement Class engaged with the claims process. That engagement is no accident: the Settlement requires no proof of purchase and no documentation, only a simple Claim Form and a checked box. At \$10.00 per approved claimant, those submissions correspond to Vouchers with an aggregate face value of at least \$3,678,420, and as much as \$4,202,150, demonstrating concrete class-directed relief of meaningful scale.

3. Settlement Averts Continued Litigation That Would Be Complex, Costly, and Risky (Factor 4)

Absent settlement, plaintiffs would have had to defeat a motion to compel arbitration or persuade an arbitrator that the claims were not arbitrable, before even continuing litigation through class certification briefing, summary judgment briefing (and potentially trial), and the appeals that would inevitably follow. Each stage would have been expensive and complex, and the process would have consumed several years. This case has already been pending for four years, including

multiple mediations and months of negotiation. Joint Decl. ¶ 3, 17–26; *see also, e.g., Borcea v. Carnival Corp.*, 238 F.R.D. 664, 673 (S.D. Fla. 2006) (approving settlement and finding significant that class members risked recovering nothing on threshold issue of whether a litigated class would be certified); *Hamilton v. SunTrust Mortg. Inc.*, No. 13–60749–CIV, 2014 WL 5419507, at *2 (S.D. Fla. Oct. 24, 2014) (avoiding expense and length of protracted litigation is significant factor in analyzing terms of settlement). The Settlement delivers relief to Settlement Class Members now, rather than years from now and if ever at all.

4. The Reaction of the Settlement Class Supports Final Approval (Factor 5)

“The fairness of the settlement and the propriety of the release is confirmed by the fact that so few of the class members have objected to it[.]” *Barnhill v. Fla. Microsoft Anti-Trust Litig.*, 905 So. 2d 195, 200 (Fla. 3d DCA 2005) (approving settlement with 7 objectors out of “several million” notified class members). Florida courts have repeatedly recognized that such minimal opposition weighs in favor of approval. *See Perez v. Asurion Corp.*, 501 F. Supp. 2d 1360, 1382 (S.D. Fla. 2007) (approximately 100 objections out of 10.3 million class members was “a minuscule figure” and “certainly insignificant when compared to the millions of Class members,” such that “the small number of objections weighs in favor of approval.”); *Saccoccio v. JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.*, 297 F.R.D. 683, 694 (S.D. Fla. 2014) (opposition amounting to .018% of the class was “low resistance to the settlement”); *see also Bennett v. Behring Corp.*, 96 F.R.D. 343, 347 (S.D. Fla. 1982) (approving settlement notwithstanding 654 objections), *aff’d*, 737 F.2d 982 (11th Cir. 1984). Nor does a small number of objections weigh against approval because “a settlement can be fair notwithstanding a large number of class members who oppose it,” let alone eight out of tens of millions. *Cotton v. Hinton*, 559 F.2d 1326, 1331 (5th Cir. 1977).

After providing Notice to the Settlement Class, and after giving Class Members sufficient opportunity to review the Court’s file and all the components of the Agreement, only 8 class

members out of approximately 40 million (approximately 0.00002%) objected to the Settlement. Admin. Decl. ¶ 35. These objections are meritless and should be overruled accordingly. In large part, the objections wish the proposed Settlement was larger or offered different relief. As discussed below, this is not a colorable basis to object to an arm's-length, non-collusive settlement supervised by a well-respected mediator and in a case with significant legal risks. Joint Decl. ¶¶ 2–3. Further, each objection ignores the substantial prospective relief secured by this Settlement, that Fanatics has ceased charging the Handling Fee, which benefits all Settlement Class Members and the public, as well as the more than \$3.6 million and growing in Vouchers that will actually be paid out to Settlement Class Members. *See Perez*, 501 F. Supp. 2d at 1382 (overruling objections where objectors “desired to ‘have a better deal,’” “focused only on the monetary portion of the Settlement,” and none “discussed the significant injunctive relief” the settlement secured).

Courts generally do not sustain objections whose sole basis is “we want more” because “compromise is the essence of a settlement.” *Cotton v. Hinton*, 559 F.2d 1326, 1330 (5th Cir. 1977). The question is not whether the Settlement Class could have done better, but whether the result falls within the range of reasonableness. A court should not require the proponents of a settlement to “justify each term of settlement against a hypothetical or speculative measure of what concessions might have been gained; inherent in compromise is a yielding of absolutes and an abandoning of highest hopes.” *Id.* (citation omitted). Indeed, “a settlement can be fair notwithstanding a large number of class members who oppose it,” *id.* at 1331, let alone eight. An objector’s preference for a different structure, or for cash in place of the relief negotiated, does not make a settlement unfair. *Accord Ponzio v. Pinon*, 87 F.4th 487, 506–07 (11th Cir. 2023) (no requirement that a settlement provide “the same scope of relief that could be obtained if class

members were wholly successful at trial” and “a just result is often no more than an arbitrary point between competing notions of reasonableness”).

a. Objector Richard Holland

Objector Holland’s submission is, on its face, a Claim Form bearing a handwritten note stating, “I Object to terms of Settlement.” Admin. Decl., Objections attached at Exhibit 7 thereto. It states no grounds for objection, contains none of the disclosures required by the Preliminary Approval Order, and attaches only a 2016 packing slip from an unrelated retailer that predates the Class Period. A marginal note objecting to unspecified “terms,” without more, gives the Court nothing to evaluate. *See Ponzio v. Pinon*, 87 F.4th 487, 500 (11th Cir. 2023) (objections “must provide sufficient specifics to enable the parties to respond to them and the court to evaluate them”). Holland’s filing should be treated as a claim and, to the extent it is an objection, overruled.

b. Objector Paul Schreiber

Objector Schreiber objects that the Voucher “relief is not meaningful” because it “generates new revenue” for “the party accused of wrongdoing.” Admin. Decl., at Exhibit 7. As discussed *supra*, however, that is not accurate, as the Vouchers require no minimum purchase and may be redeemed for any of the hundreds of items Fanatics.com offers at \$5.00 or less, so a Settlement Class Member can obtain an entire item without spending a dollar of his own money. Joint Decl. ¶¶ 14, 16; *see Fruitstone v. Spartan Race, Inc.*, 2021 WL 2012362, at *5–6 (S.D. Fla. May 20, 2021) (overruling the same objection to \$5.00 merchandise vouchers where 25 items priced at \$5 or less).

Schreiber fails to acknowledge that Fanatics has ceased charging the Handling Fee altogether, forgoing that revenue. He also ignores the massive legal risks here, namely that no class action could occur at all, and that individual claims would proceed in AAA arbitration, requiring

a consumer to litigate these small dollar claims on his own against experienced counsel or else hire an attorney to do so. Both are extremely unlikely. Schreiber is also of course free to opt out of the settlement and pursue his claims on his own, almost certainly in an arbitration under the AAA rules pursuant to Fanatics' arbitration provision. *See Saccoccio v. JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.*, 297 F.R.D. 683, 700 (S.D. Fla. 2014) (“[T]o the extent that these objectors believe that they are entitled to additional relief . . . they were entitled to opt out of the settlement. They chose not to do so.”).

In the end, a preference for a different larger settlement cannot obscure the reality that the most likely result from further litigation is not a *better* settlement, but rather individual arbitrations that are unlikely to be filed at all, and the quiet expiration of these potential claims with zero recovery whatsoever. This is the reality of Fanatics' binding arbitration provision and Supreme Court case law on arbitration.

c. Objector Carl Hollingsworth

Objector Hollingsworth objects that the settlement is a “customer retention program” rather than compensation. Admin. Decl., at Exhibit 7. The “customer retention” point ignores that the practice he complains of has ended: Fanatics no longer charges the Handling Fee, and no Settlement Class Member must do any future business with Fanatics to enjoy that relief. Despite recognizing that “settlements necessarily involve compromise” and that “continued litigation carries risk,” he demands a different compromise—automatic cash refunds. That is not a colorable objection. Rather, it is a preference for a better deal that was not available from a defendant holding an order compelling these very claims to individual arbitration. *Parsons v. Brighthouse Networks, LLC*, No. 2:09-cv-267, 2015 WL 13629647, at *4–5 (N.D. Ala. Feb. 5, 2015) (overruling objections seeking “a cash refund” in place of negotiated credits, because “what can be obtained

through negotiation is, by its very nature, a compromise, and thus is normally something less than one's ideal recovery"). Like Schreiber, Hollingsworth ignores the massive legal risks here and nevertheless is free to opt out and pursue his own claim (almost surely in arbitration).

d. Objector Daniel Sifer⁹

Objector Sifer argues that the two \$5.00 Vouchers "[d]o not restore class members to the financial position" they would have been absent the \$1.99 Handling Fee, and he asks the Court to order the parties to "renegotiate" a settlement that provides "cash-equivalent compensation commensurate with the actual overcharges sustained." Admin. Decl., at Exhibit 7. But again, settlement is a compromise, and the compromise here must be measured against the realistic alternative of arbitration. A claimant who receives vouchers totaling \$10 on a \$1.99 fee, with no proof of purchase required, has been more than "restored."

His "zero deterrence" argument is answered by the fact that Fanatics has stopped charging the Handling Fee and thus, no longer profits from assessing the challenged fee.

As for the claimed fee disparity, no Settlement Class Member receives less because of the fee, and no reduction of the fee would put anything in a Settlement Class Member's hands. Courts treat that structure as reducing, not creating, concern about the relationship between fees and class relief. *Perez v. Asurion Corp.*, No. 06-20734-CIV, 2007 WL 2591180, at *7–8 (S.D. Fla. Aug. 8, 2007) (approving \$1.6 million fee over six objectors, out of some 10.3 million class members, that argued that the fee was "excessive," because the defendants were paying fees "in addition to" the monetary and injunctive class relief, so "there is no reduction in the Class members' recovery to

⁹ Objector Sifer's objection identifies no purchase, no date, and no handling fee paid, all of which the Preliminary Approval Order requires an objection to include in order to be valid. PAO ¶ 20(c). His objection therefore does not comply with the Preliminary Approval Order. Nevertheless, Class Counsel responds to his objection on the merits.

pay the lawyers.”). Moreover, Mr. Sifer’s reliance on *In re HP Inkjet Printer Litigation*, 716 F.3d 1173 (9th Cir. 2013), is misplaced. *HP Inkjet* is a decision under CAFA, 28 U.S.C. § 1712—a federal statute with no application in this Court, and there is no Florida state analogue under Rule 1.220. In any event, Class Counsel’s fee request is reasonable and justified based off their lodestar satisfying the very methodology § 1712 would direct.

Finally, the release is not overbroad. It covers claims arising out of Fanatics’ advertising, marketing, or receipt of payment for shipping, handling, or delivery-related fees on orders placed through the Fanatics Websites during the Class Period. Agreement § I(AA). That is the conduct alleged in the Complaint, and a release extending no further than claims sharing the same factual predicate as the claims settled is the accepted measure of a permissible class release. *Faught v. Am. Home Shield Corp.*, No. 2:07-cv-1928, 2010 WL 10959223, at *15–16 (N.D. Ala. Apr. 27, 2010) (releases “may include all claims that arise out of the same course of conduct alleged in the Complaint”). It does not release claims unrelated to these fees, and it does not release claims arising after the Class Period.

e. Objector Daniel Cope

Objector Cope argues for a \$1.99 cash refund. Admin. Decl., at Exhibit 7. His preferred alternative would give him one-fifth of the \$10.00 the Settlement already provides. And his premise that the Vouchers are “effectively worthless” because of shipping costs is wrong for two reasons. First, it ignores that by the Settlement’s plain terms the Vouchers may be combined with free shipping promotions that do not require a code. And as explained *supra*, Fanatics.com offers hundreds of items priced at \$5.00 or less, so a Voucher purchases an entire item. Joint Decl. ¶ 16; *see also Fruitstone*, 2021 WL 2012362, at *6 (shipping charges alone do not “transform the voucher to a purportedly worthless coupon”). Finally, his argument that the \$5,000 Service Award

is barred by *Johnson v. NPAS Solutions, LLC*, 975 F.3d 1244 (11th Cir. 2020), fails because *Johnson* construes federal Rule 23 and does not bind a Florida court applying Rule 1.220. Florida courts routinely approve service awards. *See Altamonte Springs Imaging, L.C. v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, 12 So. 3d 850, 857 (Fla. 3d DCA 2009).

f. Objector Andrew Bussa

Objector Bussa’s objection argues that the Vouchers are actually “coupons” and calculates that redeeming a \$5.00 Voucher can cost more out of pocket than the Voucher’s face value after shipping costs. Admin. Decl., at Exhibit 7. But the “coupon” label is simply false. Here, Fanatics.com offers hundreds of items priced at \$5.00 or less, so a Voucher buys an entire item outright. And Fanatics has confirmed that the Vouchers will be usable together with FanCash and will not be subject to the standard coupon exclusions on which Mr. Bussa’s analysis depends. Joint Decl. ¶¶ 14, 16. Since Class Members can recover the benefit without “hand[ing] over more of their own money before they can take advantage” of it, this is not a “coupon” settlement. *See In re Online DVD-Rental Antitrust Litig.*, 779 F.3d 934, 951 (9th Cir. 2015). Indeed, the Ninth Circuit rejected Bussa’s argument in the very case he relies upon, approving a settlement providing \$12 Walmart gift cards over identical objections. *Id.* at 950–53. Bussa’s objection, like Cope’s, also ignores that the Vouchers are compatible with free shipping promotions that do not require a code.

Bussa’s proposal of redistributing the \$1,450,000 fee as a common cash fund would, after the one-third fee he concedes counsel would earn from such a fund, yield roughly \$2.00 per claimant at current claim levels, a fraction of the \$10.00 in Vouchers. In the end, Mr. Bussa inadvertently makes the case for this Settlement perfectly: the arbitration order meant Settlement Class Members were likely to receive nothing at all, and this Settlement secured substantial relief instead.

g. Objector Michael Kaplan

Objector Kaplan objects to the “form of consideration,” arguing that the \$5 Vouchers will require Settlement Class Members to purchase additional items at prices that “vastly exceed the value of the vouchers,” and supporting that premise with his own searches of fanatics.com purporting to identify only five or six items priced at \$5.00 or less. Kaplan, however, is incorrect. The Vouchers require no minimum purchase and apply toward any item offered on fanatics.com, and the record reflects that Fanatics.com offers hundreds of items priced at \$5.00 or less. Joint Decl. ¶¶ 14, 16.

Kaplan’s remaining points fare no better. The asserted fee “disparity” ignores that Fanatics pays fees and costs in addition to class relief, so “there is no reduction in the Class members’ recovery to pay the lawyers.” *Perez*, 2007 WL 2591180, at *7–8. Kaplan’s argument that the Settlement is a “windfall” for Fanatics ignores that Fanatics ceased charging the Handling Fee altogether, and it will fund more than \$3.6 million in Vouchers for claimants whose claims were subject to individual arbitration. Kaplan’s demand that the Court “insist” upon a cash settlement is a preference for a different or “better” deal and should be overruled.

h. Objector Nneka Nnolim

Objector Nnolim documents six purchases made through a Fanatics-operated online store, totaling \$15.94 in Handling Fees, and objects that the two \$5.00 Vouchers “fail[] to render me whole.” Nnolim requests to be “fully compensated” for her loss. Her submission illustrates why the Settlement should be approved. The alternative here was individual AAA arbitration of small-dollar claims that would almost certainly never be brought at all, a guaranteed \$10.00 in Vouchers recovers roughly two-thirds of even Nnolim’s documented fees—without litigation, without proof of liability, and without years of delay.

“Make whole” recovery, however, is not the measure of a fair settlement. A settlement is by definition a compromise, and “inherent in compromise is a yielding of absolutes and an abandoning of highest hopes.” *Cotton*, 559 F.2d at 1330. Fairness does not require a settlement to provide the same scope of relief that could be obtained after a successful trial. *Ponzio*, 87 F.4th at 506–07. Nor does the uniform two-Voucher benefit render the Settlement unfair. Standardized relief trades individualized loss calculations for certainty, simplicity, and reduced administrative error across a class of tens of millions. To the extent that Nnolim believes she is entitled to full compensation, she was free to opt out and pursue her claims individually. *Saccoccio*, 297 F.R.D. at 700.

5. The Factual Record is Sufficiently Developed to Assess the Adequacy of the Settlement (Factor 6)

Courts consider “the degree of case development that class counsel have accomplished prior to settlement” to ensure that “counsel had an adequate appreciation of the merits of the case before negotiating.” *In re Gen. Motors Pick-up Truck Fuel Tank Prods. Liab. Litig.*, 55 F.3d 768, 813 (3d Cir. 1995). At the same time, “[t]he law is clear that early settlements are to be encouraged, and accordingly, only some reasonable amount of discovery should be required to make these determinations.” *Ressler v. Jacobson*, 822 F. Supp. 1551, 1555 (M.D. Fla. 1992).

Before settling, the Parties exchanged information size and composition of the class and on Defendant’s defenses that was equivalent to what formal discovery on class certification and summary judgment would have produced, and they fully briefed the motion to compel arbitration before settling. Joint Decl. ¶¶ 19–24. Class Counsel therefore had ample information to assess the probability of success, the range of recovery, and the cost and duration of continued litigation. This factor supports approval.

d. Class Counsel’s Requested Fees and Expenses Are Fair, Reasonable, and Justified

It is well established that, where counsel's work results in substantial benefit to a class of individuals, counsel is entitled to an award of their attorneys' fees under the common fund doctrine. *Boeing Co. v. Van Gemert*, 444 U.S. 472, 478 (1980) (citing a line of decisions dating back to *Trustees v. Greenough*, 105 U.S. 527 (1882)); *see also Costello v. City of Cape Coral*, 693 So. 2d 48, 49 (Fla. 1997) (tracing the history of the common fund doctrine). The common fund doctrine is applied the same way to claims-made settlements. *See Poertner v. Gillette Co.*, 618 F. App'x 624, 628 n.2 (11th Cir. 2015) ("properly understood a claims-made settlement is . . . the functional equivalent of a common fund settlement where the unclaimed funds revert to the defendant; indeed, the two types of settlements are fully synonymous.") (internal citations omitted).

In setting a reasonable fee to be awarded in a common fund class action, a court determines the hours reasonably expended and appropriate hourly rates (i.e., "lodestar"), and then considers a contingency risk and/or results achieved multiplier. *See, e.g., Kuhnlein v. Dep't of Revenue*, 662 So. 2d 309 (Fla. 1995) ("Multipliers were specifically designed to enhance the amount of attorney fees awarded based on the contingency risk fact and the results obtained."). When attorneys' fees are reviewed using the lodestar method, a multiplier of up to 5 is available. *Id.* at 315. The factors guiding this analysis include:

- (1) The time and labor required, the novelty, complexity, and difficulty of the question involved, and the skill requisite to perform the legal service properly;
- (2) The likelihood that the acceptance of the particular employment will preclude other employment by the lawyer;
- (3) The fee customarily charged in the locality for similar legal services;
- (4) The amount involved and the results obtained;
- (5) The time limitations imposed by the client or by the circumstances;

- (6) The nature and length of the professional relationship with the client;
- (7) The experience, reputation, and ability of the lawyer or lawyers performing the services and the skill, expertise, or efficiency of effort reflected in the actual providing of such services; and
- (8) Whether the fee is fixed or contingent.

Id. at 323 n.5. These factors are essentially the same as those considered by federal courts.¹⁰ *In re Champlain Towers South Collapse Litigation*, No. 2021-15089 CA 01, 2022 WL 4092859, at *5 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Aug. 29, 2022) (citing *Johnson v. Georgia Highway Exp., Inc.*, 488 F.2d 714 (5th Cir. 1974)).

1. Class Counsel's Lodestar Reflects the Time, Labor, and Skill Reasonably Required to Prosecute this Complex Class Action

Since Class Counsel began prosecuting this matter, they have devoted 789.6 hours to the successful pursuit of this Action. Joint Decl. ¶ 37. Cognizant of the need to work efficiently, Class Counsel coordinated their work to avoid duplication of effort, and the hours were reasonably expended. *Id.* Their work included: (a) conducting extensive, pre-suit factual investigations and analysis of the Handling Fee assessed by Defendant; (b) drafting and researching the initial complaint; (c) researching novel legal issues in a rapidly evolving area of the law; (d) responding to the motion to compel arbitration; (e) review and analysis of class data; (f) drafting detailed mediation statements and participating in a total of four mediation sessions; (g) holding numerous calls with defense counsel regarding settlement; (h) negotiating comprehensive settlement and

¹⁰ The *Johnson* factors include: (1) the time and labor required; (2) the difficulty of the issues; (3) the skill required; (4) the preclusion of other employment by the attorney because he accepted the case; (5) the customary fee in the community; (6) whether the fee is fixed or contingent; (7) time limitations imposed by the client or circumstances; (8) the amount involved and the results obtained; (9) the experience, reputation, and ability of the attorneys; (10) the undesirability of the case; (11) the nature and length of the professional relationship with the client; and (12) awards in similar cases. *Johnson v. Ga. Highway Express, Inc.*, 488 F.2d 714, 717–19 (5th Cir.1974).

notice documents; (i) drafting and filing the complaint filed in this Court; (j) overseeing and monitoring the notice program; (k) responding to numerous inquiries from Settlement Class Members; and (l) the drafting of the preliminary and final approval papers. *Id.*

Going forward, Class Counsel's work in this litigation is far from over. Class Counsel will commit significant ongoing time and resources to presenting the Settlement to the Court at the Final Approval Hearing, the continued administration of the Settlement, responding to Settlement Class Members' inquiries concerning the Settlement and the claims process, and overseeing and coordinating distribution of the Vouchers to the Settlement Class Members. *Id.* ¶ 38. Class Counsel estimates a minimum of 125 additional hours to accomplish these tasks. *Id.* All in, at least 914 hours in total have or will be devoted to this matter.

In short, the hours Class Counsel spent litigating this Action reflect the efforts required to achieve such an excellent result.

2. Prosecuting this Action Precluded Other Employment¹¹

This factor considers "the fact that once the employment is undertaken, the attorney is not free to use the time spent on the case for other purposes." *Allapattah Servs. v. Exxon Corp.*, 454 F. Supp. 2d 1185, 1209 (S.D. Fla. 2006). Here, Class Counsel expended over 789.6 hours in prosecuting this action over the last four years. Joint Decl. ¶ 33. This considerable undertaking precluded Class Counsel's ability to accept other employment, as the substantial number of hours could have been spent taking on other work. *Id.* Further, the representation of the Class does not end with final approval of the Settlement. Ultimately, Class Counsel are responsible for ensuring

¹¹ As to Factors 5 and 6, Class Counsel incorporates by reference their discussion here regarding their inability to work on other cases because of the time burdens of this litigation and its importance. These factors directly relate to the time limitations and special time demands imposed by the Class Representative and the Settlement Class Members upon Class Counsel.

that the terms of the Settlement Agreement are followed, which involves a substantial time commitment, as noted above. Thus, this factor supports the requested fee award.

3. Class Counsel's Requested Fee Award Reflects the Market Rate in Other Complex, Contingent Litigation and Their Hourly Rates are Reasonable

For their extensive work prior to the filing of the complaint and throughout the pre-trial and settlement phases of this litigation, Class Counsel seeks a combined award of \$1,450,000.00, paid separately from the relief to the Class, consisting of \$1,395,495.75 in attorneys' fees, \$49,504.25 in reimbursement of litigation costs actually incurred, and a \$5,000.00 service award to Plaintiff. Joint Decl. ¶ 34. The attorneys' fee component is grounded in the lodestar—hours reasonably expended multiplied by reasonable hourly rates—not in a percentage of the Settlement's value, although a percentage cross-check confirms its reasonableness, as discussed below.

The hourly rates charged by Class Counsel are within the range of hourly rates that have been approved by Florida courts for legal services in consumer class action cases considering the level of experience, training, and education. *See, e.g., George v. Peachtree Cas. Ins. Co.*, No. CA-19-674 (Fla. 7th Jud. Cir. Ct. Sept. 3, 2021); *Sos v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, No. 6:17-cv-890-PGB-LRH, 2021 WL 1186811, at *4 (M.D. Fla. Mar. 19, 2021) (approving rate of \$800 for partners and \$458 for associates and paralegal rates of \$150 and \$195 in recognition that “[c]ommercial class action law is sufficiently specialized that it should be considered a national market”); *Jackson v. Wendy's Int'l LLC*, Case No. 6:16-cv-210-Orl-40DAB, Dkt. Nos. 153 and 157 (M.D. Fla. 2019) (approving application for attorneys' fees utilizing lodestar crosscheck with rates of up to \$950.00 for partners and \$575.00 for associates); *Preman v. Pollo Operations, Inc.*, Case No. 6:16-cv-443-ORL-41-GJK, Dkt. No. 69 (M.D. Fla. 2018) (approving partner rates of \$950.00 and \$717.00 for associate); *Mitchael v. 301 Scrubs Investors LLC*, No. CACE26000716 (Fla. Cir.

Ct., 17th Jud. Cir., Broward Cty. 2026) (approving partner rates of \$1,050.00 and \$750.00 for associates). *See also* Joint Decl. ¶ 51.

Moreover, Class Counsel have significant class action experience, having obtained numerous multimillion-dollar results in various genres of class actions nationwide. Joint Decl. ¶¶ 30–31. Given the experience, reputation, skill, and results obtained for the clients by Class Counsel, their hourly rates are reasonable and are well within those customarily charged in this locale for services of a similar nature. Joint Decl. ¶ 40. Class Counsel’s combined lodestar is \$801,402. *Id.* ¶ 33.¹²

4. Results Obtained for the Settlement Class Supports The Percentage of the Fund Fee Request

At least \$3.6 million—and as much as \$4.2 million—in cash-like Vouchers will be paid to Settlement Class Members.

“The range of potential recovery ‘spans from a finding of non-liability through varying levels of injunctive relief,’ in addition to any monetary benefits to class members.” *Figueroa v. Sharper Image Co.*, 517 F. Supp. 2d 1292, 1326 (S.D. Fla. 2007) (quoting *Lipuma v. American Express Co.*, 406 F. Supp. 2d 1298, 1319 (S.D. Fla. 2005)). Given the significant litigation risks Class Counsel faced, the Settlement represents a successful result for the Settlement Class. Rather than facing years of costly and uncertain litigation, each Settlement Class Member is eligible to receive two \$5.00 Vouchers (totaling \$10.00) usable towards the single purchase of any item for sale on the Fanatics Websites, with no minimum purchase required.

Most importantly, during this litigation, Defendant eliminated the Handling Fee, which is a major benefit for Plaintiff and the Settlement Class, as well as future customers of Defendant.

¹² This amount does not include an estimated 125 hours that Class Counsel will spend preparing for and attending the Final Approval Hearing and assisting the Settlement Administrator following Final Approval. This additional time will result in an even lower multiplier. *See* Joint Decl. ¶ 38.

See Marty v. Anheuser-Busch Cos., LLC, 2015 WL 6391185, at *2 (S.D. Fla. Oct. 22, 2015) (“‘class received substantial benefit’ from label change that removed allegedly misleading statement . . . and non-monetary relief was properly considered in evaluating attorneys’ fees”); *Mahoney v. TT of Pine Ridge, Inc.*, No. 17-80029-CIV-DMM, 2017 WL 9472860, at *10 (S.D. Fla. Nov. 17, 2017) (“It is also important to recognize that the cash benefits obtained by the class are supplemented by the injunctive relief afforded to class members.”).

5. Quality, Skill, and Efficiency of Class Counsel

Collectively, Class Counsel have represented plaintiffs in hundreds of class action lawsuits, and they brought that experience to bear here. Joint Decl. ¶¶ 30–31. They conducted a robust pre-suit investigation of the Handling Fee, which allowed them to present a compelling case in litigation and at mediation; they pressed novel claims against a well-funded defendant; and they litigated efficiently and civilly throughout. Most tellingly, after the federal court compelled Plaintiff’s claims to individual arbitration, Class Counsel did not retreat. They returned to the table, mediated twice more, and negotiated aggressively for months until Defendant agreed to classwide relief it was under no order to provide. *Id.* ¶¶ 8, 25, 37. The result is a Settlement reached despite being compelled to arbitration, and prior to a ruling on class certification and the appeals that would have followed it, delivering benefits to Settlement Class Members now rather than years from now. That result reflects the quality of Class Counsel’s work and supports the requested fee.

6. Class Counsel’s Fee is 100% Contingency

In undertaking to prosecute this case on a contingent fee basis, Class Counsel assumed a significant risk of nonpayment or underpayment. Joint Decl. ¶ 36. The risk was particularly acute here: the theory of liability was novel, and after the federal court compelled Plaintiff’s claims to individual arbitration, Class Counsel continued to press the case for two more years, incurred combined expenses of at least \$49,504.25, with no assurance of any recovery at all. *Id.* ¶¶ 32, 35.

That risk warrants an appropriate fee. Indeed, “[a] contingency fee arrangement often justifies an increase in the award of attorneys’ fees.” *Behrens v. Wometco Enters., Inc.*, 118 F.R.D. 534, 548 (S.D. Fla. 1988); *see also In re Continental Ill. Sec. Litig.*, 962 F.2d 566 (7th Cir. 1992) (holding that when a case has been prosecuted on a contingent basis, plaintiffs’ counsel must be compensated adequately for the risk of non-payment); *Ressler v. Jacobson*, 149 F.R.D. 651, 656 (M.D. Fla. 1992) (“Numerous cases recognize that the attorney’s contingent fee risk is an important factor in determining the fee award”). This factor weighs in favor of approval.

e. A Multiplier of 1.74 is Warranted

Given the litigation risks and excellent results secured for the Settlement Class, a lodestar multiplier supports the requested fee. *See Kuhnlein*, 662 So. 2d at 315–316 (approving a multiplier of 4.97 as reasonable). As detailed in the Joint Declaration, Class Counsel have devoted 789.6 hours to prosecuting this litigation, yielding an aggregate lodestar of \$801,402. Joint Decl. ¶ 33. Of the requested \$1,450,000.00 award, \$49,504.25 reimburses reasonable litigation expenses actually incurred, and \$5,000.00 funds Plaintiff’s service award, leaving an attorneys’ fee component of \$1,395,495.75. Joint Decl. ¶¶ 34–35. Thus, the requested fee reflects a modest multiplier of approximately 1.74—well within the range routinely approved in Florida.

“Multipliers were specifically designed to enhance the amount of attorney fees awarded based on the contingency risk factor and the results obtained.” *Kuhnlein*, 662 So. 2d at 313. A multiplier of 1.74 is consistent, and in fact below, those approved in other class actions. *Pinto v. Princess Cruise Lines, Ltd.*, 513 F. Supp. 2d 1334, 1344 (S.D. Fla. 2007) (noting that lodestar multipliers in class actions range from 2.26 to 4.5, while “three appears to be the average[,]” and finding that requested attorneys’ fees of \$1,275,000.00 were reasonable when “cross-check[ed]” against lodestar method); *Ramos*, 743 So. 2d at 33 (affirming a lodestar risk multiplier of 5);

Emerson v. Fla. Dep't of Revenue, 2024 Fla. Cir. LEXIS 1691, at *2 (Fla. Cir. Ct. 2024) (“it is appropriate to award a five-times multiplier to Class counsel’s requested lodestar”); *George v. Peachtree Cas. Ins. Co.*, 2021 Fla. Cir. LEXIS 4473, at *7 (Fla. 7th Cir. Ct. Sept. 3, 2021) (“While not necessary to the analysis because of the agreement between the Parties, the Court finds that application of a multiplier is justified.”).¹³

As described above, the reasonableness of the requested fee is confirmed by a percentage-of-benefit analysis. Measured against the Vouchers *already claimed*—and without assigning any value to the elimination of the Handling Fee—the requested fee is approximately one-third (34.5%) of the \$4,202,150 in Vouchers claimed by unique Settlement Class Members, and approximately 39.4% of the \$3,678,420 in Vouchers verified to date, in either case within the range courts in Florida routinely approve. *See Cotter*, 2021 WL 3773414, at *11–12 (measuring fee against value of vouchers made available and noting that a one-third award is “consistent with the trend in this Circuit”); *see also Camden I Condo. Ass’n v. Dunkle*, 946 F.2d 768, 774 (11th Cir. 1991) (“To avoid depleting the funds available for distribution to the class, an upper limit of 50% of the fund may be stated as a general rule, although even larger percentages have been awarded”); *In re Checking Acct. Overdraft Litig.*, No. 09-MD-02036, 2020 WL 4586398, at *17 (S.D. Fla. Aug. 10, 2020) (“Class Counsel’s fee request falls within the range of the private marketplace, where contingency fee arrangements often approach or equal 40 percent of any recovery.”); *Waters v. Int’l Precious Metals Corp.*, 190 F.3d 1291, 1295–96 (11th Cir. 1999) (affirming a one-third

¹³ Class Counsel’s lodestar multiplier is also reasonable because it will decrease as Class Counsel continues to invest time and resources in administering the Settlement, answering Settlement Class Members’ inquiries, and overseeing distribution of the Vouchers to Settlement Class Members. *See* Joint Decl. ¶ 41; *Parker v. Jekyll & Hyde Entm’t Holdings, LLC*, No. 08 Civ. 7670(BSJ)(JCF), 2010 WL 532960, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 9, 2010) (“[A]s class counsel is likely to expend significant effort in the future implementing the complex procedure agreed upon for collecting and distributing the settlement funds, the multiplier will diminish over time.”).

percentage); *Wolff v. Cash 4 Titles*, No. 03-cv-22778, 2012 WL 5290155, at *5-6 (S.D. Fla. Sept. 26, 2012) (“The average percentage award in the Eleventh Circuit mirrors that of awards nationwide—roughly one third.”) (collecting cases); *Wilson*, 2016 WL 457011, at *18 (Noting that courts across the country, “in the class action settlement context, *routinely* awarded class counsel fees in excess of the 25 percent ‘benchmark[.]’”) (emphasis in original) (quotation omitted); *Swaney v. Regions Bank*, No. 2:13-CV-00544-RDP, 2020 WL 3064945, at *7 (N.D. Ala. June 9, 2020) (same).

All things considered, this is an excellent result. Class Counsel took a case with no precedent and extreme arbitration risks, then still delivered classwide relief worth more than five times the fee at issue to every claimant, with Defendant paying the fee separately. Whether under the lodestar method or a percentage method, Class Counsel’s fee request is reasonable and well within the range approved by Florida courts.

f. The Service Award Requested Is Reasonable

As explained by the Third District Court of Appeal, being a putative class representative “is less an honor than a headache” because he or she is “identified as a class litigant in public records (potentially affecting credit reports and disclosures for financing), is subject to fiduciary duties ... may be deposed and required to produce records [and] meet with counsel and appear in court.” *Altamonte Springs Imaging, L.C. v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, 12 So. 3d 850, 857 (Fla. 3d DCA 2009). Thus, “incentive awards are appropriate to recognize the efforts of the representative plaintiffs to obtain recovery for the class.” *In re Domestic Air Transp. Litig.*, 148 F.R.D. 297, 358 (N.D. Ga. 1993).

Here, the Agreement provides for a Service Award of \$5,000.00 to Plaintiff, paid by Defendant out of the Fees and Costs and separate from the relief to the Settlement Class, which is

consistent with, and in many cases below, amounts regularly approved by Florida courts. *See, e.g., Altamonte Springs Imaging*, 12 So. 3d at 857 (approving incentive award of \$10,000); *Venerus v. Avis Budget Car Rental, LLC*, 674 F. Supp. 3d 1107, 1110 (M.D. Fla. 2023) (noting “Florida law allows service awards in class action cases” and approving service award of \$25,000). A service award of \$5,000 to the named Plaintiff is appropriate given the extensive work the Plaintiff performed in this case and Defendant’s agreement to pay the award. Joint Decl. ¶ 52.

VII. CONCLUSION

Plaintiff and Class Counsel respectfully request that this Court: (1) grant final approval of the Settlement, including finding that the Notice Plan and notice documents meet all applicable requirements; (2) maintain the certification of the Class, appoint Plaintiff as Class Representative, and appoint Edwin E. Elliott of Shamis & Gentile, P.A., Scott Edelsberg of Edelsberg Law, P.A., and Jeffrey D. Kalief of KaliefGold PLLC as Class Counsel; (3) grant Class Counsel’s fee petition; and (4) enter Judgment.

Dated: September 2, 2026

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Edwin E. Elliott

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*Attorneys for Plaintiff and the
Settlement Class*

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that on this 1st day of September 2026, I electronically filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court which will send notice of electronic filing to all counsel of record.

/s/ Edwin E. Elliott
Edwin E. Elliott

Exhibit A

**IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND
FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA**

Case No.: 2026-001293-CA-01

JAKE CAVANAUGH,
individually and on behalf of others
similarly situated,

CLASS ACTION

Plaintiff,

v.

FANATICS LLC,

Defendant.

_____ /

**[PROPOSED] AGREED ORDER GRANTING FINAL APPROVAL TO
CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT, FINAL JUDGMENT AND
ORDER OF DISMISSAL WITH PREJUDICE**

On March 30, 2026, the Court granted preliminary approval to the proposed class action settlement set forth in the Settlement Agreement and Release between Plaintiff Jake Cavanaugh, on behalf of himself and all members of the Settlement Class, and Defendant Fanatics, LLC (“Defendant”) (collectively, the “Parties”). The Court also provisionally certified the Settlement Class for settlement purposes, approved the procedure for giving Notice to the members of the Settlement Class, and set a Final Approval Hearing to take place on September 16, 2026. The Court finds that the Notice substantially in the form approved by the Court in its preliminary approval order was given in the manner ordered by the Court, constitutes the best practicable notice, and was fair, reasonable, and adequate.

On September 16, 2026, the Court held a duly noticed Final Approval Hearing to consider: (1) whether the terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement are fair, reasonable, and adequate; (2) whether a judgment should be entered dismissing the Plaintiff’s Complaint on the

merits and with prejudice in favor of Defendant and against all persons or entities who are Settlement Class Members herein who have not requested exclusion from the Settlement Class; and (3) whether and in what amount to award counsel for the Settlement Class as Attorneys' Fees and Expenses; and (4) whether and in what amount to award Service Award to Plaintiff. The Court has considered evidence including: (i) all motions, memoranda, and documents filed in support of the Settlement Agreement, and (ii) arguments of Class Counsel and counsel for Defendant.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

I. JURISDICTION OF THE COURT

1. The Court has personal jurisdiction over the parties and the Settlement Class Members, venue is proper, and the Court has subject matter jurisdiction to approve the Agreement, including all exhibits thereto, and to enter this Final Approval Order. Without in any way affecting the finality of this Final Approval Order, this Court hereby retains jurisdiction as to all matters relating to administration, consummation, enforcement, and interpretation of the Settlement Agreement and of this Final Approval Order, and for any other necessary purpose.

2. The Settlement Agreement was negotiated at arm's length by experienced counsel who were fully informed of the facts and circumstances of this litigation (the "Action") and of the strengths and weaknesses of their respective positions. The Settlement Agreement was reached after the Parties had engaged in multiple mediation sessions with Michelle Yoshida of Phillips Alternative Dispute Resolutions and Shirish Gupta of JAMS, extensive settlement discussions, and after the exchange and analysis of extensive information, including information about the size and scope of the Settlement Class. Counsel for the Parties were therefore well positioned to evaluate the benefits of the Settlement Agreement, taking into account the expense, risk, and uncertainty of protracted litigation.

3. The Court finds that the prerequisites for a class action under Florida Rule of Civil Procedure 1.220(a) and (b) have been satisfied for settlement purposes for each Settlement Class Member in that: (a) the number of Settlement Class Members is so numerous that joinder of all members thereof is impracticable; (b) there are questions of law and fact common to the Settlement Class; (c) the claims of Plaintiff are typical of the claims of the Settlement Class he seeks to represent; (d) Plaintiff has and will continue to fairly and adequately represent the interests of the Settlement Class for purposes of entering into the Settlement Agreement; (e) the questions of law and fact common to the Settlement Class Members predominate over any questions affecting any individual Settlement Class Member; (f) the Settlement Class is ascertainable; and (g) a class action is superior to the other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy.

II. CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT CLASS

4. Pursuant to Florida Rule of Civil Procedure 1.220, this Court hereby finally certifies the Settlement Class, as identified in the Settlement Agreement, which shall consist of: **All persons in the United States who, from May 6, 2018, to March 30, 2026, ordered merchandise through the Fanatics Websites, and were assessed and paid a handling fee.** The Settlement Class excludes the following: (1) the trial judge presiding over this case; (2) Defendant, as well as any parent, subsidiary, affiliate, or control person of Defendant, and the officers, directors, agents, servants, and employees of Defendant; (3) any of the Released Parties; (4) the immediate family of any such person(s); (5) any Settlement Class Member who has timely opted out of this proceeding; and (6) Plaintiff's Counsel, their employees, and their immediate family. The twenty-two (22) persons who timely and validly requested exclusion from the Settlement Class, as

identified in the Declaration of the Settlement Administrator, are not members of the Settlement Class and are not bound by this Final Approval Order.

III. APPOINTMENT OF CLASS REPRESENTATIVE AND CLASS COUNSEL

5. The Court finally appoints Edwin E. Elliott of Shamis & Gentile P.A; Scott A. Edelsberg of Edelsberg Law, P.A.; Jeffrey D. Kalien of KalienGold PLLC as Class Counsel for the Settlement Class.

6. The Court finally designates Plaintiff as the Class Representative.

IV. NOTICE AND CLAIMS PROCESS

7. The Court makes the following findings on notice to the Settlement Class:

(a) The Court finds that the distribution of the Class Notice, as provided for in the Settlement Agreement and ordered by the Court, (i) constituted the best practicable notice under the circumstances to Settlement Class Members, (ii) constituted notice that was reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise Settlement Class Members of, among other things, the pendency of the Action, the nature and terms of the proposed Settlement, their right to object or to exclude themselves from the proposed Settlement, and their right to appear at the Final Approval Hearing, (iii) was reasonable and constituted due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all persons entitled to be provided with notice, and (iv) complied fully with the requirements of Florida Rule of Civil Procedure 1.220, the United States Constitution, the Rules of this Court, and any other applicable law.

(b) The Court finds that the Class Notice and methodology set forth in the Settlement Agreement, the Preliminary Approval Order, and this Final Approval Order (i) constitute the most effective and practicable notice of the Final Approval Order, the relief available to Settlement Class Members pursuant to the Final Approval Order, and applicable time periods;

(ii) constitute due, adequate, and sufficient notice for all other purposes to all Settlement Class Members; and (iii) comply fully with the requirements of Florida Rule of Civil Procedure 1.220, the United States Constitution, the Rules of this Court, and any other applicable laws.

V. FINAL APPROVAL OF THE CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

8. The Settlement Agreement is finally approved in all respects as fair, reasonable and adequate pursuant to Rule 1.220 and any applicable law. The terms and provisions of the Settlement Agreement, including all Exhibits thereto, have been entered into in good faith and are hereby fully and finally approved as fair, reasonable, and adequate as to, and in the best interests of, each of the Parties and the Settlement Class Members. The Court has considered the eight (8) objections submitted by the Settlement Class Members, together with the Parties' responses thereto, and finds that none warrants denial of final approval. The objections are OVERRULED.

VI. ADMINISTRATION OF THE SETTLEMENT

9. The Parties are hereby directed to implement the Settlement Agreement according to its terms and provisions. The Administrator is directed to provide Vouchers to those Settlement Class Members who submit valid, timely, and complete Claim Forms.

10. The Court hereby approves Class Counsel's request for attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses, and awards Class Counsel \$1,450,000.00 as reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, consisting of \$1,395,495.75 in attorneys' fees, \$49,504.25 in reasonable costs incurred in this Action, and the \$5,000.00 Service Award awarded below. The Court finds that the requested fees are reasonable for the reasons set forth herein. Defendant shall pay the award of attorneys' fees and costs to Class Counsel within the time period and manner set forth in the Settlement Agreement.

11. The Court hereby awards Class Counsel for their time incurred and expenses advanced. As the record reflects, the issues in this case were novel, complex and difficult and Class Counsel displayed the skill, expertise and diligence in bringing the case to this conclusion. The Court has further concluded that: (a) Class Counsel achieved a favorable result for the Class by obtaining Defendant's agreement to make Vouchers available to Settlement Class Members, subject to submission of valid claims by eligible Settlement Class Members; (b) Class Counsel devoted substantial effort to pre- and post-filing investigation, legal analysis, and litigation; (c) Class Counsel prosecuted the Settlement Class's claims on a contingent fee basis, investing significant time and accumulating costs with no guarantee that they would receive compensation for their services or recover their expenses; (d) Class Counsel employed their knowledge of and experience with class action litigation in achieving a valuable settlement for the Settlement Class, in spite of Defendant's possible legal defenses and its experienced and capable counsel; (e) Class Counsel have a standard contingent fee agreement with Plaintiff, who has reviewed the Settlement Agreement and been informed of Class Counsel's fee request and has approved; and (f) the Notice informed Settlement Class Members of the amount and nature of Class Counsel's fee and cost request under the Settlement Agreement, Class Counsel filed and posted their Petition in time for Settlement Class Members to make a meaningful decision whether to object to the Class Counsel's fee request, and eight Settlement Class Member(s) objected.

12. The Court awards a Service Award in the amount of \$5,000.00 to Plaintiff payable pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Agreement.

VII. RELEASE OF CLAIMS

13. Upon entry of this Final Approval Order, all members of the Class who did not validly and timely submit Requests for Exclusion in the manner provided in the Agreement shall,

by operation of this Final Approval Order, have fully, finally and forever released, relinquished and discharged Defendant and the Released Parties from the Released Claims as set forth in the Settlement Agreement.

14. Furthermore, all members of the Class who did not validly and timely submit Requests for Exclusion in the manner provided in the Agreement are hereby permanently barred and enjoined from filing, commencing, prosecuting, maintaining, intervening in, participating in, conducting or continuing, either directly or in any other capacity, either individually or as a class, any action or proceeding in any court, agency, arbitration, tribunal or jurisdiction, asserting any claims released pursuant to the Settlement Agreement, or seeking an award of fees and costs of any kind or nature whatsoever and pursuant to any authority or theory whatsoever, relating to or arising from the Action or that could have been brought in the Action and/or as a result of or in addition to those provided by the Settlement Agreement.

15. The terms of the Settlement Agreement and of this Final Approval Order, including all Exhibits thereto, shall be forever binding on, and shall have *res judicata* and preclusive effect in, all pending and future lawsuits maintained by Plaintiff and all other Settlement Class Members, as well as their heirs, executors and administrators, successors, and assigns.

16. The Releases, which are set forth in the Settlement Agreement, are expressly incorporated herein in all respects and are effective as of the date of this Final Approval Order; and the Released Parties (as that term is defined in the Settlement Agreement) are forever released, relinquished, and discharged by the Releasing Persons (as that term is defined in the Settlement Agreement) from all Released Claims (as that term is defined in the Settlement Agreement).

(a) The Settlement Agreement and Releases do not affect the rights of Settlement Class Members who timely and properly submit a Request for Exclusion from the Settlement in accordance with the requirements of the Settlement Agreement.

(b) The administration and consummation of the Settlement as embodied in the Settlement Agreement shall be under the authority of the Court. The Court shall retain jurisdiction to protect, preserve, and implement the Settlement Agreement, including, but not limited to, enforcement of the Releases. The Court expressly retains jurisdiction in order to enter such further orders as may be necessary or appropriate in administering and implementing the terms and provisions of the Settlement Agreement.

(c) The Settlement Agreement shall be the exclusive remedy for any and all Settlement Class Members, except those who have properly requested exclusion (opted out), and the Released Parties shall not be subject to liability or expense for any of the Released Claims to any Settlement Class Member(s).

(d) The Releases shall not preclude any action to enforce the terms of the Settlement Agreement, including participation in any of the processes detailed therein. The Releases set forth herein and in the Settlement Agreement are not intended to include the release of any rights or duties of the Settling Parties arising out of the Settlement Agreement, including the express warranties and covenants contained therein.

17. Plaintiff and all Settlement Class Members who did not timely exclude themselves from the Settlement Class are, from this day forward, hereby permanently barred and enjoined from directly or indirectly: (i) asserting any Released Claims in any action or proceeding; (ii) filing, commencing, prosecuting, intervening in, or participating in (as class members or otherwise), any lawsuit based on or relating to any the Released Claims or the facts and

circumstances relating thereto; or (iii) organizing any Settlement Class Members into a separate class for purposes of pursuing as a purported class action any lawsuit (including by seeking to amend a pending complaint to include class allegations, or seeking class certification in a pending action) based on or relating to any of the Released Claims.

VIII. NO ADMISSION OF LIABILITY

18. Neither the Settlement Agreement, nor any of its terms and provisions, nor any of the negotiations or proceedings connected with it, nor any of the documents or statements referred to therein, nor this Final Approval Order, nor any of its terms and provisions, shall be:

(a) offered by any person or received against Defendant or any Released Party as evidence of, or construed as or deemed to be evidence of, any presumption, concession, or admission by Defendant of the truth of the facts alleged by any person, the validity of any claim that has been or could have been asserted in the Action or in any other litigation or judicial or administrative proceeding, the deficiency of any defense that has been or could have been asserted in the Action or in any litigation, or of any liability, negligence, fault, or wrongdoing by Defendant or any Released Party;

(b) offered by any person or received against Defendant or any Released Party as evidence of a presumption, concession, or admission of any fault or violation of any law by Defendant or any Released Party; or

(c) offered by any person or received against Defendant or any Released Party as evidence of a presumption, concession, or admission with respect to any liability, negligence, fault, or wrongdoing in any civil, criminal, or administrative action or proceeding.

IX. OTHER PROVISIONS

19. This Final Approval Order and the Settlement Agreement (including the Exhibits thereto) may be filed in any action against or by any Released Party (as that term is defined the

Settlement Agreement) to support a defense of *res judicata*, collateral estoppel, release, good faith settlement, judgment bar or reduction, or any theory of claim preclusion or issue preclusion or similar defense or counterclaim.

20. Without further order of the Court, the Parties may agree to reasonably necessary extensions of time to carry out any of the provisions of the Settlement Agreement.

21. In the event that the Effective Date does not occur, this Final Approval Order shall automatically be rendered null and void and shall be vacated and, in such event, all orders entered and released delivered in connection herewith shall be null and void. In the event that the Effective Date does not occur, the Settlement Agreement shall become null and void and be of no further force and effect, neither the Settlement Agreement nor the Court's Orders, including this Order, shall be used or referred to for any purpose whatsoever, and the Parties shall retain, without prejudice, any and all objections, arguments, and defenses with respect to class certification, including the right to argue that no class should be certified for any purpose, and with respect to any claims or allegations in this Action.

22. This Action, including all individual claims and class claims presented herein, is hereby dismissed on the merits and with prejudice against Plaintiff and all other Settlement Class Members, without fees or costs to any party except as otherwise provided herein. Finding that there is no just reason for delay, the Court orders that this Final Approval Order shall constitute a final judgment.

DONE and ORDERED at Miami, Florida, this ____ day of _____, 2026.

CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE

Copies furnished to: Counsel of Record

Exhibit B

**IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA**

JAKE CAVANAUGH, individually, and on	)	
behalf of others similarly situated,	)	
	)	Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01
<i>Plaintiff,</i>	)	
v.	)	Section CA43
	)	
FANATICS, LLC,	)	Judge: Thomas J. Rebull
	)	
<i>Defendant.</i>	)	

DECLARATION OF DUE DILIGENCE

I, Richard W. Simmons, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, state as follows:

1. My name is Richard W. Simmons. I have personal knowledge of the matters set forth herein, and I believe them to be true and correct.

2. I am the President of Analytics Consulting LLC (“Analytics”). My company is one of the leading providers of class and collective action notice and claims management programs in the nation. Analytics’ class action consulting practice, including the design and implementation of legal notice campaigns, is one of the oldest in the country. Through my work, I have personally overseen court-ordered class and collective notice programs in more than 3,000 matters.

3. Analytics was engaged to provide settlement administration services in the *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC* case. In this capacity, Analytics was charged with (a) establishing and maintaining a related settlement fund account; (b) establishing and maintaining a calendar of administrative deadlines and responsibilities; (c) emailing the Class Notices; (d) receiving and validating Claim Forms, Requests for Exclusion or Objections submitted by Settlement Class Members; (e) emailing vouchers to Settlement Class Members; (f) sending the Incentive Award to the Class Representative; (g) wiring the

Fee Award to Class Counsel; and (h) other tasks as the Parties mutually agree or the Court orders Analytics to perform.

4. My firm performed the services described herein under my supervision and I submit this Declaration to provide the Court with proof of the dissemination of the Court-approved Notices.

Experience Relevant to this Case

5. Founded in 1970, Analytics has consulted for 56 years regarding the design and implementation of legal notice and claims management programs relating to class and collective action litigation. These engagements include notice and claims administration involving antitrust, civil rights, consumer fraud, data breach, employment, insurance, product defect/liability, and securities litigation.

6. Analytics' clients include corporations, law firms (both plaintiff and defense), and the federal government. Analytics' long-term federal contracts (on which I am the primary "contractor") include the following:

- a. Since 1998, Analytics has been under contract (six consecutive five-year contracts, renewed in 2023) with the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") to administer and provide expert advice regarding notice (including published notice) and claims processing in their settlements/redress programs;
- b. Since 2012, Analytics has been under contract (two consecutive multi-year contracts, renewed in 2023) with the United States Department of Justice ("DOJ") to administer and provide expert advice regarding notice and claims processing; and,
- c. Since 2013, Analytics has been appointed as a Distribution Agent (three consecutive five-year terms, renewed in 2023) by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") to administer and provide expert advice regarding notice and claims processing.

7. I joined Analytics in 1990 and have 36 years of direct experience in designing and implementing class action settlements and notice campaigns. The notice programs I have managed range in size from fewer than 100 class members to more than 40 million known class members, including some of the largest and most complex notice and claims administration programs in history.

8. I have testified in state and federal courts as to the design and implementation of notice programs, claims processes, and the impact attorney communications have on claims rates. As has always been my practice, I personally performed or oversaw Analytics' consulting services in each of the cases indicated on my CV, which is attached hereto as **Exhibit 1**.

9. I have presented to panels of judges and lawyers on issues regarding class notice, claims processing, and disbursement. In 2011, I was a panelist at the Federal Judicial Center's ("FJC") workshop/meeting regarding class action notice and settlement administration. In 2014, I was interviewed by the CFPB regarding notice and claims administration in class action litigation as part of their study on arbitration and consumer class litigation waivers. In 2016, I worked with the FTC to conduct research regarding: a) the impact of alternate forms of notice on fund participation rates; and, b) the impact of alternate formats of checks on check cashing rates. In 2016, I was an invited participant to the Duke Law Conference on Class Action Settlements regarding electronic notification of class members. In 2017, I was the primary author of the Duke Law Conference on Class Action Settlement's guide to best practices regarding the evaluation of class action notice campaigns (including notice by electronic means). In 2021, I assisted in the development of George Washington University Law School's *Class Action Best Practices Checklist*. In 2023, I acted as the primary author for the Rabiej Litigation Law Center's *Class Action Best Practices* relating to notice and claims administration. These were published in 2025 as the Rabiej Litigation Law Center's *Class Action Compendium of Guidelines and Best Practices*.

10. I have co-authored and presented CLE programs and whitepapers regarding class notice and class action claims administration. In 2016, I co-authored a paper titled “*Crafting Digital Class Notices That Actually Provide Notice*” (Law360.com, New York (March 10, 2016)). My speaking engagements regarding notice include: *Artificial Intelligence in the Claims Administration Process*, National Association of Securities and Consumer Attorneys in New York City (2026); *Distribution Issues for Class Counsel and Claims Administrators in Class Settlements*, Class Action Bench/Bar Leadership Summit, Charleston School of Law (2026); *Ethics for Class Counsel and Claims Administrators in Class Settlements*, UC Law San Francisco Complex Litigation Ethics Conference in San Francisco (2025); *Current Challenges in Claims Administration related to Fraudulent Claims and Artificial Intelligence/Machine Learning*, National Association of Securities and Consumer Attorneys in New York City (2024); *Risks and Regulations: Best Practices that Protect Class Member Confidentiality*, HB Litigation Conference on Class Action Mastery in New York City (2018); *Recent Developments in Class Action Notice and Claims Administration*, Practising Law Institute in New York City (2017); *The Beginning and the End of Class Action Lawsuits*, Perrin Class Action Litigation Conference in Chicago (2017); *Class Action Administration: Data and Technology*, Harris Martin Target Data Breach Conference in San Diego (2014); *Developments in Legal Notice*, accredited CLE Program, presented at Shook Hardy & Bacon, LLP in Kansas City (2013), Halunen & Associates in Minneapolis (2013), and Susman Godfrey in Dallas (2014); and *Class Actions 101: Best Practices and Potential Pitfalls in Providing Class Notice*, CLE Program, presented to the Kansas Bar Association (March 2009).

11. From 1995 through 2000, I pursued a Ph.D. in Applied Economics at the University of Minnesota, completing all aspects of my training with the exception of my Dissertation. This was suspended when I acquired Analytics and became its President in 2000.

12. In 2025, I became a member of the Academy of Court Appointed Neutrals.

13. In addition to my class action consulting work, I taught a college course in antitrust economics, was a guest lecturer at the University of Minnesota Law School on issues of statistical and economic analysis, was a charter member of the American Academy of Economic and Financial Experts, and am a former referee for the Journal of Legal Economics (reviewing and critiquing peer-reviewed articles on the application of economic and statistical analysis to legal issues).

Distribution of the Class Notice

14. On January 7, 2026, Analytics received the Court-approved Long Form Class Notice, Claim Form, Publication Notice and Email Notice (“Class Notices”). The Class Notices advised Settlement Class Members of their right to file a claim form, request exclusion from the Settlement, object to the Settlement and the implications of each such action. The Class Notices advised Settlement Class Members of applicable deadlines and other events, including the Final Approval Hearing, and how they could obtain additional information.

15. On April 2, 2026, Counsel for Defendant provided Analytics with a spreadsheet containing 40,891,647 email addresses.

16. Before disseminating notice via e-mail, Analytics performed an analysis of the class data records containing an e-mail address. The e-mail addresses were subjected to an e-mail cleansing process and were deduplicated. The e-mail cleansing process removes extra spaces, fixes common typographical errors in domain names, and corrects insufficient domain suffixes (e.g., gmal.com to gmail.com, gmail.co to gmail.com, yaho.com to yahoo.com, etc.).

17. The standardized e-mail addresses were then subjected to an e-mail validation process whereby each e-mail address was compared to known invalid e-mail addresses. As an additional step in the validation process, each e-mail address was verified by contacting the Internet Service Provider (“ISP”) to determine if the e-mail address exists.

18. Analytics designed the Email Notice with a “mobile-first” philosophy, recognizing that a substantial number of recipients now read emails on smartphones and tablets rather than desktop computers. This approach ensures that critical information is immediately visible within the first screen of content, without requiring scrolling or zooming.

19. The most essential information, including the case name and a direct link to file a Claim Form at the case website, appeared in the top portion of the Email Notice. This “above the fold” placement ensures that recipients grasp the core message within the first few seconds of opening the notice, capitalizing on the brief attention window typical of mobile email reading. By frontloading key information, Analytics maximized the likelihood that Settlement Class Members would understand their rights and options even if they did not scroll through the entire notice. This design approach directly impacts response rates and overall settlement participation.

20. Additionally, Analytics designed the Email Notice to avoid many common “red flags” that might otherwise cause a Settlement Class Member’s spam filter to block or identify the Email Notice as spam. For instance, Analytics did not include the Long Form Class Notice as an attachment to the Email Notice, because attachments are often interpreted by various ISPs as spam. Rather, in accordance with industry best practices, Analytics included a link to all operative documents on the case website so that Settlement Class Members could easily access this information.

21. Analytics implemented all available authentication methods — Sender Policy Framework (“SPF”), DomainKeys Identified Mail (“DKIM”), and Domain-based Message Authentication, Reporting and Conformance (“DMARC”) — to validate the Email Notice. Authenticating email with SPF, DKIM, and DMARC demonstrates to ISPs that the sender is who it claims to be, which increases the deliverability of emails. See <https://www.techtarget.com/searchsecurity/answer/Email-authentication-How-SPF-DKIM-and-DMARC-work-together> (last visited September 1, 2026).

22. On April 27, 2026, Analytics began sending Email Notice with an electronic link to the Claim Form at the website, to 40,891,647 email addresses, and completed email notice on May 23, 2026. 36,794,511 emails were delivered, meaning the emails were not returned to Analytics as undeliverable (“bounced”). A copy of the Email Notice is attached as **Exhibit 2**.

23. 36,794,511 Settlement Class Members (90%) received notice.

Publication Notice

24. On May 29, 2026, the Publication Notice was published in USA Today (Los Angeles and San Francisco regions) and was published again on June 5, 2026, June 12, 2026, and June 19, 2026. A copy of the Publication Notice is attached as **Exhibit 3**.

Toll Free Phone and Email Support

25. To support the distribution of the Class Notice, Analytics established and continues to maintain a toll-free telephone number for the Litigation, 877-601-8705. This toll-free telephone line connects callers with an Interactive Voice Recording (“IVR”). By calling this number, Class Members are able to listen to pre-recorded answers to Frequently Asked Questions (“FAQs”) and obtain information on the status of the Settlement. The toll-free telephone line and IVR have been available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. As of the date of this declaration, the toll-free phone number has received 634 calls.

26. Class Members could also email a dedicated email address, handlingfeesettlement@noticeadministrator.com, with questions regarding the Settlement. Every email received by Analytics is assigned a tracking number, and the sender receives an immediate response confirming receipt along with a link to additional information regarding the litigation.

27. As of the date of this declaration, Analytics received 14,947 email inquiries regarding the Settlement.

Settlement Website

28. Prior to disseminating the Email Notice, Analytics coordinated with Class Counsel to develop the case website to provide information to Settlement Class Members regarding the Litigation and Settlement. Guided by an intent to keep Settlement Class Members fully informed, the case website conforms to key e-commerce best practices: (a) the top section of the home page, most prominent on lower resolution monitors, includes a summary message about the litigation; and (b) the home page content is simplified and streamlined, so that specific prominent language and graphic images direct Settlement Class Members to specific content areas. The case website, www.handlingfeesettlement.com, launched on April 20, 2026, one week before the commencement of the Email Notice.

29. Recognizing the increasingly mobile nature of advertising and communications, the case website is mobile optimized, meaning it can be clearly read and used by Settlement Class Members visiting the website via smart phone or tablet. In a consumer settlement, it is common for more than half of class members who visit a settlement website to be using a smart phone or tablet.

30. To ensure accessibility to information regarding the Settlement for all Settlement Class Members, the case website was designed and implemented to be compliant with Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act (29 U.S.C. § 794d), as amended by the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 (P.L. 105-220).

31. The case website contains prominent links for Settlement Class Members to ask questions about the litigation and Settlement. These links and the supporting email address were operational prior to the commencement of the Email Notice.

32. The Class Notice and Claim Form were available for download at the case website, and are attached as **Exhibits 4 and 5**, respectively. Settlement Class Members could also submit Claim Forms electronically at the case website.

33. As of the date of this declaration, the case website has received 877,794 visits. The case website and the online Claim Form filing function have been available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, with 100% uptime.

Requests for Exclusion and Objections

34. Settlement Class Members could exclude themselves from the proposed settlement by mailing a written request for exclusion to Analytics postmarked by August 27, 2026. Twenty-two (22) timely requests for exclusion were received by Analytics and are attached as **Exhibit 6**.

35. Settlement Class Members could object to the proposed settlement by filing a written objection with the Court and mailing a copy to Analytics, postmarked by August 27, 2026. Eight (8) timely objections were received by Analytics and are attached as **Exhibit 7**.

Claims

36. Settlement Class Members had to submit a valid Claim Form by August 27, 2026 in order to receive a voucher. A total of 467,938 Claim Forms were received, associated with 420,215 email addresses. As of the date of this declaration, Analytics has verified the validity of 367,842 Claim Forms.

37. Claim Forms submitted with an email address not in the Class List were identified and an email was sent to 6,327 claimants requesting proof of purchase from the Fanatics website within the Class Period, and the opportunity to correct the Claim Form. As of the date of this declaration, 396 responses have been received, which validated the Claim Form.

Fees and Expenses

38. Analytics' costs incurred to date for services in connection with the administration of this Settlement are \$198,708, and the anticipated future costs for completion of the administration, are \$19,050. Analytics' work in connection with this matter will continue with the completion of claims processing and claims validation, and the emailing of vouchers to eligible Settlement Class Members.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: September 1, 2026



Richard W. Simmons

Exhibit 1



Richard W. Simmons

Richard W. Simmons is the President of Analytics Consulting LLC¹. Mr. Simmons joined Analytics in 1990 and has more than 36 years of experience developing and implementing class action communications and settlement programs.

Mr. Simmons' first legal notice consulting engagement was the *Schwan's Salmonella Litigation* settlement (*In Re: Salmonella Litigation*, Case No. 94-cv-016304 (D. Minn.)). Since then, he has:

- Developed and implemented notice campaigns ranging in size up to 45 million known class members (and 180 million unknown class members);
- Testified regarding legal notice in building products, civil rights, consumer products, environmental pollution, privacy, and securities litigation settlements;
- Managed claims processes for settlement funds ranging up to \$1 billion in value.

As part of Analytics' ongoing class action notice consulting practice, Mr. Simmons:

- testified regarding the adequacy of notice procedures in direct notice cases (including the development of class member databases);
- testified regarding the adequacy of published notice plans;
- has been appointed as a Distribution Fund Administrator by the Securities and Exchange Commission tasked with developing Distribution Plans for court approval;
- has been retained as an expert by the Federal Trade Commission to testify regarding the effectiveness of competing notice plans and procedures; and,
- acted as the primary author for the Duke Law Center's guidelines for best practices regarding the evaluation of class action notice campaigns.
- assisted in developing the George Washington University Law School's Class Action Best Practices Checklist.
- acted as the primary author for the Rabiej Litigation Law Center's Class Action Best Practices.

In addition to his class action consulting work, Mr. Simmons has taught a college course in antitrust economics, was a guest lecturer at the University of Minnesota Law School on issues of statistical and economic analysis, was a charter member of the American Academy of Economic and Financial Experts and was a former referee for the Journal of Legal Economics (reviewing and critiquing peer reviewed articles on the application of economic and statistical analysis to legal issues). Mr. Simmons is a published author on the subject of damage analysis in Rule 10b-5 securities litigation.

¹ In October 2013, Analytics Consulting LLC acquired Analytics Incorporated. I am the former President of Analytics Incorporated. References to Analytics herein include the prior legal entities.



Mr. Simmons graduated from St. Olaf College with a B.A. in Economics (with a year at University College, Dublin), pursued a PhD. in Agricultural and Applied Economics (with a concentration in industrial organization and consumer/behavioral economics) at the University of Minnesota², and has received formal media planning training from New York University.

APPLICATION OF TECHNOLOGY TO CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENTS

Mr. Simmons has been a visionary in the application of the Internet to class action notice campaigns and the management of settlements:

- In 1995, Mr. Simmons was the first in the nation to support class action settlements with an online presence, that included the ability to check online, the status of their claims.
- In 2000, Mr. Simmons invented online claims submission in class action litigation, filing a patent application governing “*Method and system for assembling databases in multiple-party proceedings*” US20010034731 A1.
- In 2002, Mr. Simmons established an online clearinghouse for class action settlements that provided the public with information regarding class action settlements and provided them with the ability to register for notification of new settlements. This clearinghouse received national press attention as a resource for class action settlements.
- From 2003 through 2013, Analytics’ incremental changes in Internet support included class member verification of eligibility, locator services that identified retail outlets that sold contaminated products, secure document repositories, and multi-language support.
- In 2014, Mr. Simmons was the first to utilize and testify regarding product-based targeting in an online legal notice campaign
- In 2014, Analytics, under Mr. Simmons’ leadership, released the first-class action settlement support site developed under e-commerce best practices.

SPEAKER/EXPERT PANELIST/PRESENTER

Mr. Simmons has presented to panels of judges and lawyers on issues regarding class notice, claims processing, and disbursement:

- Mr. Simmons served as a panelist for the Francis McGovern Conferences on “Distribution of Securities Litigation Settlements: Improving the Process”, at which regulators, judges, custodians, academics, practitioners and claims administrators participated.
- In 2011, Mr. Simmons was a panelist at the Federal Judicial Center’s workshop/meetings regarding class action notice and settlement administration.
- In 2014, Mr. Simmons was invited to be interviewed by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau as an expert on notice and claims administration in class action litigation as part of their study on arbitration and consumer class litigation waivers

² Mr. Simmons suspended work on his dissertation to acquire and manage Analytics.

- In 2016, Mr. Simmons presented results of research regarding the impact of forms of notice on fund participation rates to the Federal Trade Commission.
- In 2019, Mr. Simmons was the only claims administration expert invited to be a panelist to the Federal Trade Commission's Workshop on Consumers and Class Action Notices, where he spoke regarding the impact of different forms of notice on settlement participation rates and improving response rates to class action notices.
- In 2023, Mr. Simmons was a panelist for the Rabiej Litigation Law Center Bench-Bar Conference regarding Class Action Settlements, where he spoke regarding maximizing claims rates in consumer class action settlements.
- In 2023, Mr. Simmons acted as the primary author for the Rabiej Litigation Law Center's Class Action Best Practices.

Mr. Simmons' speaking engagements regarding class notice and claims administration include:

- *Artificial Intelligence in the Claims Administration Process*, National Association of Securities and Consumer Attorneys in New York City (2026)
- *Distribution Issues for Class Counsel and Claims Administrators in Class Settlements*, Class Action Bench/Bar Leadership Summit, Charleston School of Law (2026)
- *Ethics for Class Counsel and Claims Administrators in Class Settlements*, UC Law San Francisco Complex Litigation Ethics Conference in San Francisco (2025)
- *Current Challenges in Claims Administration related to Fraudulent Claims and Artificial Intelligence/Machine Learning*, National Association of Securities and Consumer Attorneys (2024)
- *Maximizing Claims Rates in Consumer Class Actions*, Rabiej Litigation Law Center (2023)
- *Technology and Class Action Settlements*, National Association of Securities and Consumer Attorneys (2023),
- *Risks and Regulations: Best Practices that Protect Class Member Confidentiality* presented at the HB Litigation Conference on Class Action Mastery in New York City (2018)
- *Recent Developments in Class Action Notice and Claims Administration* presented at Practising Law Institute in New York City (2017)
- *The Beginning and the End of Class Action Lawsuits* presented at Perrin Class Action Litigation Conference in Chicago (2017);
- *Class Action Administration: Data and Technology* presented at Harris Martin Target Data Breach Conference in San Diego (2014);
- *Developments in Legal Notice*, accredited CLE Program, presented at Susman Godfrey in Dallas (2014)
- *Developments in Legal Notice*, accredited CLE Program, presented at Shook Hardy & Bacon, LLP in Kansas City (2013),
- *Developments in Legal Notice*, accredited CLE Program, presented at Halunen & Associates in Minneapolis (2013),

- *Class Actions 101: Best Practices and Potential Pitfalls in Providing Class Notice*, CLE Program, presented by Brian Christensen and Richard Simmons, to the Kansas Bar Association (March 2009).

Mr. Simmons' writings regarding class notice include:

- *Crafting Digital Class Notices That Actually Provide Notice* - Law360.com, New York (March 10, 2016).

JUDICIAL COMMENTS AND LEGAL NOTICE CASES

In evaluating the adequacy and effectiveness of Mr. Simmons' notice campaigns, courts have repeatedly recognized Mr. Simmons' work. The following excerpts provide recent examples of such judicial approval in matters where the primary issue was the provision of class notice.

Honorable Stephen J. Murphy III, *Doe 1 v. Deja vu Servs., Inc.*, No. 2:16-cv-10877, ECF No. 77 (E.D. Mich. June 19, 2017):

Also, the Plaintiffs certified that notice had been provided in accordance with the Court's preliminary approval order. The notices stated—in clear and easily understandable terms—the key information class members needed to make an informed decision: the nature of the action, the class claims, the definition of the class, the general outline of the settlement, how to elect for a cash payment, how to opt out of the class, how to object to the settlement, the right of class members to secure counsel, and the binding nature of the settlement on class members who do not to opt out.

* * *

In addition, the parties took additional steps to provide notice to class members, including through targeted advertisements on social media. The Court finds that the parties have provided the “best notice that is practicable under the circumstances,” and complied with the requirements of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005, and due process.³

Associate Justice Edward P. Leibensberger, *Geanacopoulos v. Philip Morris USA, Inc.*, No. 9884CV06002, Dkt. No. 230 (Mass. Super. Ct. Sept. 30, 2016):

The Court finds that the plan of Notice as described in paragraphs 12 through 20 of the Settlement Agreement, including the use of email, mail, publication and internet notice,

³ Unless otherwise indicated, citations are omitted and emphasis is added.

constituted the best notice practicable under the circumstances and constituted due and sufficient notice to the Class.

Honorable Edward J. Davila, *In re: Google Referrer Header Privacy Litig.*, No. 5:10-cv-04809, ECF No. 85 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 31, 2015):

On the issue of appropriate notice, the court previously recognized the uniqueness of the class asserted in this case, since it could potentially cover most internet users in the United States. On that ground, the court approved the proposed notice plan involving four media channels: (1) internet-based notice using paid banner ads targeted at potential class members (in English and in Spanish on Spanish-language websites); (2) notice via “earned media” or, in other words, through articles in the press; (3) a website decided solely to the settlement (in English and Spanish versions); and (4) a toll-free telephone number where class members can obtain additional information and request a class notice. In addition, the court approved the content and appearance of the class notice and related forms as consistent with Rule 23(c)(2)(B).

The court again finds that the notice plan and class notices are consistent with Rule 23, and that the plan has been fully and properly implemented by the parties and the class administrator.

Honorable Terrence F. McVerry, *Kobylanski. v. Motorola Mobility, Inc.*, No. 2:13-cv-01181, ECF No. 43 (W.D. Pa. Oct. 9, 2014):

The Court finds that the distribution of the Notice to Settlement Class Members Re: Pendency of Class Action, as provided for in the Order Granting Preliminary Approval for the Settlement, constituted the best notice practicable under the circumstances to all Persons within the definition of the Class and fully met the requirements of due process under the United States Constitution.

Honorable Thomas N. O’Neill, Jr., *In re: CertainTeed Fiber Cement Siding Litig.*, No. 2:11-md-02270, ECF No. 119 (E.D. Pa. Mar. 20, 2014):

Settlement class members were provided with notice of the settlement in the manner and form set forth in the settlement agreement. Notice was also provided to pertinent state and federal officials. The notice plan was reasonably calculated to give actual notice to settlement class members of their right to receive benefits from the settlement or to be excluded from the settlement or object to the settlement. The notice plan met the requirements of Rule 23 and due process.

Honorable Robert W. Gettleman, *In re Aftermarket Filters Antitrust Litig.*, No. 1:08-cv-04883, ECF No. 1031 (N.D. Ill. Oct. 25, 2012):

Due and adequate notice of the Settlement was provided to the Class. . . . The manner of giving notice provided in this case fully satisfies the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23 and due process, constitutes the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and constituted due and sufficient notice to all persons entitled thereto. A full and fair opportunity was provided to the members of the Class to be heard regarding the Settlements.

Honorable Marco A. Roldan, *Plubell v. Merck & Co., Inc.*, NO. 04CV235817-01, Final Judgment and Order (Mo. Cir. Ct. Mar. 15, 2013):

Under the circumstances, the notice of this Settlement provided to Class Members in accordance with the Notice Order was the best notice practicable of the proceedings and matters set forth therein, including the proposed Settlement, to all Persons entitled to such notice, and said notice fully satisfied the requirements due process and Missouri law.

Honorable James P. Kleinberg, *Skold v. Intel Corp.*, No. 2005-CV-039231, Order on Motion for Approval (Cal. Super. Ct. Mar. 14, 2013):

The Court finds that Plaintiff's proposed Notice plan has a reasonable chance of reaching a substantial percentage of class members.

Honorable J. Phil Gilbert, *Greenville IL v. Syngenta Crop Prot., Inc.*, No 3:10-cv-00188, ECF No. 325 (S.D. Ill. Oct. 23, 2012):

The Notice provided to the Class fully complied with Rule 23, was the best notice practicable, satisfied all constitutional due process requirements, and provides the Court with jurisdiction over the Class Members.

Analytics Consulting LLC
Partial List of Legal Notice and Class Action Consulting Experience

Practice Area	Engagement	Citation
Antitrust	<i>All Star Carts and Vehicles, Inc., et al. v. BFI Canada Income Fund, et al.</i>	No. 08-cv-01816 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In Re: Aftermarket Filters Antitrust Litigation</i>	No. 1:08-cv-04883, MDL No. 1957 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>In Re: Aluminum Phosphide Antitrust Litigation</i>	No. 93-cv-02452 (D. Kan.)
	<i>In Re: Beef Antitrust Litigation</i>	MDL No. 248 (N.D. Tex.)
	<i>In Re: Bromine Antitrust Litigation</i>	MDL No. 1310 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>In Re: Corrugated Container Antitrust Litigation</i>	MDL No. 310 (S.D. Tex.)
	<i>In Re: Industrial Silicon Antitrust Litigation</i>	No. 95-cv-02104 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>In Re: Multidistrict Civil Antitrust Actions Involving Antibiotic Drugs</i>	MDL No. 10 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In Re: Workers Compensation Insurance Antitrust Litigation</i>	No. 4:85-cv-01166 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Red Eagle Resources Corporation, Inc., et al. v. Baker Hughes Inc., et al.</i>	No. 91-cv-00627 (S.D. Tex.)
	<i>Rob'n I, Inc., et al. v. Uniform Code Counsel, Inc.</i>	No. 03-cv-203796-1 (Wash. Super. Ct. Spokane Cnty.)
	<i>Sarah F. Hall d/b/a Travel Specialist, et al. v. United Airlines, Inc., et al.,</i>	No. 7:00-cv-00123
	<i>U.S. v. David Merrick</i>	No. 6:10-cr-00109
	<i>U.S. v. Sixty-Four 68.5 lbs (Approx.) Silver Bars, et al.</i>	No. 09-cv-01731 (C.D. Cal.)
Asset Forfeiture	<i>United States of America v. \$1,802,651.56 in Funds Seized from E-Bullion, et al.</i>	No. 3:07-cr-00119 (W.D.N.Y.)
	<i>United States of America v. Alfredo Susi, et al.</i>	No. 05-cv-00058 (D.R.I.)
	<i>United States of America v. Elite Designs, Inc.</i>	No. 6:09-cv-01852 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>United States of America v. Evolution Marketing Group</i>	No. 4:09-cr-00013 (N.D. Okla.)
	<i>United States of America v. George David Gordon</i>	No. 09-cv-01770 (W.D. Wash.)
	<i>United States of America v. Regenesis Marketing Corporation</i>	
	<i>United States of America v. Sixty-Four 68.5 lbs (Approx.) Silver Bars, et al.</i>	
	<i>United States of America v. Zev Saltsman</i>	No. 04-cv-00641 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Agudelo v Pure Bros Investment's Inc., Inc.</i>	No. 2023-CH-01941 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Allen v R.J. Van Drunen & Sons, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-02106 (C.D. Ill.)
	<i>Alric Howell v Lakes Venture dba Fresh Thyme Farmers Market</i>	No. 1:20-cv-02213 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Alvarez Leon v Talerico Martin Corporation d/b/a Talerico Martin Retail Bakery</i>	No. 2024-CH-00527 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Amy Newton v Mission Care of Illinois, LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-02442 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Andrea Jones et al. v Rosebud Restaurants, Inc.</i>	No. 2019-CH-12910 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
Biometric Privacy	<i>Angela Karikari v Camagio Enterprises, Inc.</i>	No. 2019-L-000168 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Angelica Caballero v Long Grove PAC, LLC</i>	No. 2021-CH-00589 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Anthony Rodriguez v Senior Midwest Direct, Inc.</i>	No. 2021-CH-00811 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Anton Tucker et al. v Momence Packing Co.</i>	No. 2019-L-000098 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Kankakee Cnty.)
	<i>Ashley Norwood v 48Forty Solutions, LLC</i>	No. 2020-CH-01434 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Ashley Norwood v Shippers Warehouse of Illinois, Inc., Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-00917 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Bachmann v Wenzak Heartland, Inc.</i>	No. 2021-L-001253 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Bamberg v Dyamic Manufacturig, Inc.</i>	No. 2023-LA-000015 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Belicia Cruz v The Connor Group, A Real Estate Investment Firm, LLC</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01966 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Bell v Petco Animal Suppliss Stores, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-06455 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Bernal, et al v Native Wholesale, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CH-04118
	<i>Biagi v International Services, Inc</i>	No. 21CH00000311 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Lake Cnty.)
	<i>Billy Robinson v Lake Ventures, LLC dba Fresh Thyme, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-06541 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Brian R. Vaughn v Biomat USA, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-04241 (N.D. Ill.)

Analytics Consulting LLC
Partial List of Legal Notice and Class Action Consulting Experience

Practice Area	Engagement	Citation
	<i>Brittany Willoughby v Lincoln Insurance Agency, Inc.</i>	No. 2022-CH-01917 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Bryan Goree v New Albertsons LP</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01738 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Campos v Authentic Brands of Chicago, LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 2023-CH-02107 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Carbajal v Fuchs Lubricants Company</i>	No. 22-CH-12344 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Casey Franklin v TMS International, LLC</i>	No. 2:23-cv-02087 (C.D. Ill.)
	<i>Cedric Redmond v FQSR, LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-06809 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Charles Devose v Ron's Temporary Help Services, Inc. d/b/a Ron's Staffing Services, Inc.</i>	No. 19-L-1022 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Will Cnty.)
	<i>Charles Hilson v MTIL, Inc.</i>	No. 20-L-440 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Will Cnty.)
	<i>Charles Thurman et al. v NorthShore University HealthSystem</i>	No. 2018-CH-3544 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Christopher Crosby et al. v Courier Express One, Inc.</i>	No. 2019-CH-03391 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Cirillo v. United RX, LLC</i>	No. 2022-LA-75
	<i>Clifford Like et al. v Professional Freezing Services LLC</i>	No. 2019-CH-04194 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Damien Woodard v Dylan's Candybar LLC</i>	No. 2019-CH-05158 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Danielle Parker v Dabecca Natural Foods, Inc.</i>	No. 2019-CH-1845 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Darrin Hall v Whiting Corporation</i>	No. : 2021L000912 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Will Cnty.)
	<i>Deanna Ramirez v Greater Rockford Auto Auction, Inc.</i>	No. 2021-L-48 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Winnebago Cnty.)
	<i>Dearlo Terry v Griffith Foods</i>	No. 2019-CH-12910 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Demarion Robinson v Shamrock TBC, Inc.</i>	No. 2022-CH-04364 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Diahann Cook v John C. Proctor Endowment d/b/a Proctor Place, JCPE Investments, and JCPE Properties LLC</i>	No. 21-L-00083 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Peoria Cnty.)
	<i>Drape et al. v S.F. Express Corporation</i>	No. 20-L-001094 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Duncan v Optimas OE Solutions, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2024-LA-883 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Edwards v IMI Norgren LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-50338 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Enrique Zamudio v Charter Precision, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2023-CH-02159 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Eslanda Bertasiute v The Hari Group, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CH-07055 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Flores v. Filter Technology, Inc</i>	No. 2024-CH-06990
	<i>Francesca Graziano et al. v Royal Die and Stamping LLC dba Royal Power Solutions, LLC</i>	No. 2019-L-00169 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Franchini v Accu-Time Systems</i>	No. 21-cv-05075 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Francois v Swipeclock, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2022-CH-01041 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Gabriela Bautista v Deslauriers, Inc.</i>	No. 2023-CH-03023 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Galvez v Spring Creek Nursing & Rehab Center L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-06013 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Garfias v. Superior Knife, LLC</i>	No. 2021-CH-03660
	<i>Genesis Martinez v Ralph Lauren Corporation</i>	No. 1:21-cv-01181 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>George Ayala v. American Louver Company and Plasticade Products Corporation</i>	No. 2022-LA-800
	<i>Glen Ralph v. Colony Hardware Corporation</i>	No. 22-LA-656
	<i>Gniecki Katarzyna v Columbia Sussex Management</i>	No. 2021-CH-00677 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Gomez v Bass Company dba Breese Journal and Publishing Company</i>	No. 2013-CH-4 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Clinton Cnty.)
	<i>Grabowska v The Millard Group, L.L.C., Inc.</i>	No. 17-CH-13730 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Heard v St Bernard Hospital</i>	No. 2017-CH-12271 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Heard, et al. v. THC – Northshore, Inc.</i>	No. 2017-CH-16918 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Hector Campos v Sonoco Products Company</i>	No. 2021-CH-01223
	<i>Henderson v D.T. Chicagoland Express, Inc. dba CXI Trucking</i>	No. 2021-CH-00498
	<i>Herman v Missouri Fiesta Inc, Inc.</i>	No. 2024-CH-000020 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Sangamon Cnty.)

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	<i>Hernandez v Niles Grocery, LLC dba Patel Brothers</i>	No. 2021-CH-00552
	<i>Holm v Presence Health Network, Inc.</i>	No. 2018-CH-1628 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Hubler v Placesmart Agency d/b/a/ Nashville Material & Supply LLC</i>	No. 2021-L-11 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Washington Cnty.)
	<i>Hughes v Mayfield Care Center L.L.C.</i>	No. 2018-CH-13122 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Isidro Colonia Jr. v Trinity Property Consultants, LLC</i>	No. 1:20-cv-06130 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Jacob Weeks v Tricon Industries Manufacturing</i>	No. 2021-L-32 (Ill. Cir. Ct. LaSalle Cnty.)
	<i>Jada Marsh v CLS Plasma, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-07606 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>James Boyd v Lazer Spot, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-08173 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Javier Vega v Mid-America Taping & Reeling, Inc.</i>	No. 2019-CH-03776 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Jennifer Chatman v Euromarket Designs, Inc. dba Crate & Barrel</i>	No. 2018-CH-09277 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Jeremy Webb et al. v Plochman, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-L-15 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Kankakee Cnty.)
	<i>JeromeTims v Black Horse Carriers, Inc.</i>	No. 19-CH-3522 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Jerrold Lane et al. v Schenker, Inc.</i>	No. 3:19-cv-00507 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Joe Fisher v HP Property Management LLC</i>	No. 2019-CH-14082
	<i>Joel Baltazar v Midlothian Country Club,</i>	No. 2013-CH-02048 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Jorge Palacios v H&M Hennes & Mauritz L.P.</i>	No. 18-CH-16030 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Joseph Ross v Caremel, Inc.</i>	No. 2019-L-000010 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Kankakee Cnty.)
	<i>Joshua Eden Mims v Monda Window & Door Corp.</i>	No. 2019-CH-10371 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Kanya Fort v Antech Diagnostics, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00367 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Katherine Martinez et al. v Nando's Restaurant Group, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-07012 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Kimberly Smith v ARG Resources, LLC d/b/a Arby's</i>	No. 2019-CH-12528 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Krigsholm v JohnsByrne California L.L.C.,</i>	No. 2023-CH-09571 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Kyles v AbleHearts Consulting Services LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 2022-CH-02409 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Lamarcus Varnado v West Liberty Foods, L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-02035 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Latonia Williams v Personalizationmall.Com, LLC</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00025 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Lawrence et al v Atria Management Company, LLC</i>	No. 2020-CH-01384 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Lawrence v Capital Senior Living, Inc.</i>	No. 2021-L-000267 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Leen Abusaleem et al. v The Standard Market, LLC</i>	No. 2019-L-000517 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Leonardo Sierra v Arlington Plating Acquisition Company, Inc.</i>	No. 2023-CH-2085 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Locke v Fidelitone</i>	No. 2021-L-000068 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Lopez v Metraflex Company</i>	No. 22-CH-4354 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Marcus McCullum v IKO Midwest, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CH-05114 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Maria Tapia-Rendon v United Tape & Finishing Co., Inc</i>	No. 1:21-cv-03400 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Marquis Orr v. Crown Linen Service</i>	No. 2022-LA-7
	<i>Martinez v Aaron Thomas Company, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-05516 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Maurilio Ortega v Rapid Displays, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CH-00140 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Maysoun Abudayyeh v Envoy Air, Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-00142 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>McGinnis v United States Cold Storage, Inc., Inc.</i>	No. 1:17-cv-08054 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Melone v General RV Center</i>	No. 21-L-000405 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Kane Cnty.)
	<i>Michael Pfotenhauer v Alfagomma Aurora TF LLC</i>	No. : 21L000251 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Kane Cnty.)
	<i>Michelle Sedory v Aldi, Inc.</i>	No. 20-CH-02768 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Milton Davis v WIRCO, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-02279 (C.D. Ill.)

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	<i>Mims v Trippe Manufacturing Company, d/b/a Trippe Lite</i>	No. 2019-CH-10189 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Morales v Graham Packing Plastic Products, LLC</i>	No. 2021-L-000801 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Neisha Torres et al. v Eataly Chicago, LLC</i>	No. 2020-CH-6417 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Nicolasa Iribarren v Kuehne + Nagel, Inc.</i>	No. 2021-CH-03661 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Nicole Kordie v HCF Management, Inc.</i>	No. 3:24-cv-00139
	<i>Nieto v Shoreline Marine Company</i>	No. 21-CH-5747 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Olman v U.S.A. Recycling, Inc. d/b/a Pallet Logistics Management, Inc.</i>	No. 21-L-0737 (Ill. Cir. Ct. St. Clair Cnty.)
	<i>Ortega v NNR Global Logistics, Inc.</i>	No. 2021-CH-6337 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Otilia Garcia et al. v Club Colors Buyers LLC</i>	No. 2020-L-001330 (Ill. Cir. Ct. DuPage Cnty.)
	<i>Paulson v New Crown Holdings LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 2021-CH-0000034 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Pavel Balaz v Wayfair LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 2019-CH-13875 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Rafael Vazquez v Pet Food Experts, Inc.</i>	No. 2019-CH-14746 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Ramsey v. Daley's Medical Transportation, Inc. d/b/a Bud's Ambulance</i>	No. 2022-LA-0591
	<i>Rea v Skolnik Industries, Inc.</i>	No. 2021-CH-00571 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Ricardo White v Bridgeway of Bensenville Independent Living, LLC</i>	No. 2019-CH-03397 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Ricky Jones v. Whole Foods Market Group, Inc.</i>	No. 22-cv-01389
	<i>Rivera v American Freedom Insurance Co.</i>	No. 2020-CH-06596 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Roach v. Walmart Inc.</i>	No. 2019-CH-01107 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Roberson v Maestro Consulting Services LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 3:20-cv-00895 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Robert Corey v Wireless Vision, LLC</i>	No. 2020-CH-1192 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Rogers v. Border Foods, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 2021-L-0000019 (Ill. Cir. Ct.)
	<i>Rosalinda Monroe v Illinois Tool Works, Inc.</i>	No. 2019-CH-12053 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Rosy Gomez v Resource Management Group, Inc.</i>	No. 2021-CH-04440 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Ryan Curry v County Materials Corp.BIPA</i>	No. 2:22-cv-02015 (C.D. Ill.)
	<i>Sambolin v Ethos Veterinarian Health, LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-03276 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Sanchez v Agile Pursuits, Inc. d/b/a Tide Cleaners f/k/a Pressbox LLC</i>	No. 2020-CH-02640 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Scott Marion v Ring Container Technologies, LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 2019-L-89 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Kankakee Cnty.)
	<i>Seyon Haywood v Flex-n-Gate Plastics, LLC</i>	No. 19-CH-12933 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Seyon Haywood v Thyssenkrupp Dynamic Components Danville, LLC</i>	No. 2021-L-000057 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Vermillion Cnty.)
	<i>Shannon Griffin v Timeco Systems, Inc.</i>	No. 8:23-cv-00222 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>Sheriff v Lewis Machine & Tool Co</i>	No. 2021-L-87 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Rock Island Cnty.)
	<i>Shonnette Banks v Meridian Lodging Associates, LLP</i>	No. 1:20-cv-07030 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Sloat v Camfil USA, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-05125 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Stark v Joliet Cold Storage, LLC</i>	No. 191182 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Will Cnty.)
	<i>Steve Radak v CR Express, Inc.</i>	No. 2023-CH-09927 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Steven Horn v Method Products</i>	No. 1:21-cv-05621
	<i>Steven Stegmann v Petsmart L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01179 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Stiles v. Specialty Promotions, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CH-03776 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Sykes v. Clearstaff, Inc.</i>	No. 19-CH-03390 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Tamara Colon v Dynacast, L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-04561 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Tapia-Renton v Employer Solutions Staffing Group II, LLC, et al.</i>	No. 21-cv-03400 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Terrence Coleman v Krispy Kreme Doughnut Corporation</i>	No. 2023-CH-02143 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)

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Business	<i>Thompson v Matcor Metal Fabrication, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CH-0013 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Tazewell Cnty.)
	<i>Tiffanie Snider v Heartland Beef, Inc.</i>	No. 4:20-cv-04026 (C.D. Ill.)
	<i>Trayes v Midcon Hospitality Group, LLC et al.</i>	No. 19-CH-11117 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Treadwell v Power Solutions International Inc, Inc.</i>	No. 1:18-cv-08212 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Tylisha Allen v Flanders Corp.</i>	No. 2022-LA-000154 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Sangamon Cnty.)
	<i>Tyronne L. Helm et al. v Marigold, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CH-003971 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Villasenor v Air & Ground Services, Inc.</i>	No. 2021-CH-5558 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>White v Willow Crest Nursing Pavilion, LTD</i>	No. 2021-CH-04785 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>William Clow v The Sygma Network, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01094 (C.D. Ill.)
	<i>Young v Integrity Healthcare Communities, L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:20-cv-00244 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Young v Tri City Foods, Inc.</i>	No. 2018-CH-13114
	<i>American Golf Schools, LLC, et al. v. EFS National Bank, et al.</i>	No. 00-cv-05208
	<i>AVR, Inc. and Amidon Graphics v. Churchill Truck Lines</i>	No. 4:96-cv-00401 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Buchanan v. Discovery Health Records Solutions</i>	No. 13-015968-CA-25 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Miami-Dade Cnty.)
	<i>Do Right's Plant Growers, et al. v. RSM EquiCo, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 06-CC-00137 (Cal. Super. Ct. Orange Cnty.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Ameritel Payphone Distributors</i>	No. 00-cv-00514 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Cephalon</i>	No. 08-cv-02141 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Datacom Marketing, Inc.</i>	No. 06-cv-02574 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Davison & Associates, Inc.</i>	No. 97-cv-01278 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Fidelity ATM, Inc.</i>	No. 06-cv-81101 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Financial Resources Unlimited, Inc.</i>	No. 03-cv-08864 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. First American Payment Processing Inc.</i>	No. 04-cv-00074 (D. Ariz.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Group C Marketing, Inc.</i>	No. 06-cv-06019 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Jordan Ashley, Inc.</i>	No. 09-cv-23507 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Medical Billers Network, Inc.</i>	No. 05-cv-02014 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Minuteman Press Int'l</i>	No. 93-cv-02496 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Netfran Development Corp</i>	No. 05-cv-22223 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. USA Beverages, Inc.</i>	No. 05-cv-61682 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>Garcia, et al. v. Allergan, Inc.</i>	No. 11-cv-09811 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Gerald Young et al. v. HealthPort Technologies, LLC, et al.</i>	No. LACL130175 (Iowa Dist. Ct. Polk Cnty.)
	<i>Goldberg et al. v. HealthPort Inc. et al.</i>	No. L-1421-14 (N.J. Super. Ct. Essex Cnty.)
	<i>In Re Google AdWords Litigation</i>	No. 5:08-cv-03369 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>In re Syngenta Ag Mir 162 Corn Litigation</i>	No. 2:14-md-02591 (D. Kan.)
	<i>Jared Kruger v Lely North America, Inc.</i>	No. 0:20-cv-00629 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Law Offices of Henry E. Gare, P.A., et al. v. Healthport Technologies, LLC</i>	No. 16-2011-CA-010202 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Duval Cnty.)
	<i>Melby et al. v. America's MHT, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 3:17-cv-00155 (N.D. Tex.)
	<i>Number Queen, Ltd. et al. v. Redgear Technologies, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 14-cv-00064 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Physicians of Winter Haven LLC v. STERIS Corp.</i>	No. 1:10-cv-00264 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Richard P. Console, JR., P.C. v. Medical Records Online Inc.</i>	No. CAM-L-2133-18 (N.J. Super. Ct. Camden Cnty.)
	<i>Sue Ramirez et al. v. Smart Professional Photocopy Corporation</i>	No. 01-L-385 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Peoria Cnty.)
	<i>Terry Bishop v DeLaval, Inc.</i>	No. 19-cv-06129 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Todd Tompkins, Doug Daug and Timothy Nelson v. BASF Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 96-cv-00059 (D.N.D.)

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CIPA Civil Rights	<i>Waxler Transportation Company, Inc. v. Trinity Marine Products, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 08-cv-01363
	<i>Julie Jones v Arhaus, LLC</i>	No. 23-cv-00984 (S.D. Cal.)
	<i>Bentley v. Sheriff of Essex County</i>	No. 11-01907 (Mass. Super. Ct. Essex Cnty.)
	<i>Cazenave, et al. v. Sheriff Charles C. Foti, Jr., et al.</i>	No. 00-cv-01246
	<i>David Horein v Michigan Department of Health and Human Services</i>	No. 23-000063
	<i>Diggs v Carol Mici, Inc.</i>	No. 4:22-cv-40003 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Garcia, et al v. Metro Gang Strike Force, et al.</i>	No. 09-cv-01996 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Gregory Garvey, Sr., et al. v. Frederick B. MacDonald & Forbes Byron</i>	No. 3:07-cv-30049 (D. Mass.)
	<i>McCain, et al. v. Bloomberg, et al.</i>	Index No. 41023/83
	<i>Minich, et al. v Spencer, et al.</i>	No. 84-cv-00278
	<i>Nancy Zamarron, et al. v. City of Siloam Springs, et al.</i>	No. 08-cv-05166
	<i>Nathan Tyler, et al. v. Suffolk County, et al.</i>	No. 1:06-cv-11354 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Nilsen v. York County</i>	No. 02-cv-00212 (D. Me.)
	<i>Richard S. Souza et al. v. Sheriff Thomas M. Hodgson</i>	No. 2002-0870 (Mass. Super. Ct.)
	<i>SA v MN Dept Public Safety</i>	No. 62-CV-23-275 (Minn. Dist. Ct. Ramsey Cnty.)
	<i>Seaton v Atos Healthcare Services, L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-01526 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Taha v. County of Bucks</i>	No. 12-cv-06867 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Travis Brecher, et al. v. St. Croix County, Wisconsin, et al.</i>	No. 02-cv-00450 (W.D. Wis.)
	<i>Tyrone Johnson et al. v CoreCivic et al.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01309 (D. Nev.)
	<i>US EEOC v B & H Foto & Electronics Corp, Inc.</i>	No. 1:07-cv-09241 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Adam Berkson, et al. v. Gogo LLC and Gogo Inc.,</i>	No. 1:14-cv-01199 (S.D.N.Y.)
Consumer	<i>Alimi v Integrity Management Group, LLC et al.</i>	No. 2021-CH-03274 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Amelia Reynolds v Concordia University, St Paul</i>	No. 0:21-cv-02560 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Andrew J. Hudak, et al. v. United Companies Lending Corporation</i>	No. 334659 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Cuyahoga Cnty.)
	<i>Angela Doss, et al. v. Glenn Daniels Corporation</i>	No. 02-cv-00787
	<i>Angell v. Skechers Canada</i>	No. 8562-12 (Que. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Ann McCracken et al. v Verisma Systems, Inc.</i>	No. 6:14-cv-06248 (W.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Anthony Talalai, et al. v. Cooper Tire & Rubber Company</i>	No. L-008830-00-MT (N.J. Super. Ct. Middlesex Cnty.)
	<i>Ballard, et al. v. A A Check Cashiers, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 01-cv-351 (Ark. Cir. Ct. Washingotn Cnty.)
	<i>Baris Arin v Riverset Credit Union</i>	No. GD-18-012065 (Pa. Ct. Com. Pl. Allegheny Cnty.)
	<i>Belinda Peterson, et al. v. H & R Block Tax Services, Inc.</i>	No. 95-CH-2389 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Biscan et al. v. Shields Health Care Group, Inc</i>	No. 1:22-cv-10901 (D. Mass.); No. 2382-CV-0023 (Mass. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Boland v. Consolidated Multiple Listing Service, Inc.</i>	No. 3:19-cv-01335 (D.S.C.)
	<i>Braulio M. Cuesta, et al. v. Ford Motor Company, Inc., and Williams Controls, Inc.</i>	No. 06-cv-00061 (E.D. Okla.)
	<i>Cantave v St Joseph's, Inc.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-03181 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Caprarola, et al. v. Helxberg Diamond Shops, Inc.</i>	No. 13-cv-06493 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Carideo et al. v. Dell, Inc.</i>	No. 06-cv-01772 (W.D. Wash.)
	<i>Carnegie v. Household International, Inc.</i>	No. 98-cv-02178 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Castillo v MSCHF Product Studio, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-22850 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>Che Clark v. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.. et al.</i>	No. 0:17-cv-01069 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Christine Gambino et al. v CIOX Health, LLC</i>	No. 2015-CA-006038-B (D.C. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Clair Loewy v. Live Nation Worldwide Inc.</i>	No. 11-cv-04872 (N.D. Ill.)

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	<i>Cole Ulrich v General Motors, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:24-cv-11007 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Conradie v. Caliber Home Loans</i>	No. 4:14-cv-00430 (S.D. Iowa)
	<i>Consumer Financial Protection Bureau v. Corinthian Colleges, Inc.</i>	No. 1:14-cv-07194 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Consumer Financial Protection Bureau v. Park View Law</i>	No. 2:17-cv-04721 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Consumer Financial Protection Bureau v. Prime Credit, L.L.C., et al.</i>	No. 2:17-cv-04720 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Consumer Financial Protection Bureau v. Prime Marketing Holdings</i>	No. 2:16-cv-07111 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Consumer Financial Protection Bureau v. Security National Automotive Acceptance</i>	No. 1:15-cv-00401 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Covey, et al. v. American Safety Council, Inc.</i>	No. 2010-CA-009781-0 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Orange Cnty.)
	<i>Cummins, et al. v. H&R Block, et al.</i>	No. 03-C-134 (W. Va. Cir. Ct. Kanawha Cnty.)
	<i>David and Laurie Seeger, et al. v. Global Fitness Holdings, LLC</i>	No. 09-CI-3094, (Ky. Cir. Ct. Boone Cnty.)
	<i>District of Columbia v Maplebear, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CA-00377-B (D.C. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Dominic Alunni v Lebanon Valley College, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-01424 (M.D. Pa.)
	<i>Don C. Lundell, et al. v. Dell, Inc.</i>	No. 05-cv-03970 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Duffy v. Security Pacific Automotive Financial Services Corp., et al.</i>	No. 3:93-cv-00729 (S.D. Cal.)
	<i>Duncan v Endurance Warranty Services LLC</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00505 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Edward Hawley, et al. v. American Pioneer Title Insurance Company</i>	No. CA CE 03-016234 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Broward Cnty.)
	<i>Evans v RWS Resources, L.L.C.</i>	No. 4:23-cv-00120 (W.D. Ky.)
	<i>Evans, et al. v. Linden Research, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 4:11-cv-01078 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. and The People of the State of New York v. UrbanQ</i>	No. 03-cv-33147 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v A1 DocPrep Inc. et al.</i>	No. 2:17-cv-07044 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v First Universal Lending, LLC et al.</i>	No. 9:09-cv-82322 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v Student Debt Doctor, LLC et al.</i>	No. 17-cv-61937 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. 1st Beneficial Credit Services LLC</i>	No. 02-cv-01591 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>F.T.C. v. 9094-5114 Quebec, Inc.</i>	No. 03-cv-07486 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Ace Group, Inc.</i>	No. 08-cv-61686 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Affordable Media LLC</i>	No. 98-cv-00669 (D. Nev.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. AmeraPress, Inc.</i>	No. 98-cv-00143 (N.D. Tex.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. American Bartending Institute, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 05-cv-05261 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. American International Travel Services Inc.</i>	No. 99-cv-06943 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Asset & Capital Management Group</i>	No. 8:13-cv-01107 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Bigsmart.com, L.L.C., et al.</i>	No. 01-cv-00466 (D. Ariz.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Broadway Global Master Inc</i>	No. 2:12-cv-00855 (E.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Call Center Express Corp.</i>	No. 04-cv-22289 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Capital Acquisitions and Management Corp.</i>	No. 04-cv-50147 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Capital City Mortgage Corp.</i>	No. 98-cv-00237 (D.D.C.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Centro Natural Corp</i>	No. 1:14-cv-23879 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Certified Merchant Services, Ltd., et al.</i>	No. 4:02-cv-00044 (E.D. Tex.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Check Inforcement</i>	No. 03-cv-02115 (D.N.J.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Chierico et al.</i>	No. 96-cv-01754 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Clickformail.com, Inc.</i>	No. 03-cv-03033 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Consumer Credit Services</i>	No. 96-cv-01990 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Consumer Direct Enterprises, LLC.</i>	No. 07-cv-00479 (D. Nev.)

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	<i>F.T.C. v. Debt Management Foundation Services, Inc.</i>	No. 04-cv-01674 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Delaware Solutions</i>	No. 1:15-cv-00875 (W.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. DeVry Education Group Inc.</i>	No. 2:16-cv-00579 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Digital Enterprises, Inc.</i>	No. 06-cv-04923 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Dillon Sherif</i>	No. 02-cv-00294 (W.D. Wash.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Discovery Rental, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 6:00-cv-01057 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. EdebitPay, LLC.</i>	No. 07-cv-04880 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Electronic Financial Group, Inc.</i>	No. 03-cv-00211 (W.D. Tex.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Eureka Solutions</i>	No. 97-cv-01280 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Federal Data Services, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 00-cv-06462 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Financial Advisors & Associates, Inc.</i>	No. 08-cv-00907 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. First Alliance Mortgage Co.</i>	No. 00-cv-00964 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. First Capital Consumer Membership Services Inc., et al.</i>	No. 1:00-cv-00905 (W.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. First Capital Consumers Group, et al.</i>	No. 02-cv-07456 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Franklin Credit Services, Inc.</i>	No. 98-cv-07375 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Global Web Solutions, Inc., d/b/a USA Immigration Services, et al.</i>	No. 03-cv-23031 (D.D.C.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Granite Mortgage, LLC</i>	No. 99-cv-00289 (E.D. Ky.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Herbalife International of America</i>	No. 2:16-cv-05217 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. ICR Services, Inc.</i>	No. 03-cv-05532 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. iMall, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 99-cv-03650 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Inbound Call Experts, LLC</i>	No. 9:14-cv-81395 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Information Management Forum, Inc.</i>	No. 6:12-cv-00986 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Ira Smolev, et al.</i>	No. 01-cv-08922 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Jeffrey L. Landers</i>	No. 00-cv-01582 (N.D. Ga.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Jewelway International, Inc.</i>	No. 97-cv-00383 (D. Ariz.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Kevin Trudeau</i>	No. 98-cv-00168 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Komaco International, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 02-cv-04566 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. LAP Financial Services, Inc.</i>	No. 3:99-cv-00496 (W.D. Ky.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Lumos Labs, Inc.</i>	No. 3:16-cv-00001 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Marketing & Vending, Inc. Concepts, L.L.C., et al.</i>	No. 00-cv-01131 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Mercantile Mortgage</i>	No. 02-cv-05078 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Merchant Services Direct, LLC</i>	No. 2:13-cv-00279 (E.D. Wash.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Meridian Capital Management</i>	No. 96-cv-00063 (D. Nev.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. NAGG Secured Investments</i>	No. 00-cv-02080 (W.D. Wash.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. National Consumer Council, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 04-cv-00474 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. National Credit Management Group</i>	No. 98-cv-00936 (D.N.J.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. National Supply & Data Distribution Services</i>	No. 99-cv-00128 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Nationwide Information Services, Inc.</i>	No. 00-cv-06505 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. NBTY, Inc.</i>	No. 05-cv-04793 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. NetSpend</i>	No. 1:16-cv-04203 (N.D. Ga.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. NutriMost LLC</i>	No. 2:17-cv-00509 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. One Technologies, LP</i>	No. 3:14-cv-05066 (N.D. Cal.)

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	<i>F.T.C. v. Oro Marketing</i>	No. 2:13-cv-08843 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Pace Corporation</i>	No. 94-cv-03625 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Paradise Palms Vacation Club</i>	No. 81-cv-01160 (W.D. Wash.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Patrick Cella, et al.</i>	No. 03-cv-03202 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Platinum Universal, LLC</i>	No. 03-cv-61987 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Raymond Urso</i>	No. 97-cv-02680 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Rincon Management Services, LLC</i>	No. 5:11-cv-01623 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Robert S. Dolgin</i>	No. 97-cv-00833 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Southern Maintenance Supplies</i>	No. 99-cv-00975 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Star Publishing Group, Inc.</i>	No. 00-cv-00023 (D. Wyo.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Stratford Career Institute</i>	No. 1:16-cv-00371 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Stuffingforcash.com Corp.</i>	No. 02-cv-05022 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Target Vending Systems, L.L.C., et al.</i>	No. 00-cv-00955 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. The College Advantage, Inc.</i>	No. 03-cv-00179 (E.D. Tex.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. The Crescent Publishing Group, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 00-cv-06315 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. The Tax Club</i>	No. 13-cv-00210
	<i>F.T.C. v. The Tungsten Group, Inc.</i>	No. 01-cv-00773 (E.D. Va.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Think Achievement Corp.</i>	No. 2:98-cv-00012 (N.D. Ind.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Think All Publishing</i>	No. 07-cv-00011 (E.D. Tex.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Tracfone</i>	No. 3:15-cv-00392 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Trustsoft, Inc.</i>	No. 05-cv-01905 (S.D. Tex.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Unicyber Gilboard, Inc.</i>	No. 04-cv-01569 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. US Grant Resources, LLC.</i>	No. 04-cv-00596
	<i>F.T.C. v. Verity International, Ltd., et al.</i>	No. 00-cv-07422 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Wellquest International, Inc.</i>	No. 2:03-cv-05002 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Wolf Group</i>	No. 94-cv-08119 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>Federal Trade Commission and the State of Wisconsin v Rhinelander Auto Center, Inc.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00737 (W.D. Wis.)
	<i>Federal Trade Commission v American Vehicle Protection Corp.</i>	No. 0:22-cv-06098 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>Federal Trade Commission v BCO Consulting Services, Inc.</i>	No. 8:23-cv-00699 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Federal Trade Commission v Hope Services</i>	No. 8:15-cv-00585 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Federal Trade Commission v NRRM, L.L.C.</i>	No. 4:24-cv-01055 (E.D. Mo.)
	<i>Federal Trade Commission v Nutraclick, LLC</i>	No. 2:20-cv-08612 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Federal Trade Commission v Rejuvica L.L.C.</i>	No. 8:23-cv-01286 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Federal Trade Commission v SL Finance, L.L.C.</i>	No. 8:23-cv-00698 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Fernando N. Lopez and Mallory Lopez, et al. v. City Of Weston</i>	No. CACE-99-8958 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Broward Cnty.)
	<i>Fine v KC Life Insurance Company</i>	No. 2:22-cv-02071 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Fiori, et al. v. Dell Inc., et al.</i>	No. 09-cv-01518 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>FMS, Inc. v. Dell, Inc. et al.,</i>	No. 03-2-23781-7SEA (Wash. Super. Ct. King Cnty.)
	<i>Frederick v Manor Care of Hemet CA, LLC</i>	No. MCC2000202 (Cal. Super. Ct. Riverside Cnty.)
	<i>FTC and the People of the State of CA v Ygrene Energy Fund, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-07864 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>FTC v 9140-9201 Quebec Inc. dba Premium Business Pages, Inc.</i>	No. 1:18-cv-04115
	<i>FTC v Apex Capital Group, L.L.C.</i>	FTC File No. 172-3189; No. 18-cv-09573 (C.D. Cal.)

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	<i>FTC v Elite IT Partners, Inc.</i>	No. 2:19-cv-00125 (D. Utah)
	<i>FTC v Fat Giraffe Marketing Group LLC</i>	No. 2:19-cv-00063 (D. Utah)
	<i>FTC v Grand Teton Professionals, LLC et al.</i>	No. 3:19-cv-00933 (D. Conn.)
	<i>FTC v Manhattan Beach Venture LLC</i>	No. 2:19-cv-07849 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>FTC v Physician's Technology, LLC</i>	No. 2:20-cv-11694 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>FTC v Renaissance Health Publishing, LLC dba Renown Health Products</i>	No. 9:20-cv-80640 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>FTC v Slac, Inc.</i>	No. 5:20-cv-00470 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>FTC v Zycal Bioceuticals Healthcare Company, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-10249 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Galatis, et al. v. Psak, Graziano Piasecki & Whitelaw, et al.</i>	No. L-005900-04 (N.J. Super. Ct. Middlesex Cnty.)
	<i>Garcia v. Allergan</i>	No. 11-cv-09811 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Gloria Lopez et al. v Progressive County Mutual Insurance Company</i>	No. 5:19-cv-00380 (W.D. Tex.)
	<i>Gomez v Posh Group, Inc.</i>	No. 2025-006937-CA-01 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Miami-Dade Cnty.)
	<i>Grabowski v. Skechers U.S.A., Inc.</i>	No. 3:12-cv-00204 (W.D. Ky.)
	<i>Grant Bauserman v Unemployment Insurance Agency</i>	No. 2015-000202-MM (Mich. Ct. Cl.)
	<i>Greg Benney, et al. v. Sprint International Communications Corp. et al.</i>	No. 02-cv-1422 (Kan. Dist. Ct. Wyandotte Cnty.)
	<i>Griffin v. Dell Canada Inc</i>	No. 07-CV-325223D2 (Ont. Super. Ct. J.)
	<i>Haas and Shahbazi vs. Navient Solutions and Navient Credit Finance Corporation</i>	No. 15-35586 (S.D. Tex.)
	<i>Harris, et al. v. Roto-Rooter Services Company</i>	No. 00-L-525 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Madison Cnty.)
	<i>Harrison, et al. v. Pacific Bay Properties</i>	No. BC285320 (Cal. Super. Ct. L.A. Cnty.)
	<i>Heather Villegas v Cricut, Inc.</i>	No. 37-2023-0009047-CU-FR-CTL (Cal. Super. Ct. San Diego Cnty.)
	<i>Henderson, et al. v. Volvo Cars of North America, LLC, et al.</i>	No. 09-cv-04146 (D.N.J.)
	<i>Hernandez v Star Brands North America, Inc., Inc.</i>	No. 22-16886 (Pa. Ct. Com. Pl. Berks Cnty.)
	<i>In re H&R Block IRS Form 8863 Litigation</i>	No. 4:13-md-02474 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>In Re: Bancomer Transfer Services Mexico Money Transfer Litigation</i>	No. BC238061, BC239611 (Cal. Super. Ct. L.A. Cnty.)
	<i>In Re: Certainteed Fiber Cement Siding Litigation</i>	MDL No. 2270 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>In Re: H&R Block Express IRA Marketing Litigation</i>	No. 06-md-01786 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>In Re: High Carbon Concrete Litigation</i>	No. 97-cv-20657 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: High Sulfur Content Gasoline Products Liability Litigation</i>	MDL No. 1632
	<i>In Re: Ria Telecommunications and Afex Mexico Money Transfer Litigation</i>	No. 99-cv-00759
	<i>In Re: Salmonella Litigation</i>	No. 94-cv-16304 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In the Matter of Kushly Industries LLC</i>	FTC File No. 202-3111
	<i>In the Matter of Lions Not Sheep Products, LLC</i>	FTC File No. 222-3023
	<i>Janet Figueroa, et al. v. Fidelity National Title Insurance Company</i>	No. 04-CV-0898 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Miami Dade Cnty.)
	<i>Jerome H. Schlink v. Edina Realty Title</i>	No. 02-cv-18380 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Joe Key v Lon Smith & Associates, Inc.</i>	No. 236-267881-13 (Tex. Dist. Ct. District Court of Tarrant Cnty.)
	<i>Joel E. Zawikowski, et al. v. Beneficial National Bank, et al.</i>	No. 98-cv-02178 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>John Babb, et al. v. Wilsonart International, Inc.</i>	No. CT-001818-04 (Tenn. Cir. Ct. Shelby Cnty.)
	<i>John Colin Suttles, et al. v. Specialty Graphics, Inc.,</i>	No. 14-cv-00505 (W.D. Tex.)
	<i>Johnson v Healdsburg Senior Living Community et al.</i>	No. SCV-269797
	<i>Kenneth Toner, et al. v. Cadet Manufacturing Company</i>	No. 98-2-10876-2SEA (Wash. Super. Ct. King Cnty.)
	<i>Kiefer, et al. v. Ceridian Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 3:95-cv-00818 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Kim Schroll et al. v Lakewood Residential Care LLC dba Lakewood Park Manor</i>	No. 18STCV29819 (Cal. Super. Ct. L.A. Cnty.)

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	<i>Kobylanski et al. v. Motorola Mobility, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 13-cv-01181 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Kovacs v Film Forum, Inc.</i>	Index No. 650686/2024 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. N.Y. Cnty.)
	<i>Linda Horsley v Shakespeare Street Associates</i>	No. GD-18-012027 (Pa. Ct. Com. Pl. Allegheny Cnty.)
	<i>Lisa Ranieri et al. v AdvoCare International, L.P.</i>	No. 3:17-cv-00691 (N.D. Tex.)
	<i>Long et al v. Americredit Financial Services, Inc.</i>	No. 0:2011-02752 (Minn. Dist. Ct. Hennepin Cnty.)
	<i>Louis Thula, et al. v. Lawyers Title Insurance Corporation</i>	No. 0405324-11 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Broward Cnty.)
	<i>Lynn Henderson, et al. v. Volvo Cars of North America, LLC, et al.</i>	No. 2:09-cv-04146 (D.N.J.)
	<i>Lynnette Lijewski, et al. v. Regional Transit Board, et al.</i>	No. 4:93-cv-01108 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Mark Laughman, et al. v. Wells Fargo Leasing Corp. et al.</i>	No. 96-cv-00925 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Mark Parisot et al v. US Title Guaranty Company</i>	No. 0822-CC09381 (Mo. Cir. Ct. St. Louis City)
	<i>Mark R. Lund v. Universal Title Company</i>	No. 05-cv-00411 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Marks, et al. v. The Realty Associates Fund X, et al.</i>	No. CA No. SUCV2018-00056-BLS1 (Mass. Super. Ct. Suffolk Cnty.)
	<i>Maturo v Eagle Brook Arcis, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2023-MR-255 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Kane Cnty.)
	<i>Mazloom v Navient Solutions</i>	No. 20-80033-6
	<i>Melissa Castille Dodge, et al. v. Phillips College of New Orleans, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 95-cv-02302
	<i>Michael Drogin, et al. v. General Electric Capital Auto Financial Services, Inc.</i>	
	<i>Michael Sutton v. DCH Auto Group, et al.</i>	
	<i>Michael T. Pierce et al. v. General Electric Capital Auto Lease</i>	No. CV-93-0529101-S (Conn. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Mitchem, et al v. Illinois Collection Service, Inc.</i>	No. 09-cv-07274 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Moss v MKM Automotive, Inc.</i>	No. 2022-CH-12270 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Northcoast Financial Services v. Marcia Webster</i>	No. 2004 CVF 18651 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Cuyahoga Cnty.)
	<i>Olivia Savarino et al. v Lincoln Property Co.</i>	No. 14-1122C (Mass. Super. Ct. Essex Cnty.)
	<i>Orshan v Apple, Inc.</i>	No. 5:14-cv-05659 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Osei-Asibey v SmartRent, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-01590 (D. Colo.)
	<i>Oubre v. Louisiana Citizens Fair Plan</i>	No. 625-567 (La. Dist. Ct. Jefferson Par.)
	<i>Patricia Faircloth, et a. v. Certified Finance, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 99-cv-03097
	<i>People of the State of California v H&R Block Digital L.L.C.</i>	No. 19STCV15742 (Cal. Super. Ct. L.A. Cnty.)
	<i>Perkins v The New York Times Company, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-05202 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Pistilli v. Life Time Fitness, Inc.</i>	No. 07-cv-02300 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Precision Healthcare Group v mdINR LLC dba mdINR</i>	No. 22SL-CC01943 (Mo. Cir. Ct. St. Louis Cnty.)
	<i>Rawlis Leslie, et al. v. The St. Joe Paper Company</i>	No. 03-368CA (Fla. Cir. Ct. Gulf Cnty.)
	<i>Regayla Loveless, et al. v. National Cash, Inc, et al.</i>	No. 2001-cv-892-2 (Ark. Cir. Ct. Benton Cnty.)
	<i>Reginald Pierre v Stephen's Automotive Transport, Inc.</i>	No. 1781-CV-03444 (Mass. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Ricci, et al., v. Ameriquest Mortgage Co.</i>	No. 27-cv-00005 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Ronnie Haese, et al. v. H&R Block, et al.</i>	No. 96-cv-423 (Tex. Dist. Ct. Kleberg Cnty.)
	<i>Rose Rivali v Shutterfly, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-02175 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Sandra Arnt, et al. v. Bank of America, N.A.</i>	No. 27-cv-12-12279 (Minn. Dist. Ct. Hennepin Cnty.)
	<i>Sara Khaliki, et al. v. Helzberg Diamond Shops, Inc.</i>	No. 4:11-cv-00010 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Schneider v Om Ansh Enterprise, Inc.</i>	No. GD-18-012296 (Pa. Ct. Com. Pl. Allegheny Cnty.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. William J. Bowser</i>	No. 2:20-cv-00918 (D. Utah)
	<i>Shepherd, et al. v. Volvo Finance North America, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 1:93-cv-00971
	<i>Skusenas v. Linebarger, Goggan, Blair & Sampson, LLC.</i>	No. 1:10-cv-08119 (N.D. Ill.)

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	<i>Smith v. NRT Settlement Services of Missouri, LLC</i>	No. 06-CV-004039 (Mo. Cir. Ct. St. Louis Cnty.)
	<i>Snyder v Washington Nationals Baseball Club, LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-01182 (D.D.C.)
	<i>State of California v Stanley Electric Co., L.T.D.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-12198 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Steve Rojas v Bosch Solar Energy Corporation</i>	No. 5:18-cv-05841 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Steven Staubus v Regents of the University of Minnesota</i>	No. 27-cv-00020
	<i>Terrell Ervin v. Nokia Inc. et al.</i>	No. 01-L-150 (Ill. Cir. Ct. St. Clair Cnty.)
	<i>The People of the State of California v TaxSlayer LLC</i>	No. 24STCV34102 (Cal. Super. Ct. L.A. Cnty.)
	<i>The People of the State of California v. Rainbow Light Nutritional Systems, LLC, et al.</i>	No. 19STCV28214 (Cal. Super. Ct. L.A. Cnty.)
	<i>Theresa Boschee v. Burnet Title, Inc.</i>	No. 03-cv-16986 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Thomas Geanacopoulos v. Philip Morris USA, Inc.</i>	No. 98-6002-BLS1 (Mass. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Thomas Losgar, et al. v. Freehold Chevrolet, Inc., et al.</i>	No. L-3145-02 (N.J. Super. Ct. Monmouth Cnty.)
	<i>Tiffany Ellis, et al. v. General Motors LLC</i>	No. 2:16-cv-11747 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Tom Lundberg, et al. v. Sprint Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 02-cv-4551 (Kan. Dist. Ct. Wyandotte Cnty.)
	<i>Trisha Teperson v Nogin, Inc.</i>	No. 37-2023-00041084-CU-NP-NC (Cal. Super. Ct. San Diego Cnty.)
	<i>Truc-way, Inc., et al. v. General Electric Credit Auto Leasing</i>	No. 92-CH-08962 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Trudy Latman, et al. vs. Costa Cruise Lines, N.V., et al</i>	No. 96-CV-8076 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Dade Cnty.)
	<i>U.S. v. \$1,802,651.56 in Funds Seized from e-Bullion, et al. ("Goldfinger")</i>	No. 09-cv-01731 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>U.S. v. David Merrick</i>	No. 6:10-cr-00109
	<i>U.S. v. Sixty-Four 68.5 lbs (Approx.) Silver Bars, et al.</i>	
	<i>United States of America v. Alfredo Susi, et al.</i>	No. 3:07-cr-00119 (W.D.N.Y.)
	<i>United States of America v. Elite Designs, Inc.</i>	No. 05-cv-00058 (D.R.I.)
	<i>United States of America v. Evolution Marketing Group</i>	No. 6:09-cv-01852 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>United States of America v. Regenesis Marketing Corporation</i>	No. 09-cv-01770 (W.D. Wash.)
	<i>United States of America v. Sixty-Four 68.5 lbs (Approx.) Silver Bars, et al.</i>	
	<i>Van Zanten v Kansas City Life Insurance Company</i>	No. 4:25-cv-00095 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Vicente Arriaga, et al. v. Columbia Mortgage & Funding Corp, et al.</i>	No. 01-cv-02509 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Vittorio Blaylock v LVNV Funding LLC, et al.</i>	No. 13-L-562 (Ill. Cir. Ct. St. Clair Cnty.)
	<i>William R. Richardson, et al., v. Credit Depot Corporation of Ohio, et al.</i>	No. 315343 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Cuyahoga Cnty.)
	<i>Zyburo v. NCSPlus Inc.</i>	No. 12-cv-06677 (S.D.N.Y.)
CryptoCurrency	<i>In the Matter of ShipChain, Inc.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-20185
	<i>United States of America v. \$1,802,651.56 in Funds Seized from E-Bullion, et al.</i>	No. 09-cv-01731 (C.D. Cal.)
Data Breach	<i>Aaron Pascute v Amotec, Inc.</i>	No. CV-23-975539 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Cuyahoga Cnty.)
	<i>AFCU v v. Hudson's Bay Company, et al.</i>	No. 19-cv-04492
	<i>Amanda Fitton v Pinnacle Propane L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-01559 (N.D. Tex.)
	<i>American Bank Systems Data Security Incident</i>	No. 5:20-cv-01307 (W.D. Okla.)
	<i>Billy Perry v Bay & Bay Transporation Services, Inc.</i>	No. 22-cv-00973 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Biscan et al. v. Shields Health Care Group, Inc</i>	No. 1:22-cv-10901
	<i>Bloxom v Herff Jones, LLC</i>	No. 2:21-cv-02071 (C.D. Ill.)
	<i>De Stefano v Sovos Compliance LLC</i>	No. 1:23-cv-12100 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Elizabeth Lutz v Electromed, Inc.</i>	No. 0:21-cv-02198 (D. Minn.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Choicepoint</i>	No. 06-cv-00198 (N.D. Ga.)
	<i>First Choice Federal Credit Union v. The Wendy's Company</i>	No. 2:16-cv-00506 (W.D. Pa.)

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	<i>Gero, et al., v. MedInform, Inc.</i>	No. 23CV981382 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Cuyahoga Cnty.)
	<i>In re BradyMartz Data Security Litigation</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00176 (D.N.D.)
	<i>In Re Equifax, Inc. Customer Data Security Breach Litigation</i>	No. 1:17-md-02800 (N.D. Ga.)
	<i>In Re Hudson's Bay Company Data Security Incident Consumer Litigation</i>	No. 1:18-cv-08472 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In re WaWa Data Security Litigation</i>	No. 2:19-cv-06019 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>In re Wawa, Inc. Data Security Litigation (Financial Institution Track)</i>	No. 2:19-cv-06019 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Jennifer Boykin v Choice Health Insurance, L.L.C.</i>	No. 4:22-cv-03940 (D.S.C.)
	<i>Kyle Retorick v Restek Corporation, Inc.</i>	No. 240101443 (Pa. Ct. Com. Pl. Phila. Cnty.)
	<i>Mark Medoff v Minka Lighting LLC,</i>	No. 2:22-cv-08885 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Mitchell Lautman v American Bank Systems, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01959 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Pascute et al. v. Amotec, Inc.</i>	No. CV23965539 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Cuyahoga Cnty.)
	<i>Patricia Marshall v Lamoille Health Partners, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-00166 (D. Vt.)
	<i>Pederson, et al. v. AAA Collections, Inc.</i>	No. 4:22-cv-04166 (D.S.D.)
	<i>Roper v Rise Interactive Media & Analytics L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-01836 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Scott Linman v. Marten Transport, Ltd.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-00204 (W.D. Wis.)
	<i>Sheffler v Activate Healthcare, LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-01206 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Sterling et al. v. Strategic Forecasting, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 2:12-cv-00297 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Stone v. Gardner Resources Consulting LLC</i>	No. 2282CV00845 (Mass. Super. Ct. Norfolk Cnty.)
	<i>Taylor v Columbus Aesthetic and Plastic Surgery, Inc.</i>	No. 24-CV-002201 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Franklin Cnty.)
	<i>Verderame v Futurity First Insurance Group L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:24-cv-01262 (D. Conn.)
	<i>Veridian Credit Union v. Eddie Bauer LLC</i>	No. 2:17-cv-00356 (W.D. Wash.)
	<i>Village Bank et al. v Caribou Coffee Company, Inc.</i>	No. 0:19-cv-01640 (D. Minn.)
Data Breach/Privacy	<i>Anderson, et al. v. United Retail Group, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 37-cv-89685 (Cal. Super. Ct. San Diego Cnty.)
	<i>Baby Doe v Ann & Robert H. Lurie Children's Hospital of Chicago</i>	No. 2020-CH-04123 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. CEO Group, Inc.</i>	No. 06-cv-60602 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>In Re: U.S. Bank National Association Litigation</i>	No. 99-cv-00891 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Julie Jones v Arhaus, LLC</i>	No. 23-cv-00984 (S.D. Cal.)
Discrimination	<i>Chicago Teachers Union, Local 1, v Board of Education of the City of Chicago</i>	No. 1:12-cv-01311 (N.D. Ill.)
Elder Abuse	<i>Blaine Johnson v Napaidence Opco, LLC d/b/a Napa Post Acute</i>	No. 21CV001248 (Cal. Super. Ct. Napa Cnty.)
	<i>Brinkerhoff v Lifehouse San Diego operations LLC d/b/a The Shores Post-Acute</i>	No. 202100021078 (Cal. Super. Ct. San Diego Cnty.)
Employment	<i>Burbran Pierre v City of New York</i>	No. 1:20-cv-05116 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Aaron Riffle et al. v Cristy's Pizza, Inc.</i>	No. 2:19-cv-04750 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Aaron Riley v Timiny R/R Construction, Inc.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-02288 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Addison v Mars Petcare US, Inc.</i>	No. 25-cv-00456
	<i>Addison v Mars Petcare, Inc.</i>	No. 1:25-cv-00456 (D. Del.)
	<i>Agnone v Correctional Solutions Group L.L.C.</i>	No. 6:24-cv-00228 (E.D. Tex.)
	<i>Aguilar v Health Care Service Corporation</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00688 (D.N.M.)
	<i>Aguilar v Kimo Management Corp, Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-07537 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Albert Palomar v SMC Corporation of America</i>	No. 1:19-cv-04693 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Alequin, et al. v. Darden Restaurants, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 12-cv-61742 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>Alexander Tellez v Pery Consulting Group, LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 22VECV00088 (Cal. Super. Ct. L.A. Cnty.)
	<i>Alfonso Rios v CoreCivic of Tennessee, LLC</i>	No. 1:21-cv-02295 (D. Colo.)

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	<i>Alicia Ousley v CG Consulting d/b/a Scores Columbus</i>	No. 2:19-cv-01744 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Alma Anguiano v. First United Bank and Trust Co.</i>	No. 12-cv-01096
	<i>Alona Brank v Med1Care, Ltd</i>	No. 3:22-cv-00384 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Alvarez v AJTX Management L.L.C.</i>	No. 4:22-cv-00697 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Alvarez v Government Employees Insurance Company</i>	No. 1:24-cv-00722 (D. Md.)
	<i>Amanda Fortin v Dedicated Nursing Associates, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-02836 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Amanda Fortin v Wise Medical Staffing, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-01467 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Amber Oaks v Auria Holmesville, LLC</i>	No. 3:22-cv-00008 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Amber Young v I Love This Bar LLC</i>	No. 2:20-cv-03971 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Amiee Tracy v Quantum Health, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-00294
	<i>Amy Brailer v Clearcomm Bawa, Inc.</i>	No. 1:17-cv-01391 (D. Md.)
	<i>Anderson v. Emerest Health of Missouri LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 4:22-cv-00452 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Andrea Thomas v Amazon.com Services, Inc.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-00442 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>Andrew Fung v Starburst Data, Inc.</i>	No. 2384-CV-01431 (Mass. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Andrew R. Rondomanski, et al. v. Midwest Division, Inc.</i>	No. 11-cv-00887 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Andrew Tolliver v Alpha Metallurgical Resources, Inc.</i>	No. 2:24-cv-00128 (W.D. Va.)
	<i>Andrew-Bery v Weiss</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00978 (D. Conn.)
	<i>Anita Adams v Aztar Indiana Gaming Company LLC d/b/a Tropicana Evansville</i>	No. 2:20-cv-00143 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Ann Ford v U.S. Foods, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-05967 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Antonio Onate, Jr. v AHRC Health Care, Inc.</i>	No. 20-cv-08292 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Antwaun Jones et al. v United American Security LLC</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00440 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Apodaca v Armada Skilled Home Care of NM, LLC</i>	No. 1:18-cv-01071 (D.N.M.)
	<i>Archer v. Robinson Mechanical Contractors, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-00015
	<i>Arroyo v Progressive Quality Care, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-00693 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Arturo Reyes et al. v Ivory Management Co. dba Renaissance Stone Care and Waterproofing</i>	No. 19CV340357 (Cal. Super. Ct. Santa Clara Cnty.)
	<i>Artuso Pastry Foods Corp. v Packaging Corporation of Americas</i>	No. 1:25-cv-08856 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Ashanti Sanchez v Agile Pursuits, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CH-02640 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Ashley Brady v TI Group Automotive Systems, L.L.C., Inc.</i>	No. 5:21-cv-11905 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Atwood v TR Chicago Management LLC</i>	No. 2020-CH-05561 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Austin Binder v. Brentlinger Enterprises</i>	No. 2:20-cv-05123 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Ayala v Syncreon US, Inc.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-04561 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Balandran, et al. v. Labor Ready, et al.</i>	No. BC 278551 (Cal. Super. Ct. Los Angeles Cnty.)
	<i>Ballard, et al. v. CoreCivic of Tennessee, LLC</i>	No. 3:20-cv-00418 (M.D. Tenn.)
	<i>Ballard, et al., v. Fogo de Chao, LLC</i>	No. 09-cv-07621 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Barbara Jane Freck et al. v Cerner Corporation</i>	No. 4:20-cv-00043 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Barnett v Iron Mountain, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-11239 (D. Me.)
	<i>Batiste v. TopGolf International Inc. and TopGolf USA Spring Holdings, LLC</i>	No. 4:20-cv-00655 (S.D. Tex.)
	<i>Beals v Franciscan VNS Home Care, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00137 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Beasley, et al. v. GC Services LP</i>	No. 09-cv-01748 (E.D. Mo.)
	<i>Bermudez v Home Depot, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-05180 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Bernarda Torres Angon v Fay Da Manufacturing Corp.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-04777 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Berry v. Farmers Bank & Trust, N.A.</i>	No. 13-02020

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	<i>Berte v. WIS Holdings Corporation</i>	No. 07-cv-01932 (S.D. Cal.)
	<i>Bianca Blanks-Austin v Clarity Care, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01553 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Bishop et al. v. AT&T Corp.</i>	No. 08-cv-00468 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Blanco Loopez v WB Waste Solutions, L.L.C.</i>	No. 8:23-cv-00963 (D. Md.)
	<i>Bo Avery v TEKsystems, Inc.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-02733 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Bobbi Hardisky et al. v Gateway Health LLC</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01483 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Bobbie Jarrett v. GGNHC Holdings, LLC</i>	No. 12-cv-04105 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Bobbi-Jo Smiley et al. v E.I. Dupont De Nemours and Company</i>	No. 3:12-cv-02380 (M.D. Pa.)
	<i>Bonnie J. Pasquale v Tropicana Atlantic City Corporation</i>	No. 1:20-cv-06909 (D.N.J.)
	<i>Brandy Chase v ViaQuest Residential Services, LLC</i>	No. 2:22-cv-01974
	<i>Brenda Wickens, et al. v Thyssenkrupp Crankshaft Co. LLC</i>	No. 1:19-cv-06100 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Brian R. Vaughn v Biomat USA, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-04241 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Brian Smith et al. v Kellogg Company</i>	No. 1:18-cv-01341 (D. Nev.)
	<i>Brian Smith v VCA, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-09140
	<i>Brittane Tupitza et al. v Texas Roadhouse Management Corporation</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00002 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Brittney Santos v Agave & Rye L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00969 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Brock v Koppers Railroad Structures, Inc..</i>	No. 1:23-cv-01013 (D. Del.)
	<i>Brooks v Daimler Truck North America, L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01581 (D. Del.)
	<i>Brown v The MITRE Corporation</i>	No. 1:22-cv-10976 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Bryan Hill v Tegus, Inc., Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-02314 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Buco v Kerry, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-02005 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Bufford v Fannie May, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01330 (D. Del.)
	<i>Bunger v Surge Staffing, Inc.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-02113 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Burbran Pierre v City of New York, et al.</i>	No. 20-cv-05116
	<i>Butler v Village Caregiving, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-04359 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Byrd v Premium Guard, Inc.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-01603 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Camran Rezapourian v Third Bridge (US), Inc.</i>	Index No. 603785/2022 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Nassau Cnty.)
	<i>Canan Schumann v Amazon.com, Inc.</i>	No. 3:20-cv-01751 (D. Or.)
	<i>Cara Nasisi et al. v Comprehensive Health Management, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-04132 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Carlos Calderas, et al. v AK Tube, LLC</i>	No. 3:19-cv-02431
	<i>Carolyn Bledsoe et al. v LHC Group, Inc.</i>	No. 2:18-cv-02863 (D. Ariz.)
	<i>Carolyn M. Nicholson et al. v IOC-Boonville, Inc. dba Isle of Capri Casino Hotel, Boonville</i>	No. 2:19-cv-04084 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Carr v Austin Powder Company</i>	No. 2:21-cv-05140
	<i>Chandler Glover and Dean Albrecht, et al., v. John E. Potter</i>	EEOC Charge No. 320-A2-8011X; Agency No. CC-801-0015-99
	<i>Chantel Headspeth et al. v TPUSA, Inc. dba Teleperformance USA</i>	No. 2:19-cv-02062 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Charles Fravel, et al. v General Mills Operations, LLC</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01094 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Charles v American Phoenix, Inc.</i>	No. 3:24-cv-00255 (W.D. Wis.)
	<i>Chechile v Baystate Health, Inc.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-30155 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Cheyenne Seiber et al. v Management and Training Corporation</i>	No. 3:19-cv-02983 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Christian Alesius v Pittsburgh Logistics Systems, Inc. d/b/a PLS Logistics Services</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01067 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Christopher Evins v. Glow Networks, Inc.</i>	No. 14-cv-00544 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Christopher Johnson v Trinity Couriers, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-00686 (S.D. Ohio)

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	<i>Christopher McCarthy v Hinjuda Global Solutions, Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-01016 (C.D. Ill.)
	<i>Christopher Rawlings ae al. v BMW Financial Services NA, LLC</i>	No. 2:20-cv-02289 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Christopher Wise v PACCAR, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-02689 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Clark v Miller Valentine Partners Ltd. II</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00295 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Claudine Wilfong, et al. v. Rent-A-Center, Inc.</i>	No. 00-cv-00680 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Clement v KPG Northeast LLC</i>	No. 230501850 (Pa. Ct. Com. Pl. Phila. Cnty.)
	<i>Coker v Beer Barrel, Inc.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00470 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Coleman v Amazon & JARS TD, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-02200 (W.D. Tenn.)
	<i>Colon v Johnson</i>	No. 8:22-cv-00888 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>Coltogirone, et al. v. Gateway Health, LLC</i>	No. 2:20-cv-00605 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Conte v Metropolitan Transportation Authority</i>	No. 1:21-cv-02516 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Copher v. Motor City Auto Transport, Inc.</i>	No. 15-2500-CK (Mich. Cir. Ct. Macomb Cnty.)
	<i>Cory McDaniel v Recon Oilfield Services, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-04497 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Cosgrove v Nationwide Children's Hospital</i>	No. 2:22-cv-03518 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Coviello v BHS Management Services, Inc.</i>	No. 3:20-cv-30198 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Cowman v New Sabina, Industries, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-00141 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Cox v Labor Source, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-02420 (D. Kan.)
	<i>Creed, et al. v. Benco Dental Supply Co.</i>	No. 3:12-cv-01571 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Daggett v Waters Corporation, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-11527 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Dakota Murray v American Licorice Company</i>	No. 3:22-cv-00927 (N.D. Ind.)
	<i>Dana Fedor v UnitedHealthcare, Inc.</i>	No. 1:17-cv-00013 (D.N.M.)
	<i>Dane Melgard v OhioHealth Corporation</i>	No. 2:20-cv-05322 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Dania Pruess, et al. v Presbyterian Health Plan, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-00629 (D.N.M.)
	<i>Daniel O'Malley v Kass Management Services, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-01331 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Darby v Utopia Home Care, Inc.</i>	Index No. 53239/17 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Kings Cnty.)
	<i>Darlene Brown v Fusion Logistics, Inc.</i>	No. 5:23-cv-00690 (W.D. Tex.)
	<i>Darrin Dickerson et al. v Zayo Group, LLC</i>	No. 1:20-cv-02490 (D. Colo.)
	<i>Dashon J. Gates v Lippert Components, Inc.</i>	No. 3:24-cv-00006 (N.D. Ind.)
	<i>David Turner v Schneider Electric Holdings, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-11006 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Davis et al. v. Charter Foods, et al.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-00159
	<i>Davis v Magna International of America, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-11060 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Davis v Target Corporation, Inc.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-00089 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Dawn Bellan, et al. v Capital Blue Cross</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00744 (M.D. Pa.)
	<i>Dawn Evans v Tee Jays Country Place, Inc.</i>	No. 22-CV-004447 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Franklin Cnty.)
	<i>Dawon Wordlaw v Enterprise Leasing Co. of Chicago, LLC</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00000 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Day, et al. v. KASA Delivery LLC.</i>	AAA Case No. 01-17-0000-2142
	<i>DCWP v Haenyee Corp. dba Haenyee</i>	No. 2021-00950-ENF (N.Y.C. Dep't of Consumer & Worker Prot.)
	<i>DCWP v Shake Shack Enterprises, LLC</i>	No. 2018-00448-ENF (N.Y.C. Dep't of Consumer & Worker Prot.)
	<i>DCWP v Stat Medical</i>	
	<i>De La Torre v. Colburn Electric Company</i>	No. 4:20-cv-00127 (N.D. Okla.)
	<i>De Mesa v Westmont Nursing and Rehabilitation Center, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2022-L-003889 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>De Stefano v ActiveCampaign LLC</i>	

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	<i>Deakin v Magellan Health, Inc.</i>	No. 1:17-cv-00773 (D.N.M.)
	<i>Dean v Cumulus Media, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-04956 (N.D. Ga.)
	<i>Debarr v Medical Service Company, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-01000 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Deborah Roberts v Arrow Senior Living Management, Inc.</i>	No. 4:21-cv-01370 (E.D. Mo.)
	<i>DeGidio v. Crazy Horse Saloon & Restaurant, Inc.</i>	No. 4:13-cv-02136 (D.S.C.)
	<i>Delaney v Evolent, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-01668 (E.D. Va.)
	<i>Dennis Tilley v Prairie State Generating Company L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:24-cv-01701 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Department of Consumer and Worker Protection v Dunkin Donuts</i>	
	<i>Diana Jurgens v Hendricks Health</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01524 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Didonato v National Production Workers Union Severance Trust Plan</i>	No. 19-cv-02694 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>District of Columbia v B&B Solutions US, L.L.C.</i>	
	<i>District of Columbia v Dynamic Visions, Inc.</i>	No. 1:11-cv-00695 (D.D.C.)
	<i>District of Columbia v Maplebear, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CA-00377-B (D.C. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Doe, et al. v. Cin-Lan, Inc, et al.</i>	No. 4:08-cv-12719 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Doe, et al. v. Déjà Vu Services, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 2:16-cv-10877 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Dominique Delva v Toast, Inc.</i>	No. C.A. 2284-CV-01464H (Mass. Super. Ct. Suffolk Cnty.)
	<i>Don Brooks et al. v C.H. Robinson International, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 4:16-cv-00939 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Donna Disselkamp at al. v Norton Healthcare, Inc.</i>	No. 3:18-cv-00048 (W.D. Ky.)
	<i>Donna Gifford v Northwood Healthcare Group L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-04389 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Donna Marcum v Lakes Venture LLC dba Fresh Thyme Farmers Market LLC</i>	No. 3:19-cv-00231 (W.D. Ky.)
	<i>DuBeau et al v. Sterling Savings Bank et al.</i>	No. 12-cv-01602 (D. Or.)
	<i>Duff v Dayton Osteopathic Hospital, Inc.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-00305 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Dunckel v Health Care Service Corporation</i>	No. 1:24-cv-11740 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Durbin v Foundation Health Solutions, L.L.C..</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01719 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Durr v Alpla, Inc.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00966 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Dye v Knight Hawk Coal, L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-01329 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Dzianis Huziankou et al. v NY Sweet Spot Café Inc. dba Sweetspot Café</i>	No. 1:18-cv-05715 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Ebony Jones at al. v CBC Restaurant Corp. dba Corner Bakery Cafe</i>	No. 1:19-cv-06736 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Edward Chapaloney, Jr. v Rosebud Mining Company</i>	No. 2:24-cv-00590 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Edward Watson at al. v Tennant Company, a Minnesota Corporation</i>	No. 2:18-cv-02462 (E.D. Cal.)
	<i>EEOC v Oceanic Time Warner Cable LLC, et al.</i>	No. 18-cv-00357 (D. Haw.)
	<i>Egan v Fastaff L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-03364 (D. Colo.)
	<i>Eli Balderas v Schutz Container Systems, Inc.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-02427 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Elisamel Baez v WDS Logitics, L.L.C. d/b/a Need It Now Delivers, Amazon.com, Inc. and Amazon Logistics, Inc.</i>	
	<i>Elizabeth Border et al. v Alternate Solutions Health Network LLC</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01273 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Elizabeth Yorba v Barrington School, LLC</i>	No. 2:21-cv-00691 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Elvia Boyzo et al. v United Service Companies, Inc.</i>	No. 1:18-cv-06854 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Emma Guertin v Melbo Franchise Holdings, Inc. d/b/a Chick-fil-A Fulton Street</i>	No. : 604316/2022 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Nassau Cnty.)
	<i>English v Mann + Hummel USA, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00881 (W.D. Mich.)
	<i>Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) v. Star Tribune Company</i>	No. 08-cv-05297 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Equal Employment Opportunity Commission v Faribault Foods, Inc.</i>	No. 07-cv-03976 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Eric Eisenberg v Conrad's Tire Service, Inc.</i>	No. CV-21-949506 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Cuyahoga Cnty.)

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	<i>Evans v Responsible Energy Operations, L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00156 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Evrley v Foresight Energy L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-03265 (C.D. Ill.)
	<i>Farmer v LHC Group, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-03838 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Feiertag v. DDP Holdings, LLC d/b/a Apollo Retail Specialists, LLC,</i>	No. 2:14-cv-02643 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Felina Robinson v The Buffalo News, Inc.</i>	No. 801427/2019 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Erie Cnty.)
	<i>Felix v St. Catherine of Seina Medical Center</i>	No. 2:21-cv-03220 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Ferreras, et. al v. American Airlines, Inc.</i>	No. 16-cv-02427 (D.N.J.)
	<i>Fields v CareSource, Inc.</i>	No. 2:24-cv-00263 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Fischer v Geico, Inc.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-02848 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Fisher, et al. v. Michigan Bell Telephone Company</i>	No. 09-cv-10802 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Flores v Filter Technology, Inc.</i>	No. 2024-CH-0990 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Franchini v Accu-Time Systems, Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-05075
	<i>Frank De La Paz v. Accurate Courier NCA LLC</i>	No. 16-cv-00555
	<i>Frank, Peasley, Waters, and Wilhelm, v Gold'n Plump Poultry, Inc.</i>	No. 04-cv-01018 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Frederick v CCH Healthcare OH, LLC</i>	No. 3:22-cv-00699 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>French v. Midwest Health Management, Inc.</i>	No. 2:14-cv-02625
	<i>Fritton v Taylor Corporation</i>	No. 0:22-cv-00415 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Fulton v LoanCare L.L.C.,</i>	No. 2:22-cv-00823 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Gabe v Allied First Bank, SB.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00914 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Gaines v BDO, L.L.P.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01878 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Garcia v Alticor, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-01078 (W.D. Mich.)
	<i>Garcia v MetLife Legal Plans, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-00023 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Garnick v Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center</i>	No. 1:21-cv-00454 (M.D.N.C.)
	<i>Garriott v Food Movers Two Limited Partnership</i>	No. 20-CH-07030 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Gary Miller v Agrana Fruit US, Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-01919 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Geelan, et al. v. The Mark Travel Coporation</i>	No. 03-cv-06322 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Geronimo Padilla v Crestview Management, L.L.C.</i>	Index No. 602583/2025 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Nassau Cnty.)
	<i>Gibbons v Bakerly Barn LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 240203173 (Pa. Ct. Com. Pl. Phila. Cnty.)
	<i>Gibbons v Freshpet, Inc.</i>	No. 2:24-cv-06163 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Gibson v Insomnia Cookies L.L.C.</i>	No. 4:23-cv-00669 (E.D. Mo.)
	<i>Gina Lipari-Williams v Penn National Gaming, Inc.</i>	No. 5:20-cv-06067 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Gipson, et al. v. Southwestern Bell Telephone Company</i>	No. 08-cv-02017 (D. Kan.)
	<i>Glenn v Monterrey Security Consultants, Inc.</i>	No. 24-cv-08260
	<i>Glick v ThedaCare, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-01236 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Goelz v Bud Antle, Inc.</i>	No. 2022 CV 02 0068 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Tuscarawas Cnty.)
	<i>Gomes v State Street Corporation</i>	No. 1:10-cv-10588 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Gomez v Athens Foods, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00348 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Goodman v C&S Wholesale Grocers, LLC, Inc.</i>	No. 5:24-cv-04680 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Grace Fleming v Trusted Health, Inc.</i>	No. CGC-23-611120 (Cal. Super. Ct. S.F. Cnty.)
	<i>Grede v Kraft Heintz, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-01103 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Greene, et al. v. Shift Operations LLC, et al.</i>	No. CGC-16-552307 (Cal. Super. Ct. S.F. Cnty.)
	<i>Gregory Graham v Zekelman Industries, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-05484 (S.D. Ohio)

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	<i>Gregory Hernandez v. The Children's Place</i>	No. CGC-04-4300989 (Cal. Super. Ct. S.F. Cnty.)
	<i>Gretchen Valencia et al. v Armada Skilled Home Care of NM LLC</i>	No. 1:18-cv-01071 (D.N.M.)
	<i>Gruber v Grifols Shared Services North America, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-02621 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Gudger v Carecore Health, L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-00239 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Hall v The City of New York</i>	No. 1:22-cv-10193 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Hamilton v NuWest Holdings, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-01117 (W.D. Wash.)
	<i>Hankes v. Krapils, The Great Steak, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-04989 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Harrison v Blackline Systems, Inc.</i>	
	<i>Hawkins v Cintas Corp.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-01062 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Hawkins v. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.</i>	No. 8:19-cv-02174 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>Heather Betts et. al. v Central Ohio Gaming Ventures, LLC</i>	No. 2:16-cv-00373 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Heather Fitzgerald v Forest River Manufacturing LLC</i>	No. 3:20-cv-01004 (N.D. Ind.)
	<i>Heather Lawrence v Benesys, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-11517 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Hector Farias v Strickland Waterproofing Company, Inc.</i>	No. 3:20-cv-00076 (W.D. Va.)
	<i>Helen Bernstein, et al. v. M.G. Waldbaum</i>	No. 08-cv-00363 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Helen Hamlin v Gorant Chocolatier, LLC</i>	No. 4:20-cv-00117 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Hendrick Vangorden v Honeybee Foods Corporation, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-01248 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Hensiek v Board of Directors of Casino Queen holding Co.</i>	No. 3:20-cv-00377 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Hermelinda Lopez v Restaurant Management Corporation</i>	No. 2019-CH-10438 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Herzfeld v. 1416 Chancellor, Inc.</i>	No. 14-cv-04966 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Hibbard v Gentle Angels Caregiving, Inc.</i>	No. 2:24-cv-00441 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Hollifield v The Hershey Company, Inc.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00473 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Holt v. Living Social</i>	No. 1:12-cv-00745 (D.D.C.)
	<i>Hopkins v Bassett, Inc.</i>	No. 2:24-cv-03681 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Hundley v Henry Ford Health System</i>	No. 2:21-cv-11023 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Isaacs v. Landmark Recovery of Louisville, L.L.C</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00210 (M.D. Tenn.)
	<i>Isabella Savini Merante v American Institute for Foreign Study, Inc.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-03234 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Israel Garza v Ayvaz Pizza L.L.C.</i>	No. 4:23-cv-01379 (S.D. Tex.)
	<i>Jabez Davoren v Amazon.com</i>	No. 5:23-cv-00577 (W.D. Tex.)
	<i>Jacob Bartakovits et al. v Wind Creek Bethlehem LLC dba Wind Creek Bethlehem</i>	No. 5:20-cv-01602 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>James Meyers et al. v Boomerang Rubber, Inc.</i>	No. 3:19-cv-00070 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>James Oakley et al. v The Ohio State University Wexner Medical Ctr.</i>	No. 2017-00845 (Ohio Ct. Cl.)
	<i>James Smith et al. v Oakley Transport, Inc.</i>	No. 3:19-cv-05854 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>James v Universal Proection Service, L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-01668 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>James Walters v Professional Labor Group, LLC</i>	No. 1:21-cv-02831 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Jamise Collins et al. v Goodwill Industries of Greater Cleveland & East Central Ohio</i>	No. 1:19-cv-01433 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Janae Miller v HG Ohio Employee Holding Corporation</i>	No. 2:21-cv-03978
	<i>Jane Does v. The Coliseum Bar and Grill</i>	No. 17-cv-12212 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Jason Adams et al. v Wenco Ashland, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-01544 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Jason Mass et al. v the Regents of the University of California et al.</i>	No. RG17-879223 (Cal. Super. Ct. Alameda Cnty.)
	<i>Javier Garza et al. v Wood Group USA, Inc.</i>	No. 4:20-cv-00253 (S.D. Tex.)
	<i>Jean rodriguez v International House of Pancakes</i>	No. 1:16-cv-04172 (D.N.J.)

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	<i>Jeffrey Parker v GKN North America Services, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-12468 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Jeffrey Allen Jones v Amazon</i>	No. 1:15-cv-01106
	<i>Jeffrey Willis v CommonBond Communities</i>	No. 62-cv-00021
	<i>Jennifer Dennis et al. v Greatland Home Health Services, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-05427 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Jennifer Gibson v Bi-Mart Corporation, Inc.</i>	No. 210118081 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Palm Beach Cnty.)
	<i>Jennifer Hardy et al. v DuPage Medical Group, LTD</i>	No. 1:19-cv-02265 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Jennifer Hayes, et al. v Thor Motor Coach Inc.</i>	No. 3:19-cv-00375 (N.D. Ind.)
	<i>Jeremiah Smith et al. v PPG Industries, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-01518 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Jesse Kuzma v Health Care Service Corporation</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00217 (D.N.M.)
	<i>Jessica Owens et al. v Hearthside Food Solutions, LLC</i>	No. 3:19-cv-02479 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Jessse Pierce v Wyndham Vacation Resorts, Inc.</i>	No. 3:13-cv-00641 (E.D. Tenn.)
	<i>Jimmy West v. PSS World Medical, Inc.</i>	No. 4:13-cv-00574 (E.D. Mo.)
	<i>Joaquin Perez v The Integrated Contracting Group, L.L.C.</i>	No. 02-CA-004440-B (D.C. Super. Ct.)
	<i>John Alba, et al. v. Papa John's USA, Inc.</i>	No. 05-cv-07487
	<i>John Lewis et al. v Sentry Electrical Group, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-00178 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Johnson v Sigma Services Corp.</i>	Charge No. 2021CR00556 (Ill. Hum. Rts. Comm'n)
	<i>Johnson, et al v. General Mills, Inc.</i>	No. 10-cv-01104 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Jordan Purvis v OSL Retail Services Corporation</i>	No. 3:21-cv-01738 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Joseph Connors v American Medical Response, Inc. Services, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-05046 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Joseph Fiumano v Metro Diner Management L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:17-cv-00465 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Joseph Gallant et al. v Arrow Consultation Services, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-00925 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Joseph Sannutti v WB Mason Company, Inc.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-10955 (D.N.J.)
	<i>Josephine Mendes v Poplar Holdings, L.L.C. dba Poway Healthcare Center, Inc.</i>	No. 37-2023-00015041-CU-PO-CTL (Cal. Super. Ct. San Diego Cnty.)
	<i>Joshua Dennison v Advanced Rehabilitation Technology L.T.D.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-01701 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Joshua Walter v Kerry, Inc.</i>	No. 21-cv-00539 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Josue Barrientos v Amerigal Construction Company, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-02618 (D.D.C.)
	<i>Juan Sanchez v S&P Data New Mexico, LLC</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00979 (D.N.M.)
	<i>Justice v. Associated Materials, LLC</i>	No. 5:20-cv-00410 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Justin Tyson v Shake Shack Enterprises, LLC</i>	No. 514220/2022 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Kings Cnty.)
	<i>Karen Lichtman and Samantha Reese, et al. v. Whole Foods Market Group, Inc.</i>	Index No. 516852/2024
	<i>Karen Lichtman v Whole Foods Market Group, Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-00082 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Kariseli Quinones v Magic Cleaning Solutions LLC</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00197 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Karyn Petersen, et al. v EmblemHealth, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-02568 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Keith Herman v MetalTek International, Inc.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-01476 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Kelley v Curaleaf, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-04854 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Kellie Saunders v State of Michigan Unemployment Insurance Agency</i>	No. 22-000007 (Mich. Ct. Cl.)
	<i>Kelly Marie Camp, et al. v. The Progressive Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 01-cv-02680
	<i>Kelly, et al v. Bank of America, N.A. et al.</i>	No. 10-cv-05332 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Kendall Olin-Marquez v Arrow senior Living Management, LLC</i>	No. 2:21-cv-00996 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Kendall Prater v On Courier 365, Inc.</i>	No. 20-CIV-02814 (Cal. Super. Ct. San Mateo Cnty.)
	<i>Kendra Brown v Rush Street Gaming, LLC</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00392 (N.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Kenneth Scott v Above and Beyond Retail Services, Inc.</i>	No. 5:22-cv-00019 (W.D.N.C.)

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	<i>Kenyona Eubanks v Aurora Health Care, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01253 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Kevin Kuehn v Pitchbook Data, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-00031 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Kevin Moitoso et al. v FMR LLC</i>	No. 1:18-cv-12122 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Kevin Winking v Smithfield Fresh Meats Corp.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01937 (N.D. Ill.)
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	<i>Kiley Thornburg v Reflektions, LTD</i>	No. 2:21-cv-03905 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Kim Anderson v Rent-A-Daughter Corporation</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00143 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Kimario Anderson v Coca-Cola Bottlers' Association</i>	No. 2:21-cv-02054 (D. Kan.)
	<i>Kimberly Smith v ARG Resources, LLC</i>	No. 2019-CH-12528 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>King v Sharp Holding, Inc.</i>	No. 22-cv-00078 (E.D. Va.)
	<i>Kovacs et al v Film Forum, Inc.</i>	Index No. 650686/2024
	<i>Kovalev v AG Consulting, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-05954 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Kristin Swearingen v Amazon.com Services, Inc.</i>	No. 3:19-cv-01156 (D. Or.)
	<i>Kristina Drake v Chop Hospitality LLC</i>	No. 1:20-cv-01574
	<i>Kristine Stufflebeam v Loft Healthcare Consultants, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00775 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Krohnengold v New York Life Insurance Company</i>	No. 1:21-cv-01778 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Kruzell v Clean Harbors Environmental Services, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-10524 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Krystal Wright v Majestic Care Staff LLC</i>	No. 2:21-cv-02129 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Kuketz v Teachers Insurance and Annuity Assoc. of America</i>	Index No. 506207/2023 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Kings Cnty.)
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	<i>Labrina Barber v Park 100 Foods, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00208 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Lang, et al v DirecTV, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 10-cv-01085 (E.D. La.)
	<i>Larson v BBI Logistics, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-03633 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Latanya Miles et al. v Variety Wholesalers, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-01714 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Lavar Martin et al. v Summit County</i>	No. 5:19-cv-02641 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Law v Estee Lauder, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-04770 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Lee and Campion v. The City of Philadelphia</i>	No. 001125 (Pa. Ct. Com. Pl. Phila. Cnty.)
	<i>Lee Stephens v Auto Systems Centers, Inc. d/b/a/ Midas</i>	No. 2:21-cv-05131 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Leon v Maersk, Inc.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00060 (W.D.N.C.)
	<i>Leslie Avant v VXL Enterprises Settlement, Inc.</i>	No. 4:21-cv-02016 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Leslie Avant v VXL Enterprises, LLC</i>	No. 3:21-cv-02016 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Leslie Bethel v Bluemercury, Inc.</i>	No. 21-cv-02743 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Lim v TradeZero America, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-01196 (D. Del.)
	<i>Linda J. Calhoun et al. v Aon Hewitt Health Insurance Solution, Inc.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-01810 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Linda Woznicki v Aurora Health Care, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01246 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Local Union No.9, International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers v Adesta, L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-06066 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Lucas v Miller Products, Inc.</i>	No. 4:21-cv-02355 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Lucio Barrera v DNJ Intermodal Services, L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:15-cv-04952 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Luense v Konica Minolta Business Solutions U.S. A, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-06827 (D.N.J.)

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	<i>Luis Zhibri v Optimum Logistics Group, LLC</i>	No. 2:21-cv-05877 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Lynn Lietz, et al. v. Illinois Bell Telephone Company, et al.</i>	No. 1:11-cv-00108 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Machado v Kaseya US, L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-23031 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>Mallory v. Aclara Smart Grid Solutions, LLC</i>	No. 2:20-cv-00240 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Mansfield v Professional Labor Group, L.L.C..</i>	No. 1:24-cv-01192 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Maranda Hale v Landmark Recovery of Ohio, L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:25-cv-00312 (M.D. Tenn.)
	<i>Marcos D. Doglio v Boasso America Corporation</i>	No. 2:18-cv-13448 (D.N.J.)
	<i>Marcos v Blue Line Security Solutions, LLC</i>	No. 1:21-cv-06815 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Marcy v Select Medical Corporation</i>	No. 2:22-cv-04451 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Mariah Smith v Advocate Health Care Network</i>	No. 1:19-cv-05148
	<i>Marin v Apple-Metro, Inc.</i>	No. 12-cv-05274 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Mario Ventura v Farmers Pride, Inc., d/b/a Bell & Evans</i>	No. 2023-00836 (Pa. Ct. Com. Pl. Lebanon Cnty.)
	<i>Mark Jackson v HyperSport Industries, LLC</i>	No. 2:22-cv-00537 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Mark Satterly et al. v Airstream, Inc.</i>	No. 3:19-cv-00032 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Martinez-Camarena v KLEO Community Family Life Center</i>	No. 1:24-cv-13225 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Mary Hutkai, et al. v. Penn National Gaming, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 4:16-cv-00906 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Mary Walburn et al. v Lend-A-Hand Services, LLC</i>	No. 2:19-cv-00711 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Matthew Dionysius v HankookTire Manufacturing Tennessee, LP</i>	No. 3:20-cv-00091 (M.D. Tenn.)
	<i>Mazza v Pactiv Evergreen Services, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-05052 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>McArdle v Amazon CAma.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-00121 (D. Utah)
	<i>McCool v AHS Management Company, Inc.</i>	No. 3:19-cv-01158 (M.D. Tenn.)
	<i>Metzger v INEOS Nitriles USA, L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:24-cv-01598 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Michael A. Rivota et al. v Bank of America Corporation</i>	No. 1:18-cv-03843 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Michael Bennett v Plant Site Logistics, Inc</i>	No. 2023-LA-068 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Rock Island Cnty.)
	<i>Michael Davis v Cafeteria Alternatives, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CH-0534 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Michael Easterday v US Pack Logistics L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:15-cv-07559 (D.N.J.)
	<i>Michael Fisher et al. v Dura-Line Corporation</i>	No. 1:19-cv-00286 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Michael Haenlein v Remington Seeds LLC</i>	No. 1:22-cv-02849 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Michael Levine, et al. v Vitamin Cottage Natural Food Markets, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00261 (D. Colo.)
	<i>Michael Thomas v TEKsystems, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-00460 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Michael Vanbuskirk v Conagra Brands, Inc.</i>	No. 4:23-cv-01856 (M.D. Pa.)
	<i>Michelle Jackson, et al. v. Jamba Juice Company</i>	No. 8:02-cv-00381 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Miguel Almazo v 44 Street F&B L.L.C. d/b/a/ The Lambs Club, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-00096 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Miguel et al. v. Salesforce.com</i>	No. 3:24-cv-00813 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Mi'Jette Simons v Star Multi Care Holding Corporation</i>	No. 2:21-cv-00456 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Molina v GES Logistics Inc, et al.</i>	No. 21-cv-05962
	<i>Monica Brunty et al. v Optima Health Plan</i>	No. 2:19-cv-00255 (E.D. Va.)
	<i>Monte Endris v Hubler Chevrolet, Inc.</i>	No. 49D12-1810-PL-040781 (Ind. Super. Ct. Marion Cnty.)
	<i>Moore v Consol Pennsylvania Coal Company L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-01991 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Moore v Shearer's Foods, L.L.C.</i>	No. 5:22-cv-01017 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Moran v Heights Tower Service, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-02592 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Mudrich v The SYGMA Network, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-04932 (S.D. Ohio)

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	<i>Muniz v Yaskawa America, Inc.</i>	No. 2021-CH-00510 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Murphy v Kettering Adventist Healthcare</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00069 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Murphy v The Auto Club Group, Inc.</i>	No. 5:24-cv-11168 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Nash v DAS Acquisition Co, L.L.C.</i>	No. 4:24-cv-00473 (E.D. Mo.)
	<i>Natalie Jirek v AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals</i>	No. 1:21-cv-06929 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Nathaniel Boyce v SSP America MDW, LLC</i>	No. 1:19-cv-02157 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Nelson Omar Barahona v C.R. Millwork, LLC</i>	No. 2022-CA-003877-B (D.C. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Nicholas Jones v Memoryblue, Inc.</i>	No. 2022-00319306-CV (Cal. Super. Ct. Sacramento Cnty.)
	<i>Nicholas O'Neil et al. v Miller Pipeline LLC</i>	No. 2:20-cv-04034
	<i>Nicole Dineen v Landstar Transportation Logistics, Inc.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-50060 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Nicole Kordie v HCF Management, Inc.</i>	No. 3:24-cv-00139 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Nicole Kordie v Ohio Living</i>	No. 2:21-cv-03791 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Nikia Edwards v Optima Health Plan</i>	No. 2:20-cv-00192 (E.D. Va.)
	<i>Nikiesha Cleveland v Foundations Health Solutions, Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-01713 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Noah LaPorte v CareerBuilder, L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-06096 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Nohara v Prevea Clinic, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01079 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Norma Marquez et al. v RCKC Corporation et al.</i>	No. 1:18-cv-07977 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>OFCCP v. B&H Foto & Electronics Corp.</i>	No. 2016-OFC-0004 (U.S. Dep't of Labor)
	<i>Omar Malcolm v The City of New York</i>	No. 1:20-cv-09641 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Owen, et al. v. Punch Bowl Minneapolis, LLC</i>	No. 19-cv-00955 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Pamela Adams, et al., v. MedPlans Partners, Inc</i>	No. 3:07-cv-00259 (W.D. Ky.)
	<i>Parks v KLS Logistics, Inc.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-02678 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Parnell, et al. v. Academy Mortgage Corporation</i>	AAA Case No. 01-17-0004-5311
	<i>Partlow v Asher</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01467 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Paz v Dutch Barn Landscaping, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-07088 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Peck v Moen, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-02123 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Pedro Rodriguez Martinez v Alpha Technologies Services, Inc.</i>	No. 5:17-cv-00628 (E.D.N.C.)
	<i>Pendleton v First Transit, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01985 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Perry v Kansas Star Casino, L.L.C.</i>	No. 6:24-cv-01183 (D. Kan.)
	<i>Phajeemas Sarahong v Smartlink, LLC</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00328 (D. Md.)
	<i>Philip Inman v The Tap Btown Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01639 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Philips v Church & Dwight, Co., Inc.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-02326 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Phillip Busler, et al. v. Enersys Energy Products Inc., et al.</i>	No. 09-cv-00159 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Phillips v Energizerholdings, Inc.</i>	No. 4:24-cv-01026 (E.D. Mo.)
	<i>Pickett v Exel, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-01655 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Pierre v B&H Foto Video</i>	No. 1:20-cv-05116 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Pierro v The Carle Foundation Hospital</i>	No. 2:23-cv-02117 (C.D. Ill.)
	<i>Polen v JSW Steel, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-00085 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Pollock v DuPont Specialty Products USA L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-01937 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Powell v. The Kroger Company and Dillon Companies, LLC</i>	No. 1:20-cv-01983 (D. Colo.)
	<i>Prentis Walton et al. v Oldcastle Building Envelope, Inc.</i>	No. 3:18-cv-02936 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Prime v Jack Cleveland Casino L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00216 (N.D. Ohio)

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	<i>Pryor v Cleveland-Cliffs Steel Corporation</i>	No. 2:23-cv-01503 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Quella v Lands' End, Inc.</i>	No. 23-cv-01323 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Quinn Oseland v BrightTALK Inc., Inc.</i>	Index No. 605481/2025 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Nassau Cnty.)
	<i>Ranita Railey v Sunset Food Mart, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-06758 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Rashiek Spady v Ross Stores, Inc.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-03010 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Ray Cruz-Perez v Penn National Gaming, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-02577 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Reeves v P&E Logistics, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-04167 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Reeves, et al., v P&E Logistics, et al.</i>	No. 25-cv-00005
	<i>Reginald Pierre v Stephen's Automotive Transport, Inc.</i>	No. 81-cv-03444
	<i>Reid v Peterson Farms, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-00340 (W.D. Mich.)
	<i>Reinier Corrales v Cargo Leasing Solutions L.L.C.</i>	No. 5:23-cv-00555 (W.D. Tex.)
	<i>Rhonda Gresky v Checker Notions Company, Inc. d/b/a/Checker Distributors</i>	No. 3:21-cv-01203 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Richard Johnson v Asset Management Group, LLC</i>	No. 62-cv-00021
	<i>Richard Starnes v Amazon.Com, Inc.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-00484 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Robert Cothran v George M. Adams, Jr.</i>	No. 8:23-cv-00518 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>Robert Eddings v. General Aluminum Manufacturing Company</i>	No. 1:17-cv-00362 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Robert Ford v Takeda Pharmaceuticals U.S.A., Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-10090 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Robert Stock et al. v Xerox Corporation</i>	No. 6:16-cv-06256 (W.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Roberto Garcia v Milum, Inc.</i>	No. 8:21-cv-00803 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>Robertson v Ciena Health Care Management, Inc.</i>	No. 2:24-cv-02526 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Rocher, et al. v. Sav-on Drugs, et al.</i>	No. BC 227551 (Cal. Super. Ct. L.A. Cnty.)
	<i>Rodney Nelson v Indus Companies, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-00982
	<i>Rodriguez v The Majestic Star Casino L.L.C. dba Hard Rock Casino Northern IN .</i>	No. 2:22-cv-00198 (N.D. Ind.)
	<i>Roger James v Boyd Gaming Corporation</i>	No. 2:19-cv-02260 (D. Kan.)
	<i>Roger Stiles v Specialty Promotions, Inc.</i>	No. 2020-CH-03766 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Rogers v. Border Foods, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 2021-L-0000019
	<i>Rommel Espiritu v Colonial Logistics L.L.C.</i>	No. 5:23-cv-00722 (W.D. Tex.)
	<i>Ronnie Loschiavo v Advanced Drainage Systems, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-05069 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Rosalind Chambers v Continental, Secret Service Bureau, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-00468 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Rosann Biagi v International Services, Inc.</i>	No. 21CH00000311 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Lake Cnty.)
	<i>Rosenkranz v Altru Health System</i>	No. 3:20-cv-00168 (D.N.D.)
	<i>Rouse v Language Line Services, Inc.</i>	No. 4:22-cv-00204 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Rowe v DataRobot , Inc.</i>	No. 84-cv-00268
	<i>Ruffner v Grid One Solutions, L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-01097 (N.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Ruiz v Bass Pro Group, L.L.C.</i>	No. 6:24-cv-03122 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Ruotolo v Twin River Worldwide Holdings, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00530 (D.R.I.)
	<i>Rush v Sanoh America, Inc.</i>	No. 3:24-cv-01472 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Russell Cain v JB Hunt Transport, Inc.</i>	No. D-202-CV-2019-00710 (N.M. Dist. Ct. Bernalillo Cnty.)
	<i>Russell, et al. v. Illinois Bell Telephone Company</i>	No. 08-cv-01871 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Ryan Cocca v Ping Identity Corporation</i>	
	<i>Ryan Ransom et al. v Burrows Paper Corporation</i>	No. 2:20-cv-03824 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Sakinah Kelly at al. v Evolent Health LLC</i>	No. 1:19-cv-00500 (N.D. Ill.)

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	<i>Salamon v. Bayview Loan Servicing, LLC</i>	AAA Case No. 01-17-0002-1424
	<i>Samantha Simpson v Adena Health System</i>	No. 2:23-cv-02633 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Samuel D. Peck v Munson Healthcare</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00294 (W.D. Mich.)
	<i>Samuel Lovell v Park Place Technologies, LLC</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00595 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Sandra Arnett v BEF Foods, Inc.</i>	No. 2:24-cv-01992 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Sara Cordell v Sugar Creek Packing Company</i>	No. 2:21-cv-00755 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Sarah Cabrera v Elsa's Mexican Enterprises, Inc.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00254 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Scott Snider et al. V Quantum Health, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-02296
	<i>Sears v WellNow Urgent Care, P.C.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-03544 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Sequoia Moss-Clark, et al. v. New Way Services, Inc., et al.</i>	No. C12-1391 (Cal. Super. Ct. Contra Costa Cnty.)
	<i>Sergio Moreno et al. v Silvertip Completion Services Operating LLC</i>	No. 7:19-cv-00240 (W.D. Tex.)
	<i>Severino v Avondale Care Group, L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-10720 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Shannon Wheeler v. Cobalt Mortgage, Inc. et al.</i>	
	<i>Shari Ahrendesn v Prudent Fiduciary Services, LLC</i>	No. 2:21-cv-02157 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Sherman Wright et al. v The Kroger Co.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-00761 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Shiflet v Healthcare Ventures of Ohio L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-02428 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Shoemo-Flint v Cedar Fair L.P.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-01113 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Simmons v ViaQuest Residential Services, LLC</i>	No. 2:23-cv-00201 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Simpson v Rhenium Alloy, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00397 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Sizemore-Easter v Amazon.com Inc.</i>	No. 5:23-cv-00164 (W.D. Tex.)
	<i>Smallwood, et al. v. Illinois Bell Telephone Company,</i>	No. 09-cv-04072 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Smith v Ohio Steel Processing L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00953 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Smith v. Family Video</i>	No. 11-cv-01773 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Smith v. Pizza Hut, Inc.</i>	No. 09-cv-01632 (D. Colo.)
	<i>Soliz v James G Davis Construction Corp.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-00974 (E.D. Va.)
	<i>Spencer v DMD Management, Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-01698 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Speraneo v. BJC Health Systems, Inc. d/b/a BJC HealthCare</i>	No. 1322-CC-09701 (Mo. Cir. Ct. St. Louis Cnty.)
	<i>Stanley Fuller v. Elmwood Centers, Inc.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00908 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Stengl v L3Harris Technologies, Inc.</i>	No. 6:22-cv-00572 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>Stephanie Pitts v Extend Health, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-00742 (D. Utah)
	<i>Stephanie Sanz, et al. v. Johnny Utah 51, LLC</i>	No. 14-cv-04380 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Stephen DiGiorgio et al. v EOS Holdings, Inc.</i>	No. 1:16-cv-11069 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Steven Belt v P.F. Chang's China Bistro, Inc.</i>	No. 2:18-cv-03831 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Stevens v American Eagle Outfitters, Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-01062 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Stumpf v SPI Lighting Holdings, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:24-cv-00258 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Surette, et al. v SmartBear Software, Inc.</i>	No. 81-cv-00802
	<i>Susan McNeilly v Spectrum Health System</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00870 (W.D. Mich.)
	<i>Tamare Fry v Pilot Plastics, Inc.</i>	No. 5:22-cv-00465 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Tanielle Thomas vWalmart, Inc.</i>	No. 18-cv-04717 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Taryn Dietrich v C.H. Robinson Worldwide, Inc.</i>	No. 1:18-cv-04871 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Tasha Smith v Acceptance Solutions Group, Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-01675 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Teeter v. NCR Corporation</i>	No. 08-cv-00297 (C.D. Cal.)

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	<i>Teresa Joseph v Majestic Care Staff LLC</i>	No. 1:22-cv-01631 (S.D. Ind.)
	<i>Terri Powell et al. v IKEA Industry Danville, LLC</i>	No. 4:18-cv-00058 (W.D. Va.)
	<i>Terrie Gammon et al. v Marietta OPCO, LLC dba Arbors at Marietta</i>	No. 2:19-cv-05140 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>The Fortune Society, Inc. et al. v. Macy's, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 19-cv-05961 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Thomas Cramer et al. v. Bank of America, N.A. et al.</i>	No. 12-cv-08681 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Thomas Dege, et al., v. Hutchinson Technology, Inc.</i>	No. 06-cv-03754 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Thomas Loeper v Wegman Food Markets, Inc.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-02044 (M.D. Pa.)
	<i>Thomas v Candid Care Co.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-05472 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Thomas v. Kellogg Company et al.</i>	No. 3:13-cv-05136 (W.D. Wash.)
	<i>Thompson v. Qwest Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 1:17-cv-01745 (D. Colo.)
	<i>Tiffany Mastrodonato v Southern Health Partners, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00735 (D. Del.)
	<i>Tiffany Williams v Bob Evans Farms, Inc.</i>	No. 2:18-cv-01353 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Tiffany Zetzer v Crown Battery Manufacturing Co.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-02329 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Timothy Haston v Resurgent Capital Services, L.P.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01008 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Todd Coleman v Trophy Nut Co.</i>	No. 3:19-cv-00374 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Tolefree v VPC Management, L.L.C. (Operator of Giordano's)</i>	No. 1:22-cv-05766 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Tolomeo v RR Donnelley & Sons, Inc.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-07158 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Tompkins et al. v. Ferny Properties, LLC et. al.,</i>	No. 3:18-cv-00190 (D.N.D.)
	<i>Toth v Double H Plastics, Inc., et al</i>	No. 22-cv-00008
	<i>Tracie Ford et al. v Cardinal Innovations Healthcare Solutions</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00736 (M.D.N.C.)
	<i>Tracy Mattison et al. v Trubridge, Inc.</i>	No. 5:19-cv-01618 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Trevon Estes v Peloton Interactive, Inc.</i>	No. 62-cv-00021
	<i>Tripline v The Grove, Inc.</i>	No. 240502550
	<i>Trista L.Freeman, et al. v Crossroads Hospice of Northeast Ohio LLC</i>	No. 5:20-cv-01579
	<i>Turnham v Nationwide Inbound, Inc.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-50014 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Twohill, et al. v. First Acceptance Corporation</i>	No. 3:17-cv-00284 (M.D. Tenn.)
	<i>Tylisha Allen v Flanders Corporation</i>	No. 2022-LA-154 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Sangamon Cnty.)
	<i>Urlaub v Citgo Petroleum Corporation</i>	No. 21-cv-04133 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Van Note v International Flavors & Fragrances, Inc.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-02211 (C.D. Ill.)
	<i>Vanecia Brown v Syntruck, LLC</i>	No. MSC18-02499 (Cal. Super. Ct. Contra Costa Cnty.)
	<i>Vernon Roberts v Techserv Consulting and Training, LTD</i>	No. 6:21-cv-00406 (E.D. Tex.)
	<i>Veronica Garcia v Barton Malow Co., Inc.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-00590 (E.D. Va.)
	<i>Victor Sanchez v Gold Standard Enterprises, Inc. d/b/a/ Binny's Beverage Depot</i>	No. 1:21-cv-03349 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Villa v Cargill Meat Solutions Corp.</i>	No. 3:22-cv-01321 (M.D. Pa.)
	<i>Wachala v Astellas, Inc.</i>	No. 20-cv-03882 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Wagner v Speedway L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-03014 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Wallace Pitts et al. v. G4s Secure Solutions (USA), Inc.</i>	No. 2:19-cv-02650
	<i>Walsh v Columbus Electric, Inc. et al</i>	No. 2:20-cv-02857
	<i>Watkins, et al. v. I.G. Incorporated, etl a.</i>	No. 27-13-15361 (Minn. Dist. Ct. Hennepin Cnty.)
	<i>Weeks v. Matrix Absence Management, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-00884 (D. Ariz.)
	<i>Welch v Schutz Container, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-03970 (D.N.J.)
	<i>Wendy Berry v FirstGroup America, Inc.</i>	No. 1:18-cv-00326 (S.D. Ohio)

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Practice Area	Engagement	Citation
Environmental	<i>Wesel v Certus Healthcare Management, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-01479 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>White et al. v. Edward Jones Co., L.P. dba Edward Jones</i>	No. 17-cv-02004 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Wilcoxon v Chemours Company</i>	No. 1:23-cv-01416 (D. Del.)
	<i>Wilkinson, et al. v. NCR Corporation</i>	No. 1:08-cv-05578 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>William Perrin, et al. v. Papa John's International</i>	No. 4:09-cv-01335 (E.D. Mo.)
	<i>William Whitlock, et. al v. FSH Management, LLC, et. al.</i>	No. 3:10-cv-00562
	<i>Williams v Centerra Group L.L.C.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-04220 (D.S.C.)
	<i>Williams v Crossroad Couriers, Inc.</i>	No. 4:20-cv-00691 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Williams v Senior Village, L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-03420 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Williams v. DH Pace</i>	No. 4:14-cv-00161 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Williams, et al. v. Dollar Financial Group, et al.</i>	No. RG03099375 (Cal. Super. Ct. Alameda Cnty.)
	<i>Williams, et al. v. G4S Secure Solutions (USA) Inc.</i>	No. 1:17-cv-00051 (M.D.N.C.)
	<i>Williams, et al. v. H&R Block Enterprises, Inc.</i>	No. RG 08366506 (Cal. Super. Ct. Alameda Cnty.)
	<i>Wilson v MOMs Organic Holding Co.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-01073 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Wise v Monro, Inc.</i>	No. 6:23-cv-06476 (W.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Wise v PACCAR, Inc.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-02689 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Wittemann, et al. v. Wisconsin Bell, Inc.</i>	No. 09-cv-00440 (W.D. Wis.)
	<i>Wlotkowski, et al. v. Michigan Bell</i>	No. 09-cv-11898 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Woods v First Transit Inc, Inc.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-00739 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Yekaterina Bassman v Guidepoint Global LLC</i>	Index No. 611889/2022 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Nassau Cnty.)
	<i>Zinck v Keystone Clearwater Solutions L.L.C.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-00549 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Zorski v Catamorphic Company, Inc.</i>	No. 2584-CV-02328 (Mass. Super. Ct. Suffolk Cnty.)
	<i>Zorski, et al. v. Catamorphic company dba LaunchDarkly</i>	No. 84-cv-02328
	<i>Bernice Samples, et al. v. Conoco, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 01-0631-CA-01 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Escambia Cnty.)
	<i>Billieson, et al. v. City of New Orleans, et al.</i>	No. 94-19231 (La. Civ. Dist. Ct. Orleans Par.)
	<i>Charles Grasley v Chemtool, Inc.</i>	No. 21-L-162 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Winnebago Cnty.)
	<i>City of Greenville, et al., v. Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc., and Syngenta AG</i>	No. 3:10-cv-00188 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>In Re: Duluth Superior Chemical Spill Litigation</i>	No. 92-cv-00503 (W.D. Wis.)
	<i>Keltner, et al., v. SunCokeEnergy, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 2014-L-1540 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Madison Cnty.)
	<i>Latta, et al. v. Hannibal Board of Public Works, et al.</i>	No. 16SL-CC01881 (Mo. Cir. Ct. St. Louis Cnty.)
	<i>McGruder, et al. v. DPC Enterprises</i>	No. CV2003-022677 (Ariz. Super. Ct. Maricopa Cnty.)
	<i>Mehl v. Canadian Pacific Railway, Limited</i>	No. 02-cv-00009 (D.N.D.)
	<i>Michelle Marshall, et al. v. Air Liquide -- Big Three, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 2005-08706 (La. Civ. Dist. Ct. Orleans Par.)
	<i>Perrine, et al. v. E.I. DuPont De Nemours and Company, et al.</i>	694 S.E.2d 815 (W. Va. 2010)
ERISA	<i>Brian Reichert v Juniper Networks, Inc.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-06213 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Carrigan v Xerox ERISA, Inc.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-01085 (D. Conn.)
	<i>Chea v Lite Star ESOP Committee</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00647 (E.D. Cal.)
	<i>Colon, et al. v. Johnson, et al.</i>	No. 8:22-cv-00888 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>Cothran v. Adams, et al.</i>	No. 8:23-cv-00518 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>In Re: Broadwing Inc ERISA Litigation</i>	No. 02-cv-00857 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Leslie D. Nolan v The Detroit Edison Company</i>	No. 2:18-cv-13359 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Michael Marzec v Reladyne, LLC</i>	No. 2018-CH-14101 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)

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ERISA - 401k/403	<i>Quince Rankin v. Charles C. Conway (Kmart ERISA Litigation)</i>	No. 02-cv-71045 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Adams v Dartmouth-Hitchcock Clinic</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00099 (D.N.H.)
	<i>Anderson, et al. v. Coca-Cola Bottlers' Association, et al.</i>	No. 21-cv-02054 (D. Kan.)
	<i>André Clark, et al., v. Oasis Outsourcing Holdings, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 9:18-cv-81101 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>Anthony Abbott, et al. v. Lockheed Martin Corp., et al.</i>	No. 06-cv-00701 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Bacon, et al., v. Board of Pensions of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America</i>	No. 27-CV-15-3425 (Minn. Dist. Ct. Hennepin Cnty.)
	<i>Baker, et al. v. John Hancock Life Insurance Company (U.S.A.), et al.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-10397 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Beach, et al. v. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., et al.</i>	No. 17-cv-00563 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Becker v. Wells Fargo & Co. et al</i>	No. 0:20-cv-02016 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Berry, et al. v. FirstGroup America, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 1:18-cv-00326 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Bhatia, et al. v. McKinsey & Company, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-01466 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Binder v PPL Corporation</i>	No. 5:22-cv-00133 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Bouvy v. Analog Devices, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 19-cv-00881 (S.D. Cal.)
	<i>Brandon Imber v Bruce Lackey</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00004 (E.D. Cal.)
	<i>Brian Loomis v Nextep, Inc.</i>	No. 5:21-cv-00199 (W.D. Okla.)
	<i>Brotherston, et al. v. Putnam Investments, LLC, et al.</i>	No. 15-13825-WGY (Mass. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Brown et al. v. The MITRE Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-10976 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Brown-Davis et al v. Walgreen Co. et al</i>	No. 1:19-cv-05392 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Carrigan, et al. v. Xerox Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-01085 (D. Conn.)
	<i>Chechile et al v. Baystate Health, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 22-cv-30155 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Clifton Marshall, et al. v. Northrop Grumman Corp., et al.</i>	No. 16-cv-06794 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Conlon v Northern Trust Company</i>	No. 1:21-cv-02940 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Conte v. WakeMed</i>	No. 5:21-cv-00190 (E.D.N.C.)
	<i>Coviello, et al. v. BHS Management Services, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 3:20-cv-30198 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Cunningham, et al., v. Cornell University, et al.</i>	No. 16-cv-06525 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>David Clark, et al. v. Duke University, et al.</i>	No. 1:16-cv-01044 (M.D.N.C.)
	<i>David Kinder, et al. v. Koch Industries, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-02973 (N.D. Ga.)
	<i>Davis v. Magna International of America, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-11060 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Dean et al. v. Cumulus Media, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-04956
	<i>Dennis Gordan, et al. v. Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Co., et al.</i>	No. 13-cv-30184
	<i>Diego Cervantes v. Invesco Holding Company (US), Inc., et al.</i>	No. 1:18-cv-02551 (N.D. Ga.)
	<i>Dukes v AmeriSourceBergen Corporation</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00313 (W.D. Ky.)
	<i>Dustin S. Soulek v Costco Wholesale Corporation</i>	No. 20-cv-00937 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Ford, et al. v. Takeda Pharmaceuticals U.S.A., Inc., et al</i>	No. 21-cv-10090 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Fritton, et al. v. Taylor Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 22-cv-00415 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Garcia et al. v. Alticor, Inc. et al.,</i>	No. 1:20-cv-01078 (W.D. Mich.)
	<i>Garnick, et al. v. Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center, et al.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-00454 (M.D.N.C.)
	<i>Gleason et al v. Bronson Healthcare Group, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-00379 (W.D. Mich.)
	<i>Gomes, et al. v. State Street Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 1:21-cv-10863 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Gruber v. Grifols Shared Services North America, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 2:22-cv-02621 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Harvey Miller et al. v. Packaging Corporation of America, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-00271 (W.D. Mich.)
	<i>Harvey v Bed Bath and Beyond, Inc.</i>	No. 2:23-cv-20376 (D.N.J.)

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	<i>Hawkins, et al. v. Cintas Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-01062
	<i>Henderson et al. v. Emory University et al.</i>	No. 16-cv-02920 (N.D. Ga.)
	<i>Hill et al v. Mercy Health System Corporation et al</i>	No. 3:20-cv-50286 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Hundley et al., v. Henry Ford Health System et al</i>	No. 2:21-cv-11023 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>In re GE ERISA Litigation</i>	No. 1:17-cv-12123 (D. Mass.)
	<i>In re M&T Bank Corporation ERISA Litigation</i>	No. 1:16-cv-00375 (W.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In re Northrop Grumman Corporation ERISA Litigation</i>	No. 06-cv-06213
	<i>In re The American National Red Cross ERISA Litigation</i>	No. 1:21-cv-00541 (D.D.C.)
	<i>Intravaia, et al. v. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, et al.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-00973 (E.D. Va.)
	<i>Johnson, et al v. Fujitsu Technology and Business of America, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 5:16-cv-03698 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Kahn v Board of Directors of Pentegra Defined Contribution Plan</i>	No. 7:20-cv-07561 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Karg et al v. Transamerica Corporation et al</i>	No. 1:18-cv-00134 (N.D. Iowa)
	<i>Karolyn Kruger, et al. v. Novant Health Inc., et al.</i>	No. 14-cv-00208 (M.D.N.C.)
	<i>Karpik, et al. v. Huntington Bancshares Incorporated, et al.</i>	No. 2:17-cv-01153 (S.D. Ohio)
	<i>Kehrer v Giant Eagle, Inc.</i>	No. 2:24-cv-01211 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Kimberly D. Traczyk v Aspirus, Inc.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-00077 (W.D. Mich.)
	<i>Kirk, et al. v. Retirement Committee of CHS/Community Health Systems, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 3:19-cv-00689 (M.D. Tenn.)
	<i>Kruzell v. Clean Harbors Environmental Services, Inc. et al.,</i>	No. 1:22-cv-10524 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Lauren Bence, et al. v. Presence Health Network, et al.</i>	No. 1:17-cv-08315 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Law et al v. Estee Lauder Inc. et al.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-04770 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Leon v. Maersk, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 3:23-cv-00602 (W.D.N.C.)
	<i>Loren L. Cassell, et al. v. Vanderbilt University, et al.</i>	No. 3:16-cv-02086 (M.D. Tenn.)
	<i>Main, et al. v. American Airlines, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 4:16-cv-00473 (N.D. Tex.)
	<i>Marcia McGowan v Barnabas Health, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-13119 (D.N.J.)
	<i>Mark Norton v Mass General Brigham, Inc.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-10045 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Mazza v. Pactiv Evergreen Services, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 1:22-cv-05052 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>McNeilly, et al. v. Spectrum Health System, et al.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00870 (W.D. Mich.)
	<i>Meliss Jackson v New England Biolabs, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-12208 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Miguel, et al. v. Salesforce.com Inc., et al.</i>	No. 3:20-cv-01753 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Moitoso, et al. v. FMR LLC, et al.</i>	No. 1:18-cv-12122 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Munro v University of Southern California</i>	No. 2:16-cv-06191 (S.D. Cal.)
	<i>Murphy v The Auto Club Group</i>	No. 5:24-cv-11168
	<i>Nado v John Muir Health</i>	No. 3:24-cv-01632 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Parker et al., v. GKN North America Services, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-12468 (E.D. Mich.)
	<i>Pat Beesley, et al v. International Paper Co. et al.</i>	No. 06-cv-00703 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Paul Andrus, et al. v. New York Life Insurance Company, et al.</i>	No. 1:16-cv-05698
	<i>Perkins v United Surgical Partners, Inc.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-00973 (N.D. Tex.)
	<i>Pledger, et al. v. Reliance Trust, et al.</i>	No. 1:15-cv-04444 (N.D. Ga.)
	<i>Price v. Eaton Vance Corp., et al.</i>	No. 18-12098-WGY (Mass. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Ramos et al. v. Banner Health et al. (Judgement)</i>	No. 1:15-cv-02556 (D. Colo.)
	<i>Ramos et al. v. Banner Health et al. (Slocum)</i>	No. 1:15-cv-02556 (D. Colo.)
	<i>Reetz v. Lowe's Companies, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 5:18-cv-00075 (W.D.N.C.)

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	<i>Reichert, et al. v. Juniper Networks, Inc. et. al.</i>	No. 3:21-cv-06213 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Remied v NorthShoe University HealthSystem</i>	No. 1:22-cv-02578 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Robert Sims, et al, v. BB&T Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 1:15-cv-00732 (M.D.N.C.)
	<i>Robert Stengl, et al. v. L3Harris Technologies, Inc</i>	No. 6:22-cv-00572 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>Rocke, et al. v. Allianz Asset Management of America LLC, et al.</i>	No. 8:23-cv-00098 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Rodriguez v Intuit, Inc.</i>	No. 5:23-cv-05053 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Ronald Tussey, et al. v. ABB Inc., et al.</i>	No. 2:06-cv-04305 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Rosenkranz, et al. v. Altru Health System, et al.,</i>	No. 3:20-cv-00168 (D.N.D.)
	<i>Rubke v Bassett Services Heating & Cooling, L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:24-cv-01050 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Rubke, et al. v Servicenow, Inc. et al</i>	No. 24-cv-01050
	<i>Seidner v Kimberly-Clark Corporation</i>	No. 3:21-cv-00867 (N.D. Tex.)
	<i>Shaw v Quad Graphics, Inc.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01645 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Smith et al. v. OSF Healthcare System, et al.</i>	No. 3:16-cv-00467 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Smith v UGN, Inc.</i>	No. 1:24-cv-07908 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Smith v. GreatBanc Tr. Co.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-02350 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Smith, et al. v. VCA Inc., et al.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-09140 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Soulek v. Costco Wholesale Corporation et al</i>	No. 1:20-cv-00937 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Stacy Schapker v. Waddell & Reed Financial, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 17-cv-02365 (D. Kan.)
	<i>Stevens v. SEI Investments Company, et al.</i>	No. 2:18-cv-09936 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Todd Ramsey, et al., v. Philips North America LLC</i>	No. 3:18-cv-01099 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Toomey, et al. v. Demoulas Super Markets, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-11633 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Tracey, et al. v. Massachusetts Institute of Technology, et al.</i>	No. 1:16-cv-11620 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Troudt et al v. Oracle Corporation et al.</i>	No. 16-cv-00175 (D. Colo.)
	<i>Tsui v Universal Services of America d/b/a Allied Universal</i>	No. 8:22-cv-01158 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Tufano v Pride Mobility Corporation</i>	No. 3:24-cv-00765 (M.D. Pa.)
	<i>Urlaub, et al. v. CITGO Petroleum Corp., et. al.</i>	No. 21-cv-04133 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Velazquez, et al. v. Massachusetts Financial Services Company</i>	No. 1:17-cv-11249 (D. Mass.)
	<i>Walter v. Kerry Inc., et al.</i>	No. 2:21-cv-00539 (E.D. Wis.)
	<i>Williams, et al. v. Centerra Group, LLC, et al.</i>	No. 1:20-cv-04220 (D.S.C.)
	<i>Winkelman et al. v. Whole Foods Market Inc. et al</i>	No. 1:21-cv-05075
	<i>Winkelman v Whole Foods Market, Inc.</i>	No. 1:23-cv-01352 (W.D. Tex.)
	<i>Woznicki v. Aurora Health Care, Inc.</i>	No. 20-cv-01246 (E.D. Wis.)
FACTA	<i>Albright v. Metrolink</i>	No. 4:11-cv-01691 (E.D. Mo.)
	<i>Ebert, et al. v. Warner's Stellan</i>	No. 11-cv-02325 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Fouks, et al. v. Red Wing Hotel Corporation</i>	No. 12-cv-02160 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Jones v. Dickinson</i>	No. 11-cv-02472
	<i>Linda Todd, et al. v. Medieval Times</i>	No. 1:10-cv-00120 (D.N.J.)
	<i>Masters v. Lowe's Home Centers, Inc.</i>	No. 3:09-cv-00255 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Seppanen et al. v. Krist Oil Company</i>	No. 2:09-cv-00195 (W.D. Mich.)
	<i>Waldman v. Hess Corporation</i>	No. 07-cv-02221 (D.N.J.)
FCRA	<i>Michael Stoner, et al. v. CBA Information Services</i>	No. 04-cv-00519 (E.D. Pa.)
FDCPA	<i>Mitchell v Miramed Revenue Group, L.L.C.</i>	No. 3:18-cv-00384 (S.D. W. Va.)

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Insurance	<i>Ann Castello v. Allianz Life Insurance Company</i>	No. 03-cv-20405 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Boyd Demmer, et al. v. Illinois Farmers Insurance Company</i>	No. MC 00-017872 (Minn. Dist. Ct. Hennepin Cnty.)
	<i>Christopher Meek v Kansas City Life Insurance Company</i>	No. 4:19-cv-00471 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>Chultern v. Tigor Title Insur. Co., et al.</i>	No. 2006-CH-09488 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Colella v. Chicago Title Insur. Co., et al.</i>	No. 2006-CH-09489 (Ill. Cir. Ct. Cook Cnty.)
	<i>Daluge, et. al., v. Continental Casualty Company</i>	No. 3:15-cv-00297 (W.D. Wis.)
	<i>Deborah Hillgamy, et al. v. Reliastar Life Insurance Company, et al.</i>	No. 11-cv-00729 (W.D. Wis.)
	<i>Doan v. State Farm</i>	No. 108CV129264 (Cal. Super. Ct. Santa Clara Cnty.)
	<i>Dorothea Pavlov v. Continental Casualty Company</i>	No. 07-cv-02580 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>Earl L. McClure v State Farm Insurance Company</i>	No. 2:20-cv-01389 (D. Ariz.)
	<i>Frank Rose, et al. v. United Equitable Insurance Company, et al.</i>	No. 00-cv-02248 (N.D. Dist. Ct. Cass Cnty.)
	<i>Froeber v. Liberty Mutual Fire Insurance Company</i>	No. 00C15234 (Or. Cir. Ct. Marion Cnty.)
	<i>Garrison, et al., v. Auto-Owners Insurance Company</i>	No. 02-CV-324076 (Mo. Cir. Ct. Cole Cnty.)
	<i>Harold Hanson, et al. v. Acceleration Life Insurance Company, et al.</i>	No. 3:97-cv-00152 (D.N.D.)
	<i>In Re: Lutheran Brotherhood Variable Insurance Products Co. Sales Practices Litigation</i>	No. 99-md-01309 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Irene Milkman, et al. v. American Travellers Life Insurance Company, et al.</i>	No. 03775 (Pa. Ct. Com. Pl. Phila. Cnty.)
	<i>J. Gregory Sheldon v Kansas City Life Insurance Company</i>	No. 1916-CV26689 (Mo. Cir. Ct. Jackson Cnty.)
	<i>Jacobs v. State Farm General Insurance Company</i>	No. C.J-96-406 (Okla. Dist. Ct. Sequoyah Cnty.)
	<i>James M. Wallace, III, et al. v. American Agrisurance, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 99-cv-00669
	<i>James Ralston, et al. v. Chrysler Credit Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 90-cv-3433 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Lucas Cnty.)
	<i>Michael T. McNellis, et al. v. Pioneer Life Insurance Company, et al.</i>	No. CV-990759 (Cal. Super. Ct. San Luis Obispo Cnty.)
	<i>Morris v. Liberty Mutual Fire Insurance Company</i>	No. C.J-03-714 (Okla. Dist. Ct. Pottawatomie Cnty.)
	<i>Paul Curtis, et al v. Northern Life Insurance Company</i>	No. 01-2-18578 (Wash. Super. Ct. King Cnty.)
	<i>Ralph Shaffer v. Continental Casualty Company and CNA Financial Corp</i>	No. 06-cv-02253 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>Raymond Arent, et al. v. State Farm Mutual Insurance Company</i>	No. 00-mc-16521 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Roy Whitworth, et al. v. Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company, et al.</i>	No. 00CVH-08-6980 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Franklin Cnty.)
	<i>Sonia Gonzalez, et al. v. Rooms to Go, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 97-cv-03146 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>Taqueria El Primo, LLC v Farmers Group, Inc.</i>	No. 19-cv-03071 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Tow Distributing, Inc., et al. v. BCBSM, Inc., d/b/a Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Minnesota</i>	No. 02-cv-09317 (D. Minn.)
Insurance	<i>Grant Bauserman v Unemployment Insurance Agency</i>	No. 2015-000202-MM (Mich. Ct. Cl.)
	<i>Scott Craven v Cameron Mutual Insurance Co.</i>	No. 20CY-CV06381 (Mo. Cir. Ct. Clay Cnty.)
	<i>Simeon Penton v Centennial Bank</i>	No. 4:18-cv-00450 (N.D. Fla.)
Insurance - Force	<i>The People of The State of California v Jeff Toll MD, Inc.</i>	No. 22STCV13183 (Cal. Super. Ct. L.A. Cnty.)
	<i>Arnett v. Bank of America, N.A.</i>	No. 3:11-cv-01372 (D. Or.)
	<i>Clements, et al. v. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., et al.</i>	No. 3:12-cv-02179 (N.D. Cal.)
Legal Notice	<i>Hofstetter, et al. v. Chase Home Finance, LLC., et al.</i>	No. 10-cv-01313 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Jerome Walls, et al. v. JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., et al.</i>	No. 11-cv-00673 (W.D. Ky.)
	<i>Anderson et al. v. Canada (Attorney General)</i>	2011 NLCA 82
	<i>Angell v. Skechers Canada</i>	No. 8562-12 (Que. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Billieson, et al. v. City of New Orleans, et al.</i>	No. 94-19231 (La. Civ. Dist. Ct. Orleans Par.)
	<i>Carnegie v. Household International, Inc.</i>	No. 98-cv-02178 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Cazenave, et al. v. Sheriff Charles C. Foti, Jr., et al.</i>	No. 00-cv-01246

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Practice Area	Engagement	Citation
Medical/Drug	<i>City of Greenville, et al., v. Syngenta Crop Protection, Inc., and Syngenta AG</i>	No. 3:10-cv-00188 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Diesel v Mariani Packing Company, Inc.</i>	No. 4:22-cv-01368 (E.D. Mo.)
	<i>Evans, et al. v. Linden Research, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 4:11-cv-01078 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. NBTY, Inc.</i>	No. 05-cv-04793 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>George Williams, et al. v. BestComp, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 09-C-5242-A (La. Dist. Ct. St. Landry Par.)
	<i>Griffin v. Dell Canada Inc</i>	No. 07-CV-325223D2 (Ont. Super. Ct. J.)
	<i>In Re: Aftermarket Filters Antitrust Litigation</i>	No. 1:08-cv-04883, MDL No. 1957 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>In Re: Asia Pulp & Paper Securities Litigation</i>	No. 01-cv-07351 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In Re: Certainteed Fiber Cement Siding Litigation</i>	MDL No. 2270 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>In Re: Duluth Superior Chemical Spill Litigation</i>	No. 92-cv-00503 (W.D. Wis.)
	<i>In Re: Google Referrer Header Privacy Litigation</i>	No. 10-cv-04809 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>In Re: Salmonella Litigation</i>	No. 94-cv-16304 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Jerome H. Schlink v. Edina Realty Title</i>	No. 02-cv-18380 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Joel E. Zawikowski, et al. v. Beneficial National Bank, et al.</i>	No. 98-cv-02178 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Joshua Wasser, et al. v. All Market, Inc.,</i>	No. 1:16-cv-21238 (S.D. Fla.)
	<i>Kobylanski et al. v. Motorola Mobility, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 13-cv-01181 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Mary Plubell, et al. v. Merck and Co., Inc.</i>	No. 04-CV-235817 (Mo. Cir. Ct. Jackson Cnty.)
	<i>McGruder, et al. v. DPC Enterprises</i>	No. CV2003-022677 (Ariz. Super. Ct. Maricopa Cnty.)
	<i>Mehl v. Canadian Pacific Railway, Limited</i>	No. 02-cv-00009 (D.N.D.)
	<i>Michelle Marshall, et al. v. Air Liquide -- Big Three, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 2005-08706 (La. Civ. Dist. Ct. Orleans Par.)
	<i>Pat Beesley, et al v. International Paper Co. et al.</i>	No. 06-cv-00703 (S.D. Ill.)
	<i>Perrine, et al. v. E.I. Dupont De Nemours and Company, et al.</i>	694 S.E.2d 815 (W. Va. 2010)
	<i>Red Eagle Resources Corporation, Inc., et al. v. Baker Hughes Inc., et al.</i>	No. 91-cv-00627 (S.D. Tex.)
	<i>Skold, et al. v Intel Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 05-cv-39231
	<i>The People of the State of California v. Rainbow Light Nutritional Systems, LLC, et al.</i>	No. 19STCV28214 (Cal. Super. Ct. L.A. Cnty.)
	<i>Thomas Geanacopoulos v. Philip Morris USA, Inc.</i>	No. 98-6002-BLS1 (Mass. Super. Ct.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. CHK Trading Corp.</i>	No. 04-cv-08686 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Christopher Enterprises, Inc.</i>	No. 2:01-cv-00505 (D. Utah)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Conversion Marketing, Inc.</i>	No. 04-cv-01264 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Enforma Natural Products, Inc.</i>	No. 00-cv-04376 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Goen Technologies</i>	FTC File No. 042-3127
	<i>F.T.C. v. Great American Products</i>	No. 05-cv-00170 (N.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Kevin Trudeau, et al.</i>	No. 03-cv-03904 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Latin Hut, Inc.</i>	No. 04-cv-00830 (S.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. QT, Inc.</i>	No. 03-cv-03578 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Seasilver USA, Inc.</i>	No. 03-cv-00676 (D. Nev.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Smart Inventions, Inc.</i>	No. 04-cv-04431 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. Sunny Health Nutrition Technology & Products, Inc.</i>	No. 06-cv-02193 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>F.T.C. v. United Fitness of America, LLC</i>	No. 02-cv-00648 (D. Nev.)
	<i>In Re: Guidant Corp Implantable Defibrillators Products Liability Litigation</i>	No. 05-cv-01708 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In re: Nuvaring Products Liability Litigation</i>	MDL No. 1964
	<i>Karen Wright, et al. v. Milan Jeckle</i>	No. 98-2-07410-2 (Wash. Super. Ct. Spokane Cnty.)

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Practice Area	Engagement	Citation
	<i>Mary Plubell, et al. v. Merck and Co., Inc.</i>	No. 04-CV-235817 (Mo. Cir. Ct. Jackson Cnty.)
Privacy	<i>S.A. et al. v Minnesota Department of Public Safety, et al.</i>	No. 62-cv-00023
Privacy/FCRA	<i>St. Clair, et al. v MRB, et al.</i>	No. 12-cv-01572 (D. Minn.)
Product Liability	<i>Jared Kruger v Lely North America, Inc.</i>	No. 0:20-cv-00629 (D. Minn.)
Securities	<i>Adam C. Kassab , et al. v. Francis D. John, et al.</i>	No. 2:16-cv-00613 (W.D. Pa.)
	<i>Alan Freberg, et al. v. Merrill Corporation, et al.</i>	No. 99-cv-10063 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Anderson v. Investors Diversified Services</i>	No. 4:79-cv-00266 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Arkansas Teacher Retirement System, et al. v. Insulet Corp., et al.</i>	No. 15-12345-MLW (Mass. Super. Ct.)
	<i>Bottlebrush Investments, LP, et al. v. The Lambveth Company, et al.</i>	No. BC-407967 (Cal. Super. Ct. L.A. Cnty.)
	<i>Charter Township Of Clinton v. OSI Restaurants</i>	No. 06-CA-010348 (Fla. Cir. Ct. Hillsborough Cnty.)
	<i>Christopher Carmona, et al. v. Henry I. Bryant, et al. (Albertson's Securities Litigation)</i>	No. 06-cv-01251 (Idaho Dist. Ct. Ada Cnty.)
	<i>Daryl L. Cooper, et al. v. Miller Johnson Steichen Kinnard, Inc.</i>	No. 02-cv-01236 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Dutton v. Harris Stratex Networks, Inc. et al</i>	No. 08-cv-00755
	<i>Edith Gottlieb v. Xcel Energy, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 02-cv-02931 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Family Medicine Specialists, et al. v. Abatix Corp., et al.</i>	No. 3:04-cv-00872 (N.D. Tex.)
	<i>Fisk, et al. v. H&R Block Inc., et al.</i>	No. 1216-CV-20418 (Mo. Cir. Ct. Jackson Cnty.)
	<i>Friedman, et al. v. Penson Worldwide, Inc.</i>	No. 11-cv-02098 (N.D. Tex.)
	<i>In Re Allergan PLC Securities Litigation</i>	No. 18-cv-12089 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In re FX Energy Stockholders Litigation</i>	No. A-15-726409-B (Nev. Dist. Ct. Clark Cnty.)
	<i>In Re Regulix Therapeutics Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 3:17-cv-00182 (S.D. Cal.)
	<i>In Re Universal Health Services, Inc. Derivative Litigation</i>	No. 2:17-cv-02187 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>In Re: American Adjustable Rate Term Trust Securities Litigation</i>	No. 4:95-cv-00666 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Ancor Communications, Inc Securities Litigation</i>	No. 97-cv-01696 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Asia Pulp & Paper Securities Litigation</i>	No. 01-cv-07351 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In Re: Bayer AG Securites</i>	No. 03-cv-01546 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In Re: Bio-One Securities Litigation</i>	No. 05-cv-01859 (M.D. Fla.)
	<i>In Re: Bioplasty Securities Litigation</i>	No. 4:91-cv-00689 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Citi-Equity Group, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 94-cv-12194 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Citi-Equity Group, Inc., Limited Partnerships Securities Litigation</i>	MDL No. 1082 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>In Re: Control Data Corporation Securities Litigation</i>	No. 3:85-cv-01341 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Cray Research Securities Litigation</i>	No. 3:89-cv-00508 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In re: CV Sciences, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 2:18-cv-01602 (D. Nev.)
	<i>In Re: Cybex International Securities Litigation</i>	Index No. 653794/2012
	<i>In Re: E.W. Blanch Holdings, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 01-cv-00258 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Encore Computer Corporation Shareholder Litigation</i>	No. 16044 (Del. Super. Ct. New Castle Cnty.)
	<i>In Re: EVCI Career Colleges Holding Corp Securities Litigation</i>	No. 05-cv-10240 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In Re: Flight Transportation</i>	MDL No. 517 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Frontier Oil Corporation</i>	No. 2011-11451 (Tex. Dist. Ct. Harris Cnty.)
	<i>In Re: HeartWare International, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 1:16-cv-00520 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In Re: Hennepin County 1986 Recycling Bond Litigation</i>	No. 92-cv-22272 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: McCleodUSA Incorporated Securities Litigation</i>	No. 02-cv-00001 (N.D. Iowa)
	<i>In Re: McKesson HBOC, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 99-cv-20743 (N.D. Cal.)

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Practice Area	Engagement	Citation
	<i>In Re: Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc. Securities Derivative and ERISA Litigation</i>	No. 07-cv-09633 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In Re: Merrill Lynch Research Reports Securities Litigation</i>	No. 02-md-01484 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In Re: Micro Component Technology, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 4:94-cv-00346 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: National City Corp. Securities, Derivative and Erisa Litig.</i>	MDL No. 2003 (N.D. Ohio)
	<i>In Re: New Century</i>	No. 07-cv-00931 (C.D. Cal.)
	<i>In Re: Novastar Financial, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 04-cv-00330 (W.D. Mo.)
	<i>In Re: OCA, Inc. Securities and Derivative Litigation</i>	No. 05-cv-02165
	<i>In Re: Raytheon Company Securities Litigation</i>	No. 99-cv-12142 (D. Mass.)
	<i>In Re: Reliance Group Holdings, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 00-cv-04653 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In Re: Retek Inc Securities Litigation</i>	No. 02-cv-04209 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Salomon Analyst Metromedia Litigation</i>	No. 02-cv-07966 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In re: Sauer-Danfoss, Inc. Stockholder Litigation</i>	C.A. No. 8396 (Del. Ch.)
	<i>In Re: Scimed Life Systems, Inc. Shareholders Litigation</i>	No. 94-mc-17640 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Sourcecorp Securities Litigation</i>	No. 04-cv-02351 (N.D. Tex.)
	<i>In re: Spectrum Pharmaceuticals Securities Litigation</i>	No. 2:13-cv-00433 (D. Nev.)
	<i>In Re: SS&C Technologies, Inc. Shareholders Litigation</i>	No. 05-cv-01525
	<i>In re: SunEdison, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 1:16-md-02742 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>In Re: Tellium Inc Securities Litigation</i>	No. 02-cv-05878 (D.N.J.)
	<i>In Re: The Sportsman's Guide, Inc. Litigation</i>	No. 06-cv-07903 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Tonka Corporation Securities Litigation</i>	No. 4:90-cv-00002 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Tonka II Securities Litigation</i>	No. 3:90-cv-00318 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Tricord Systems, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 3:94-cv-00746 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: VistaCare, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 04-cv-01661 (D. Ariz.)
	<i>In Re: Williams Securities Litigation</i>	No. 02-cv-00072 (N.D. Okla.)
	<i>In Re: Xcel Energy, Inc. Securities Litigation</i>	No. 02-cv-02677 (D. Minn.)
	<i>In Re: Xcelera.Com Securities Litigation</i>	No. 00-cv-11649 (D. Mass.)
	<i>In Re: Xybernaut Corp. Securities MDL Litigation</i>	MDL No. 1705 (E.D. Va.)
	<i>In the Matter of BKS Advisors, LLC</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-18648
	<i>In the Matter of Covia Holdings Corp. and Fairmount Santrol Holdings Inc.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-20163
	<i>In the Matter of David F. Bandmere</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-15124
	<i>In the Matter of deVere USA, Inc.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-18527
	<i>In the Matter of Fiat Chrysler Automobiles N.V.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-20009
	<i>In the Matter of Focus Media Holding Limited, et al.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-16852
	<i>In the Matter of Frontier Wealth Management L.L.C.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-20526
	<i>In the Matter of Howard Richards and In the Matter of James Goodland, et al.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-16877
	<i>In the Matter of James Goodland and Securus Wealth Management, LLC</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-16878
	<i>In the Matter of JL Capital Management</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-18171
	<i>In the Matter of Kahn Brothers Advisors L.L.C.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-20880
	<i>In the Matter of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-19793
	<i>In the Matter of Nikola Corporation</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-20687
	<i>In the Matter of Ross, Sinclair & Associates, LLC, et al.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-17315
	<i>In the Matter of Securities America Advisors, Inc.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-20381

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	<i>In the Matter of ShipChain, Inc.</i>	Securities Act Release No. 33-10909
	<i>In the Matter of ShipChain, Inc.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-20185
	<i>In the Matter of SICA Wealth Management, LLC and Jeffrey C. Sica</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-19716
	<i>In the Matter of Signator Investors, Inc., et al.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-16753
	<i>In the Matter of William D. King, CPA</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-19991
	<i>Inchen Huang v Assertio Therapeutics, Inc.</i>	No. 4:17-cv-04830 (N.D. Cal.)
	<i>Ivy Shipp, et al. v. Nationsbank Corp.</i>	No. 19,002 (Tex. Dist. Ct.)
	<i>Karl E. Brogen and Paul R. Havig, et al. v. Carl Pohlrad, et al.</i>	No. 3:93-cv-00714 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Kevin D. Mayer et al. v United Microelectronics Corporation</i>	No. 19-cv-02304 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Lori Miller, et al. v. Titan Value Equities Group Inc., et al.</i>	
	<i>Makor Issues & Rights, Ltd., et al. v. Tellabs, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 02-cv-04356 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Montoya, et al. v. Mamma.com, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 1:05-cv-02313 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Norwood v Lee, et al.</i>	C.A. No. 2018-0056 (Del. Ch.)
	<i>Partridge v GreenStar Agricultural Corporation, et al.</i>	(Ont. Sup. Ct. J., Toronto Region) (settlement approved Oct. 26, 2018)
	<i>Paskowitz v James J. Hill</i>	No. 715541/2018 (N.Y. Sup. Ct. Queens Cnty.)
	<i>Resendes, et al.; Maher, et al.; Hawkins, et al.; Schooley, et al. v. Thorp, et al.</i>	No. 84-cv-03457 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Richard Donal Rink, et al. v. College Retirement Equities Fund</i>	No. 07-CI-10761 (Ky. Cir. Ct. Jefferson Cnty.)
	<i>Robert Trimble, et al. v. Holmes Harbor Sewer District, et al.</i>	No. 01-2-00751-8 (Wash. Super. Ct. Island Cnty.)
	<i>Sandi Roper, et al. v. SITO Mobile, Ktd., et al.</i>	No. 2:17-cv-01106 (D.N.J.)
	<i>SEC v Arista Power</i>	No. 1:17-cv-04598 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>SEC v Dean Patrick McDermott</i>	No. 5:19-cv-00429 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>SEC v Seaforth Meridian, Ltd.</i>	No. 06-cv-04107 (D. Kan.)
	<i>SEC v Swapnil J. Rege</i>	No. 3:21-cv-19313 (D.N.J.)
	<i>SEC v Westport Capital markets LLC</i>	No. 3:17-cv-02064 (D. Conn.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v Arista Power, Inc.</i>	No. 17-cv-04598 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v Evoqua Water Technologies Corop. And Imran Parekh</i>	No. 1:23-cv-00105 (D.R.I.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. A Chicago Convention Center, LLC, et al.</i>	No. 13-cv-00982 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. AIMSI Technologies, Inc., et al.</i>	No. 05-cv-04724
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Alderson et al.</i>	No. 18-cv-04930 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Al-Raya Investment Company, et. al.</i>	No. 09-cv-06533
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Bowser, et al.</i>	No. 2:20-cv-00918 (D. Utah)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Broadwind Energy, Inc.</i>	No. 1:15-cv-01142 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. CKB168 Holdings Ltd., et al.</i>	No. 1:13-cv-05584 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Colonial Tidewater Realty Income Partners, LLC</i>	No. 1:15-cv-02401 (D. Md.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Harrison Katzen</i>	No. 16-cv-06606 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Intercontinental Regional Center Trust of Chicago, LLC</i>	No. 13-cv-00982 (N.D. Ill.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Jay Daniel Seinfeld, et al.</i>	No. 1:19-cv-00910 (W.D. Tex.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. McDermott</i>	No. 19-cv-04229 (E.D. Pa.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. MMR Investment Bankers LLC dba MMR, Inc.</i>	SEC Admin. Proc. File No. 3-16753
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Myron Weiner</i>	No. 11-cv-05731 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Rockford Funding Group, LLC, et al.</i>	No. 09-cv-10047 (S.D.N.Y.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Seaforth Meridian, Ltd., et al.,</i>	No. 5:06-cv-04107 (D. Kan.)

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	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. United American Ventures, LLC, et al.</i>	No. 10-cv-00568 (D.N.M.)
	<i>Securities and Exchange Commission v. Westport Capital Markets</i>	No. 2:21-cv-19313 (D.N.J.)
	<i>Superior Partners, et al. v. Rajesh K. Soin, et al.</i>	No. 08-cv-0872 (Ohio Ct. Com. Pl. Montgomery Cnty.)
	<i>Svenningsen, et al. v. Piper Jaffray & Hopwood, et al.</i>	No. 3:85-cv-00921 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Three Bridges Investment Group, et al. v. Honeywell, et al.</i>	No. 88-cv-22302 (D. Minn.)
	<i>Tietz v Bridgemark Financial Corporation</i>	No. S-197731 (B.C. Sup. Ct.)
	<i>United States of America v. George David Gordon</i>	No. 4:09-cr-00013 (N.D. Okla.)
	<i>United States of America v. Zev Saltzman</i>	No. 04-cv-00641 (E.D.N.Y.)
	<i>William Steiner, et al. v. Honeywell, Inc. et al.</i>	No. 4:88-cv-01102 (D. Minn.)
TCPA	<i>Precision Healthcare Group v mdINR LLC dba mdINR</i>	No. 22SL-CC01943
Test Score	<i>David Andino, et al. v. The Psychological Corporation, et al.</i>	No. A457725 (Nev. Dist. Ct. Clark Cnty.)
	<i>Frankie Kurvers, et al. v. National Computer Systems</i>	No. MC00-11010 (Minn. Dist. Ct. Hennepin Cnty.)

Exhibit 2

Caroline Barazesh

From: Settlement Administrator-Handling Fee Settlement
<HandlingFeeSettlement@email.noticeadministrator.com>
Sent: Tuesday, April 28, 2026 10:53 AM
To: Caroline Barazesh
Subject: Notice of Settlement – Cavanaugh v. Fanatics

Claim ID: 10825582

PIN: Cx9zP9HP

NOTICE OF PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC

Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

If you purchased merchandise through the Fanatics Websites between May 6, 2018, through March 30, 2026, and were assessed and paid a handling fee, you may be eligible for Fanatics Vouchers.

[File Your Claim](#)

File a Claim Form [here](#) to be eligible.

IMPORTANT: You must file a claim for your potential Vouchers by **August 27, 2026**.

What is this Notice about? A settlement has been reached in a class action lawsuit alleging that Fanatics, LLC (“Fanatics”) falsely advertised and misrepresented its handling fees, including by advertising “Free” or, a flat, low-cost shipping price on its website, while charging a handling fee to all orders. Fanatics denies that it violated any laws or that it did anything wrong. The Court has not decided who is right.

Who’s Included? The Settlement Class includes persons in the United States who ordered merchandise through the Fanatics Websites, and were assessed and paid a handling fee between May 6, 2018 and March 30, 2026. You may review a list of the Fanatics Websites on the Settlement Website at www.handlingfeesettlement.com.

What Are the Settlement Terms? Fanatics has agreed to provide two (2) vouchers in the amount of \$5.00 each (totaling \$10.00) (the “Vouchers”). Each voucher may be used towards the single purchase (no minimum purchase) of any item for sale on Fanatics’ website (available at fanatics.com) to Settlement Class Members who submit a timely and valid Claim Form. Vouchers may not be used together on the same single purchase. Fanatics has also agreed to separately pay for notice and administration costs of the Settlement, attorneys’ fees and expenses incurred by counsel for the Settlement Class, and a service award for the named Plaintiff. Settlement Class Members will be sent their Vouchers to the email address they submitted on their Claim Form within 60 days after the Settlement is Finally Approved.

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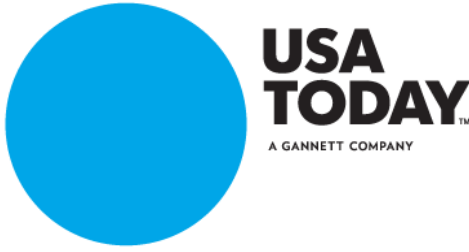
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Fanatics Settlement Administrator
PO Box 2010, Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

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Exhibit 3



VERIFICATION OF PUBLICATION

**STATE OF NEW YORK
COUNTY OF NEW YORK**

Being duly sworn, Vanessa Salvo says that she is the principal clerk of USA TODAY, and is duly authorized by USA TODAY to make this affidavit, and is fully acquainted with the facts stated herein: on **Friday, May 29, 2026, Friday, June 5, 2026, Friday, June 12, 26 and Friday June 19, 2026** - the following legal advertisement – **Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC** – was published in the regional edition of **USA TODAY** in the print market of Los Angeles/San Francisco/PX.

Vanessa Salvo

Principal Clerk of USA TODAY
June 22, 2026

Week in review

Recapping the most important and talked about news this week from around the world – ICYMI

NEWS

Next giant leap: A moon base

NASA has big plans for the moon. The space agency outlined an ambitious launch program of landers, drones, rovers and infrastructure to construct a \$20 billion lunar base by 2032, where astronauts can live and work. (It has been only two months since the historic Artemis II mission sent four astronauts to our close neighbor.) "The Moon Base will be America's and humanity's first outpost on another celestial world," NASA chief Jared Isaacman said. Another goal of this ultimate construction project: laying the groundwork for sending humans to Mars.

Beloved 'Big Boy' chugs along

Union Pacific's "Big Boy," the world's largest working steam locomotive and a thundering piece of Americana, is rolling east from Cheyenne, Wyoming, to Philadelphia to join the nation's 250th birthday celebrations in July. The 133-foot-long iron beast is the last of the mammoth engines built to haul heavy metal during World War II. More than 1 million people are expected to greet it at stops, including Nebraska, Iowa, Indiana and Ohio. "They're going to hear the whistle," said Union Pacific's Ed Dickens. "You'll feel the ground rumbling, feel the heat. ... This locomotive, it does not disappoint."

MONEY

Calling all coin collectors

American consumers soon can get their hands on something shiny and new, along with a nod to the warm and familiar. The semiquincentennial quarter honoring the Declaration of Independence, featuring Thomas Jefferson on the front and the Liberty Bell on the back, ships out June 1, the U.S. Mint announced, the third of five new quarters for 2026 to mark America's 250th anniversary. And coming to a post office near you: the return of the popular Mister Rogers stamp, winner of the USPS Stamp Encore contest, also to honor the nation's birthday. It was last seen in 2018, when it sold out in weeks.



IMAGE OF THE WEEK

A warm welcome to summer

Beachgoers soak up the sun over Memorial Day weekend in Juno Beach, Florida, where the air was humid and temps were in the 90s.

GREG LOVETT/
USA TODAY NETWORK

LIFE

Behave yourself in Russell Crowe's arena

Russell Crowe has been known to have a temper, and he has been known to show it. In a video shared by TMZ, Crowe, 62, can be seen signing autographs outside his hotel in Paris. "Stay where you are," he tells fans. "Don't ... push in on me. ... You got me? Clear?" (Expletives are deleted.) When a fan asks him to add his "Gladiator" character's name, Maximus, he replies "No." The actor would have none of that "clickbait," however, posting on X: "Everybody got their autograph and selfie. One man, no security. Handled. What's your problem?"

SPORTS

Doping competition not so dope after all

For good or bad, the inaugural Enhanced Games are in the books. The sprinting, swimming and weightlifting event that allows athletes to take performance-enhancing drugs held its inaugural event in Las Vegas, where organizers had hyped the competition as a PED-friendly Olympics with high drama, big purses and shattered records. Only one world record fell, however – in the 50-meter freestyle, by just a hair (and the new record will remain unofficial.) Also: Of the 10 events, according to The Guardian, "clean" athletes won three. – *Compiled by Robert Abitbol*

FBI agents found 303 gold bars estimated to be worth more than \$40 million. NADZEYA HAROSHA/GETTY IMAGES



Feds seize \$40M in gold bars from ex-CIA agent's house

Amanda Lee Myers
USA TODAY

An ex-government official with top security clearance has been arrested after federal agents found hundreds of gold bars in his Virginia home worth at least \$40 million, according to court records obtained by USA TODAY.

David Rush, who is facing a charge of theft of public money, was arrested last week and remains in federal custody pending a detention hearing next week. His attorney declined USA TODAY's request for comment on May 27.

During a search of Rush's Virginia home last week, FBI agents found 303 gold bars that each weighed about 2.2 pounds and are estimated to be worth more than \$40 million, Special Agent Matthew Johnson of the FBI wrote in an affidavit outlining the case against Rush.

The documents identify Rush as a "former senior executive service level employee at a United States Government agency" who has a top secret clearance and access to classified information. The New York Times is reporting that Rush worked for the Central Intelligence Agency.

The FBI seized the gold bars from Rush's home, as well as about \$2 million in cash and 35 Rolex and other luxury watches, Johnson wrote. But the current charge that Rush faces isn't related to the gold or money seized at his home.

Here's what we know about the case:

Why were authorities investigating David Rush?

Between November 2025 and March

of this year, Rush asked for – and received – "a significant quantity of foreign currency and tens of millions of dollars in gold bars for work-related expenses," the affidavit in his case says.

A review of the government storage space where Rush was supposed to be storing the bars and money showed that most of it was missing, the affidavit says.

The records don't say why Rush would have needed so much gold and cash for work.

During the course of the investigation, the affidavit says that the FBI learned that Rush lied about his academic credentials for his government jobs and fraudulently took \$77,000 in military leave after lying about being an active member of the Navy Reserve, the affidavit says.

Rush had been in the Navy but was honorably discharged in 2015, the affidavit says.

Rush claimed to be in the Navy Reserve for another 10 years through 2025, it says.

What does the CIA say about the case?

The CIA's media relations office didn't immediately respond to a request for comment from USA TODAY late Wednesday.

In a joint statement to the New York Times, the CIA and the FBI said that an internal CIA investigation "identified possible violations of the law," so CIA Director John Ratcliffe referred the information to the FBI for a law enforcement investigation."

LEGAL NOTICE

LEGAL NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

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NEWS

Ruling protects trans troops

An appeals court in Washington, DC, has ruled the U.S. military cannot expel transgender people from its ranks, deciding 2-1 that the policy is unconstitutional. Judge Robert Wilkins wrote that the policy is "based upon animus" and "appears to be driven by the bare desire to harm a politically unpopular group." A ban on transgender people enlisting in the military remains. Pentagon chief Pete Hegseth, who has said transgender people "cannot satisfy the rigorous standards" necessary to serve, responded in an X post suggesting the case would be appealed to the Supreme Court. "See you at SCOTUS."

DC dinner gala will try again

The White House Correspondents' Association dinner will go on after the April 25 gala was upended when a gunman tried to storm the event. The dinner will return July 24 as "a more intimate gathering," association president Weijia Jiang announced, adding, "We will not allow an act of violence to have the last word." The venue was not revealed, but President Donald Trump said he would be there. "I don't know whether or not I will give the same rather nasty statements, at least as it concerns certain people," he posted on Truth Social. "In any event, it will be a 'HOT' ticket!"

MONEY

Uber seats have seen it all

You might as well throw a kitchen sink in there. Uber is out with its annual Lost & Found Index, ticking off the items riders leave behind on the car seat. Among them are the most common things you'd expect people to forget: cell phones, wallets, passports, glasses, laptops. But also notably on the list for 2026: dentures, breast milk, ankle monitor, oxygen tank, live fish, mini-fridge, dishwasher, handcuffs, mannequin, pelvis implants, wizard wand, wedding gown, 20 pounds of duck sausage, grass, trees, sack of marbles, Donny Osmond group photo – and yes, a kitchen faucet.



IMAGE OF THE WEEK

Happy 100th, Marilyn

Marilyn Monroe look-alikes celebrate the Hollywood icon and Pride Month in Palm Springs, California, in honor of what would have been Monroe's 100th birthday June 1.

ANDY ABEYTA/
USA TODAY NETWORK

LIFE

Charles' 'something' could mean anything

President Donald Trump is a real estate guy at heart, so it's no surprise he took pride in showing King Charles and Queen Camilla his gilded Oval Office when the royals visited in April. "They said, 'This is something,'" Trump said at the time, then noted later, "You know, they have Buckingham Palace." Some Brits on social media, however, pointed out that in England, "this is something" is not always a compliment: "It's what you say when you have nothing good to say," one X user wrote. The king and queen, as far as we know, never elaborated.

SPORTS

Thanks to Knicks, kids can stay up late

Kids in New York City, rejoice: There will be no bedtimes, even on school nights, for the duration of the NBA Finals. Mayor Zohran Mamdani signed an executive order declaring that bedtimes are "repealed" so young fans can watch the New York Knicks battle the San Antonio Spurs in the best-of-seven championship series no matter how late the games go. The Knicks are playing in the Finals for the first time since 1999. "As Mayor, you're forced to make many difficult decisions," Mamdani posted on X. "This was not one of them." – Compiled by Robert Abitbol



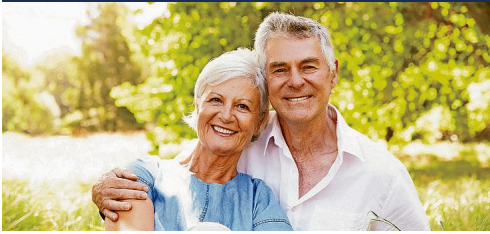
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NEWS

Texas teen guilty of murder

Karmelo Anthony, the Texas teenager who stabbed rival high schooler Austin Metcalf to death in a confrontation at a track meet in April 2025, was found guilty of murder after an emotional nine-day trial marked by racial tensions and protests outside the courthouse. Anthony's legal team said Metcalf, 17, and his twin brother started the confrontation and Anthony acted in self-defense; prosecutors told jurors Anthony was the aggressor, and "You don't get to meet a shove with a stab, especially if you provoke the shove." Hours later, the same jury sentenced Anthony, now 19, to 35 years in prison.

Mosquitoes are outwitting us

Mosquitoes may be beating us at our own game – by making repellent attractive. A new study reports the insects can learn to associate the smell of DEET with food with repeated exposure, which would actually draw the bloodsuckers to people wearing the repellent rather than ward them off. The research has serious ramifications: The mosquito in the study was the yellow fever mosquito, which through spreading disease kills tens of millions of people a year worldwide. People should not stop using DEET, however; the researchers said it's still one of the most effective repellents available.

MONEY

New sunscreen coming to U.S.

Just in time for summer, a new sunscreen ingredient will be available in the U.S. Bemotrizinol, already popular in Europe and other countries, has been approved by the Food and Drug Administration and will be the first new sunscreen ingredient introduced in the United States since the 1990s. Among its advantages, the FDA says: It's broad-spectrum, which means it absorbs both UVB and UVA rays; it offers higher SPF in smaller amounts than other compounds; it takes longer to break down in the sun; and it's unlikely to irritate the skin, which makes it safe for children.



IMAGE OF THE WEEK

Just another day in the space race

A SpaceX Falcon 9 rocket lifts off at sunrise from Cape Canaveral Space Force Station, Florida, on its way to send 29 Starlink broadband satellites into low-Earth orbit.

MALCOLM DENEMARK/
USA TODAY NETWORK

LIFE

Swift comes out to play for 'Toy Story'

Taylor Swift loves "Toy Story," and it shows. The superstar hit the Pixar party for the Hollywood premiere of "Toy Story 5," joining Tom Hanks (who tells USA TODAY Swift asked him to sign her original "Toy Story" VHS copy) and Joan Cusack, the voices of Woody and Jessie. After the screening, the curtain rose to Swift at the piano to sing her original song for the movie, "I Knew It, I Knew You." And finally, out came beloved songwriter Randy Newman for a duet on the classic "You've Got a Friend in Me." Said Swift, "I'm so lucky to be a part of this."

SPORTS

NBA Finals welcome Trump – sort of

Controversy seems to follow President Donald Trump wherever he goes, and Game 3 of the NBA Finals was no exception. First he was booed by the crowd at Madison Square Garden (some outlets said "lustily.") Then there was speculation online about whether he fell asleep during the game. And finally, after the New York Knicks fell to the San Antonio Spurs for the first time in the series, who do you think got the blame? By Game 4, however, all appeared forgotten as the Knicks beat the Spurs 107-106 in a comeback for the ages. – *Compiled by Robert Abitbol*



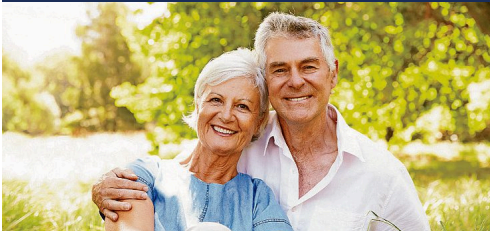
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FBI: Plot targeted UFC event

Would-be attackers planned to panic the crowd at the White House UFC Freedom 250 event with explosive-laden drones, then have snipers fire on high-profile guests as they fled, the FBI revealed. The plot was foiled when a suspect's mother alerted police, court documents said. At least five people from across the country have been arrested and charged. Meanwhile, the Secret Service said the next day that it has been the agency leading the investigation, not the FBI, that the case was still "active," and that it had intended to keep the plot secret – until the FBI let the cat out of the bag.

Washington's war on algae

Crews were busy cleaning green algae from the landmark Reflecting Pool in Washington, only days after resurfacing and repainting it blue ahead of America250 celebrations wrapped up. The Department of the Interior said the algae is dead and being vacuumed up, and "we thank President Trump for fixing the Reflecting Pool for good." But experts said the green could linger for months because algae thrives in summer heat. "The Fourth of July is probably the worst time of year," environmental sciences professor Hans Paerl told USA TODAY. "It's Mother Nature that's really running the show."

MONEY

Beware jet skis in Bahamas

Travelers are being warned to be wary of jet ski excursions in the Bahamas, a popular cruise and vacation destination for Americans. The U.S. Embassy in Nassau said in an alert that women have reported being solicited for jet ski rides by Nassau-based operators, taken to isolated islands and sexually assaulted; a new law now even prohibits jet ski operators from riding with guests to help prevent "unwanted sexual misconduct." The alert also cited jet ski accidents involving U.S. citizens, including a rider killed in a boat collision, and cases of operators ignoring warnings of dangerous weather.



IMAGE OF THE WEEK

Every grain a celebration

Latvian sculptor Karlis Iļeks works on a piece honoring America's 250th birthday at the 26th annual Hampton Beach Master Sand Sculpting Classic in New Hampshire.

DEB CRAM/
USA TODAY NETWORK

LIFE

Spielberg returns to top of box office

Steven Spielberg hasn't lost his magic touch. "Disclosure Day," his tale of the race to reveal the existence of extraterrestrial life to the world, landed at No. 1 at the box office with \$44 million, his biggest opening weekend ever for an original movie (that is, not a sequel). The filmmaker has visited aliens before in "E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial" and "Close Encounters of the Third Kind," but for him, little green men are not just fodder for a good story, he told USA TODAY. "It has just become overwhelming to me that we're not alone in the universe."

SPORTS

Knicks, Hurricanes conquer their demons

For two scrappy teams and their fans, a collective 73-year drought is over. The New York Knicks, comeback kids to the end, roared back from 16 points down in Game 5 to beat the San Antonio Spurs 94-90 and capture their first NBA title in 53 years, setting off wild celebrations among Hollywood A-listers in the arena in San Antonio and fans in the streets back in New York. And in Las Vegas, the Carolina Hurricanes put away the Golden Knights 3-0 for their first Stanley Cup in 20 years. Said 'Canes coach Rod Brind'Amour: "It was our time." — Compiled by Robert Abitbol

Gilgo Beach killer Heuermann will spend rest of life in prison

Judge calls NY resident who killed 8 'despicable'

N'dea Yancey-Bragg
USA TODAY

A serial killer who confessed to killing eight women whose remains were found near Gilgo Beach on Long Island was handed multiple life sentences on June 17, marking the end of a decades-old cold case.

Rex Heuermann, a 62-year-old New York architect, pleaded guilty April 8 to murdering seven women and admitted to killing the eighth, 34-year-old Karen Vergata, in a series of crimes spanning more than 17 years. The guilty plea was a stunning reversal for Heuermann, who, according to his lawyer, tearfully denied being responsible for the killings after his arrest in 2023.

Heuermann was sentenced to three consecutive terms of life in prison without the possibility of parole for killing Melissa Barthelemy, 24; Megan Waterman, 22; and Amber Costello, 27; and four consecutive terms of 25 years to life imprisonment for killing Maureen Brainard-Barnes, 25; Jessica Taylor, 20; Sandra Costilla, 28; and Valerie Mack, 24. As he was handcuffed and removed from the courtroom, spectators erupted in cheers and applause, according to footage from the courtroom.

Multiple family members of the victims shared memories of their loved ones and described the toll their deaths had taken during the hearing. Many addressed Heuermann directly during the emotional hearing, including Barthelemy's sister, Amanda Funderburg, who called him a "repulsive monster" and a "demon inside and out," NBC News reported.

"I hope you take a spot in hell because I will see you there," Funderburg said, according to the outlet.

Heuermann spoke briefly in court, telling Judge Timothy Mazzei, "the words I would say have no meaning."

"There are no words I can say," he said. "I am responsible for all that was

said in this room."

Mazzei then called Heuermann a "coward" and a "disgusting and despicable small man" and handed down his sentence.

Heuermann's sentencing comes more than two decades after prosecutors say the killings, known as the Gilgo Beach murders, began with Costilla's death in November 1993. Investigators began to suspect a serial killer was involved when some of the women's remains were found in the area in 2010 and 2011, but it wasn't until 2022 that Heuermann was linked to the case.

The murders, which became the subject of a 2020 Netflix documentary, left a "painful scar" on the county, Suffolk County District Attorney Raymond A. Tierney said after Heuermann's guilty plea. He said a massive task force worked quietly to solve the murders, hoping to lure Heuermann into a false sense of security so they could collect crucial evidence.

Officials said a key break in the case came when they matched DNA from a pizza Heuermann ate to a male hair found with the remains.

Other remains have been found and identified in the area, but Heuermann has not been charged in those deaths. Michael J. Brown, Heuermann's attorney, told reporters Heuermann maintained that he has no other victims.

What's next for Gilgo Beach serial killer?

After the sentencing, Tierney told reporters he expects Heuermann will be moved quickly from the jail where he's currently being held to the prison in which he'll spend the rest of his life. "Suffolk wants to be rid of him," he said.

The state department of corrections told USA TODAY Heuermann will likely be moved to an interim facility first while a decision is made about where he'll serve his sentence. Brown said the same, telling reporters his client will likely end up in a maximum security facility.

As part of his plea deal, Heuermann also has agreed to cooperate with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's behavioral analysis unit.

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Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

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NEWS

Next giant leap: A moon base

NASA has big plans for the moon. The space agency outlined an ambitious launch program of landers, drones, rovers and infrastructure to construct a \$20 billion lunar base by 2032, where astronauts can live and work. (It has been only two months since the historic Artemis II mission sent four astronauts to our close neighbor.) "The Moon Base will be America's and humanity's first outpost on another celestial world," NASA chief Jared Isaacman said. Another goal of this ultimate construction project: laying the groundwork for sending humans to Mars.

Beloved 'Big Boy' chugs along

Union Pacific's "Big Boy," the world's largest working steam locomotive and a thundering piece of Americana, is rolling east from Cheyenne, Wyoming, to Philadelphia to join the nation's 250th birthday celebrations in July. The 133-foot-long iron beast is the last of the mammoth engines built to haul heavy metal during World War II. More than 1 million people are expected to greet it at stops, including Nebraska, Iowa, Indiana and Ohio. "They're going to hear the whistle," said Union Pacific's Ed Dickens. "You'll feel the ground rumbling, feel the heat. ... This locomotive, it does not disappoint."

MONEY

Calling all coin collectors

American consumers soon can get their hands on something shiny and new, along with a nod to the warm and familiar. The semiquincentennial quarter honoring the Declaration of Independence, featuring Thomas Jefferson on the front and the Liberty Bell on the back, ships out June 1, the U.S. Mint announced, the third of five new quarters for 2026 to mark America's 250th anniversary. And coming to a post office near you: the return of the popular Mister Rogers stamp, winner of the USPS Stamp Encore contest, also to honor the nation's birthday. It was last seen in 2018, when it sold out in weeks.



IMAGE OF THE WEEK

A warm welcome to summer

Beachgoers soak up the sun over Memorial Day weekend in Juno Beach, Florida, where the air was humid and temps were in the 90s.

GREG LOVETT/
USA TODAY NETWORK

LIFE

Behave yourself in Russell Crowe's arena

Russell Crowe has been known to have a temper, and he has been known to show it. In a video shared by TMZ, Crowe, 62, can be seen signing autographs outside his hotel in Paris. "Stay where you are," he tells fans. "Don't ... push in on me. ... You got me? Clear?" (Expletives are deleted.) When a fan asks him to add his "Gladiator" character's name, Maximus, he replies "No." The actor would have none of that "clickbait," however, posting on X: "Everybody got their autograph and selfie. One man, no security. Handled. What's your problem?"

SPORTS

Doping competition not so dope after all

For good or bad, the inaugural Enhanced Games are in the books. The sprinting, swimming and weightlifting event that allows athletes to take performance-enhancing drugs held its inaugural event in Las Vegas, where organizers had hyped the competition as a PED-friendly Olympics with high drama, big purses and shattered records. Only one world record fell, however – in the 50-meter freestyle, by just a hair (and the new record will remain unofficial.) Also: Of the 10 events, according to The Guardian, "clean" athletes won three. – *Compiled by Robert Abitbol*

FBI agents found 303 gold bars estimated to be worth more than \$40 million. NADZEYA HAROSHA/GETTY IMAGES



Feds seize \$40M in gold bars from ex-CIA agent's house

Amanda Lee Myers
USA TODAY

An ex-government official with top security clearance has been arrested after federal agents found hundreds of gold bars in his Virginia home worth at least \$40 million, according to court records obtained by USA TODAY.

David Rush, who is facing a charge of theft of public money, was arrested last week and remains in federal custody pending a detention hearing next week. His attorney declined USA TODAY's request for comment on May 27.

During a search of Rush's Virginia home last week, FBI agents found 303 gold bars that each weighed about 2.2 pounds and are estimated to be worth more than \$40 million, Special Agent Matthew Johnson of the FBI wrote in an affidavit outlining the case against Rush.

The documents identify Rush as a "former senior executive service level employee at a United States Government agency" who has a top secret clearance and access to classified information. The New York Times is reporting that Rush worked for the Central Intelligence Agency.

The FBI seized the gold bars from Rush's home, as well as about \$2 million in cash and 35 Rolex watches and other luxury watches, Johnson wrote. But the current charge that Rush faces isn't related to the gold or money seized at his home.

Here's what we know about the case:

Why were authorities investigating David Rush?

Between November 2025 and March

of this year, Rush asked for – and received – "a significant quantity of foreign currency and tens of millions of dollars in gold bars for work-related expenses," the affidavit in his case says.

A review of the government storage space where Rush was supposed to be storing the bars and money showed that most of it was missing, the affidavit says.

The records don't say why Rush would have needed so much gold and cash for work.

During the course of the investigation, the affidavit says that the FBI learned that Rush lied about his academic credentials for his government jobs and fraudulently took \$77,000 in military leave after lying about being an active member of the Navy Reserve, the affidavit says.

Rush had been in the Navy but was honorably discharged in 2015, the affidavit says.

Rush claimed to be in the Navy Reserve for another 10 years through 2025, it says.

What does the CIA say about the case?

The CIA's media relations office didn't immediately respond to a request for comment from USA TODAY late Wednesday.

In a joint statement to the New York Times, the CIA and the FBI said that an internal CIA investigation "identified possible violations of the law," so CIA Director John Ratcliffe referred the information to the FBI for a law enforcement investigation.

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NEWS

Ruling protects trans troops

An appeals court in Washington, DC, has ruled the U.S. military cannot expel transgender people from its ranks, deciding 2-1 that the policy is unconstitutional. Judge Robert Wilkins wrote that the policy is "based upon animus" and "appears to be driven by the bare desire to harm a politically unpopular group." A ban on transgender people enlisting in the military remains. Pentagon chief Pete Hegseth, who has said transgender people "cannot satisfy the rigorous standards" necessary to serve, responded in an X post suggesting the case would be appealed to the Supreme Court. "See you at SCOTUS."

DC dinner gala will try again

The White House Correspondents' Association dinner will go on after the April 25 gala was upended when a gunman tried to storm the event. The dinner will return July 24 as "a more intimate gathering," association president Weijia Jiang announced, adding, "We will not allow an act of violence to have the last word." The venue was not revealed, but President Donald Trump said he would be there. "I don't know whether or not I will give the same rather nasty statements, at least as it concerns certain people," he posted on Truth Social. "In any event, it will be a 'HOT' ticket!"

MONEY

Uber seats have seen it all

You might as well throw a kitchen sink in there. Uber is out with its annual Lost & Found Index, ticking off the items riders leave behind on the car seat. Among them are the most common things you'd expect people to forget: cell phones, wallets, passports, glasses, laptops. But also notably on the list for 2026: dentures, breast milk, ankle monitor, oxygen tank, live fish, mini-fridge, dishwasher, handcuffs, mannequin, pelvis implants, wizard wand, wedding gown, 20 pounds of duck sausage, grass, trees, sack of marbles, Donny Osmond group photo – and yes, a kitchen faucet.

IMAGE OF THE WEEK

Happy 100th, Marilyn

Marilyn Monroe look-alikes celebrate the Hollywood icon and Pride Month in Palm Springs, California, in honor of what would have been Monroe's 100th birthday June 1.

ANDY ABEYTA/
USA TODAY NETWORK

LIFE

Charles' 'something' could mean anything

President Donald Trump is a real estate guy at heart, so it's no surprise he took pride in showing King Charles and Queen Camilla his gilded Oval Office when the royals visited in April. "They said, 'This is something,'" Trump said at the time, then noted later, "You know, they have Buckingham Palace." Some Brits on social media, however, pointed out that in England, "this is something" is not always a compliment: "It's what you say when you have nothing good to say," one X user wrote. The king and queen, as far as we know, never elaborated.

SPORTS

Thanks to Knicks, kids can stay up late

Kids in New York City, rejoice: There will be no bedtimes, even on school nights, for the duration of the NBA Finals. Mayor Zohran Mamdani signed an executive order declaring that bedtimes are "repealed" so young fans can watch the New York Knicks battle the San Antonio Spurs in the best-of-seven championship series no matter how late the games go. The Knicks are playing in the Finals for the first time since 1999. "As Mayor, you're forced to make many difficult decisions," Mamdani posted on X. "This was not one of them." – Compiled by Robert Abitbol

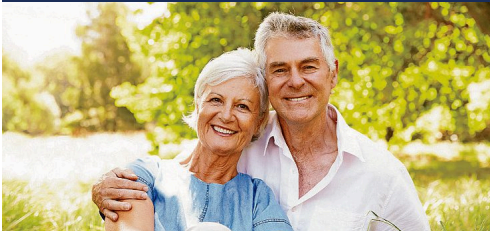


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Texas teen guilty of murder

Karmelo Anthony, the Texas teenager who stabbed rival high schooler Austin Metcalf to death in a confrontation at a track meet in April 2025, was found guilty of murder after an emotional nine-day trial marked by racial tensions and protests outside the courthouse. Anthony's legal team said Metcalf, 17, and his twin brother started the confrontation and Anthony acted in self-defense; prosecutors told jurors Anthony was the aggressor, and "You don't get to meet a shove with a stab, especially if you provoke the shove." Hours later, the same jury sentenced Anthony, now 19, to 35 years in prison.

Mosquitoes are outwitting us

Mosquitoes may be beating us at our own game – by making repellent attractive. A new study reports the insects can learn to associate the smell of DEET with food with repeated exposure, which would actually draw the bloodsuckers to people wearing the repellent rather than ward them off. The research has serious ramifications: The mosquito in the study was the yellow fever mosquito, which through spreading disease kills tens of millions of people a year worldwide. People should not stop using DEET, however; the researchers said it's still one of the most effective repellents available.

MONEY

New sunscreen coming to U.S.

Just in time for summer, a new sunscreen ingredient will be available in the U.S. Bemotrizinol, already popular in Europe and other countries, has been approved by the Food and Drug Administration and will be the first new sunscreen ingredient introduced in the United States since the 1990s. Among its advantages, the FDA says: It's broad-spectrum, which means it absorbs both UVB and UVA rays; it offers higher SPF in smaller amounts than other compounds; it takes longer to break down in the sun; and it's unlikely to irritate the skin, which makes it safe for children.



IMAGE OF THE WEEK

Just another day in the space race

A SpaceX Falcon 9 rocket lifts off at sunrise from Cape Canaveral Space Force Station, Florida, on its way to send 29 Starlink broadband satellites into low-Earth orbit.

MALCOLM DENEMARK/
USA TODAY NETWORK

LIFE

Swift comes out to play for 'Toy Story'

Taylor Swift loves "Toy Story," and it shows. The superstar hit the Pixar party for the Hollywood premiere of "Toy Story 5," joining Tom Hanks (who tells USA TODAY Swift asked him to sign her original "Toy Story" VHS copy) and Joan Cusack, the voices of Woody and Jessie. After the screening, the curtain rose to Swift at the piano to sing her original song for the movie, "I Knew It, I Knew You." And finally, out came beloved songwriter Randy Newman for a duet on the classic "You've Got a Friend in Me." Said Swift, "I'm so lucky to be a part of this."

SPORTS

NBA Finals welcome Trump – sort of

Controversy seems to follow President Donald Trump wherever he goes, and Game 3 of the NBA Finals was no exception. First he was booed by the crowd at Madison Square Garden (some outlets said "lustily.") Then there was speculation online about whether he fell asleep during the game. And finally, after the New York Knicks fell to the San Antonio Spurs for the first time in the series, who do you think got the blame? By Game 4, however, all appeared forgotten as the Knicks beat the Spurs 107-106 in a comeback for the ages. – *Compiled by Robert Abitbol*



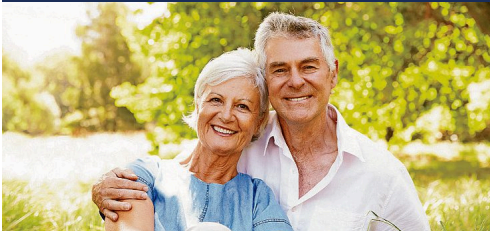
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What Are the Settlement Terms? Fanatics has agreed to provide two (2) vouchers in the amount of \$5.00 each (totaling \$10.00) (the "Vouchers"). Each Voucher may be used towards the single purchase (no minimum purchase) of any item for sale on Fanatic's website (available at fanatics.com) to Settlement Class Members who submit a timely and valid Claim Form. Vouchers may not be used together on the same single purchase. Fanatics has also agreed to separately pay for notice and administration costs of the Settlement, attorneys' fees and expenses incurred by counsel for the Settlement Class, and service award for the named Plaintiff. Settlement Class Members will be sent their Vouchers to the email address they submitted on their Claim Form within 60 days after the Settlement is Finally Approved.

How Do I Submit a Claim Form? To receive the Vouchers, you must submit a Claim Form by **August 27, 2026**. You may download a Claim Form by visiting www.handlingfeesettlement.com, and mail in the Claim Form to the address provided on the Claim Form. If you send in a Claim Form by U.S. mail, it must be postmarked by **August 27, 2026**.

Your Other Options. If you do not want to be legally bound by the Settlement, you must exclude yourself by **August 27, 2026**. If you do not exclude yourself, you will release any claims you may have, as more fully described in the Settlement Agreement, available at the Settlement Website. You may object to the Settlement by **August 27, 2026**. The Long Form Notice available on the Settlement Website explains how to exclude yourself or object. The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing on **September 16, 2026**, to consider whether to approve the Settlement, a request for attorneys' fees and costs of up to \$1,450,000.00, and a class representative service award of \$5,000 to the Plaintiff. Any award of Class Counsel's attorneys' fees and costs, service award to Plaintiff, and notice and claims administration costs shall be paid separately by the Defendant. You may appear at the hearing, either yourself or through an attorney you hire, but you don't have to.

How Do I Get More Information? For more information, including the full Notice, Claim Form and Settlement Agreement go to www.handlingfeesettlement.com, contact the settlement administrator at 1-877-601-8705 or Fanatics Settlement Administrator, c/o Analytics Consulting LLC, PO Box 2010, Chanhassen MN 55317-2010.

Week in review

Recapping the most important and talked about news this week from around the world – ICYMI

NEWS

FBI: Plot targeted UFC event

Would-be attackers planned to panic the crowd at the White House UFC Freedom 250 event with explosive-laden drones, then have snipers fire on high-profile guests as they fled, the FBI revealed. The plot was foiled when a suspect's mother alerted police, court documents said. At least five people from across the country have been arrested and charged. Meanwhile, the Secret Service said the next day that it has been the agency leading the investigation, not the FBI, that the case was still "active," and that it had intended to keep the plot secret – until the FBI let the cat out of the bag.

Washington's war on algae

Crews were busy cleaning green algae from the landmark Reflecting Pool in Washington, only days after resurfacing and repainting it blue ahead of America250 celebrations wrapped up. The Department of the Interior said the algae is dead and being vacuumed up, and "we thank President Trump for fixing the Reflecting Pool for good." But experts said the green could linger for months because algae thrives in summer heat. "The Fourth of July is probably the worst time of year," environmental sciences professor Hans Paerl told USA TODAY. "It's Mother Nature that's really running the show."

MONEY

Beware jet skis in Bahamas

Travelers are being warned to be wary of jet ski excursions in the Bahamas, a popular cruise and vacation destination for Americans. The U.S. Embassy in Nassau said in an alert that women have reported being solicited for jet ski rides by Nassau-based operators, taken to isolated islands and sexually assaulted; a new law now even prohibits jet ski operators from riding with guests to help prevent "unwanted sexual misconduct." The alert also cited jet ski accidents involving U.S. citizens, including a rider killed in a boat collision, and cases of operators ignoring warnings of dangerous weather.



IMAGE OF THE WEEK

Every grain a celebration

Latvian sculptor Karlis Iļe works on a piece honoring America's 250th birthday at the 26th annual Hampton Beach Master Sand Sculpting Classic in New Hampshire.

DEB CRAM/
USA TODAY NETWORK

LIFE

Spielberg returns to top of box office

Steven Spielberg hasn't lost his magic touch. "Disclosure Day," his tale of the race to reveal the existence of extraterrestrial life to the world, landed at No. 1 at the box office with \$44 million, his biggest opening weekend ever for an original movie (that is, not a sequel). The filmmaker has visited aliens before in "E.T. the Extra-Terrestrial" and "Close Encounters of the Third Kind," but for him, little green men are not just fodder for a good story, he told USA TODAY. "It has just become overwhelming to me that we're not alone in the universe."

SPORTS

Knicks, Hurricanes conquer their demons

For two scrappy teams and their fans, a collective 73-year drought is over. The New York Knicks, comeback kids to the end, roared back from 16 points down in Game 5 to beat the San Antonio Spurs 94-90 and capture their first NBA title in 53 years, setting off wild celebrations among Hollywood A-listers in the arena in San Antonio and fans in the streets back in New York. And in Las Vegas, the Carolina Hurricanes put away the Golden Knights 3-0 for their first Stanley Cup in 20 years. Said 'Canes coach Rod Brind'Amour: "It was our time." – Compiled by Robert Abitbol

Gilgo Beach killer Heuermann will spend rest of life in prison

Judge calls NY resident who killed 8 'despicable'

N'dea Yancey-Bragg
USA TODAY

A serial killer who confessed to killing eight women whose remains were found near Gilgo Beach on Long Island was handed multiple life sentences on June 17, marking the end of a decades-old cold case.

Rex Heuermann, a 62-year-old New York architect, pleaded guilty April 8 to murdering seven women and admitted to killing the eighth, 34-year-old Karen Vergata, in a series of crimes spanning more than 17 years. The guilty plea was a stunning reversal for Heuermann, who, according to his lawyer, tearfully denied being responsible for the killings after his arrest in 2023.

Heuermann was sentenced to three consecutive terms of life in prison without the possibility of parole for killing Melissa Barthelemy, 24; Megan Waterman, 22; and Amber Costello, 27; and four consecutive terms of 25 years to life imprisonment for killing Maureen Brainard-Barnes, 25; Jessica Taylor, 20; Sandra Costilla, 28; and Valerie Mack, 24. As he was handcuffed and removed from the courtroom, spectators erupted in cheers and applause, according to footage from the courtroom.

Multiple family members of the victims shared memories of their loved ones and described the toll their deaths had taken during the hearing. Many addressed Heuermann directly during the emotional hearing, including Barthelemy's sister, Amanda Funderburg, who called him a "repulsive monster" and a "demon inside and out," NBC News reported.

"I hope you take a spot in hell because I will see you there," Funderburg said, according to the outlet.

Heuermann spoke briefly in court, telling Judge Timothy Mazzei, "the words I would say have no meaning."

"There are no words I can say," he said. "I am responsible for all that was

said in this room."

Mazzei then called Heuermann a "coward" and a "disgusting and despicable small man" and handed down his sentence.

Heuermann's sentencing comes more than two decades after prosecutors say the killings, known as the Gilgo Beach murders, began with Costilla's death in November 1993. Investigators began to suspect a serial killer was involved when some of the women's remains were found in the area in 2010 and 2011, but it wasn't until 2022 that Heuermann was linked to the case.

The murders, which became the subject of a 2020 Netflix documentary, left a "painful scar" on the county, Suffolk County District Attorney Raymond A. Tierney said after Heuermann's guilty plea. He said a massive task force worked quietly to solve the murders, hoping to lure Heuermann into a false sense of security so they could collect crucial evidence.

Officials said a key break in the case came when they matched DNA from a pizza Heuermann ate to a male hair found with the remains.

Other remains have been found and identified in the area, but Heuermann has not been charged in those deaths. Michael J. Brown, Heuermann's attorney, told reporters Heuermann maintained that he has no other victims.

What's next for Gilgo Beach serial killer?

After the sentencing, Tierney told reporters he expects Heuermann will be moved quickly from the jail where he's currently being held to the prison in which he'll spend the rest of his life. "Suffolk wants to be rid of him," he said.

The state department of corrections told USA TODAY Heuermann will likely be moved to an interim facility first while a decision is made about where he'll serve his sentence. Brown said the same, telling reporters his client will likely end up in a maximum security facility.

As part of his plea deal, Heuermann also has agreed to cooperate with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's behavioral analysis unit.

LEGAL NOTICE

LEGAL NOTICE OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

IF YOU PURCHASED MERCHANDISE THROUGH THE FANATICS WEBSITES BETWEEN MAY 6, 2018 THROUGH MARCH 30, 2026, AND WERE ASSESSED AND PAID A HANDLING FEE, YOU MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR FANATICS VOUCHERS.

What is this Notice about? A settlement has been reached in a class action lawsuit alleging that Fanatics, LLC ("Fanatics") falsely advertised and misrepresented its handling fees, including by advertising "Free" or, a flat, low-cost shipping price on its website, but assessed a handling fee to all orders. Fanatics denies that it violated any laws or that it did anything wrong. The Court has not decided who is right.

Who's Included? The Settlement Class includes persons in the United States who ordered merchandise through the Fanatics Websites and were assessed and paid a handling fee between May 6, 2018 and March 30, 2026. You may review a list of the Fanatics Websites on the Settlement Website at www.handlingfeesettlement.com.

What Are the Settlement Terms? Fanatics has agreed to provide two (2) vouchers in the amount of \$5.00 each (totaling \$10.00) (the "Vouchers"). Each Voucher may be used towards the single purchase (no minimum purchase) of any item for sale on Fanatic's website (available at fanatics.com) to Settlement Class Members who submit a timely and valid Claim Form. Vouchers may not be used together on the same single purchase. Fanatics has also agreed to separately pay for notice and administration costs of the Settlement, attorneys' fees and expenses incurred by counsel for the Settlement Class, and service award for the named Plaintiff. Settlement Class Members will be sent their Vouchers to the email address they submitted on their Claim Form within 60 days after the Settlement is Finally Approved.

How Do I Submit a Claim Form? To receive the Vouchers, you must submit a Claim Form by **August 27, 2026**. You may download a Claim Form by visiting www.handlingfeesettlement.com, and mail in the Claim Form to the address provided on the Claim Form. If you send in a Claim Form by U.S. mail, it must be postmarked by **August 27, 2026**.

Your Other Options. If you do not want to be legally bound by the Settlement, you must exclude yourself by **August 27, 2026**. If you do not exclude yourself, you will release any claims you may have, as more fully described in the Settlement Agreement, available at the Settlement Website. You may object to the Settlement by **August 27, 2026**. The Long Form Notice available on the Settlement Website explains how to exclude yourself or object. The Court will hold a Final Approval Hearing on **September 16, 2026**, to consider whether to approve the Settlement, a request for attorneys' fees and costs of up to \$1,450,000.00, and a class representative service award of \$5,000 to the Plaintiff. Any award of Class Counsel's attorneys' fees and costs, service award to Plaintiff, and notice and claims administration costs shall be paid separately by the Defendant. You may appear at the hearing, either yourself or through an attorney you hire, but you don't have to.

How Do I Get More Information? For more information, including the full Notice, Claim Form and Settlement Agreement go to www.handlingfeesettlement.com, contact the settlement administrator at 1-877-601-8705 or Fanatics Settlement Administrator, c/o Analytics Consulting LLC, PO Box 2010, Chanhassen MN 55317-2010.

Exhibit 4

**If you purchased merchandise through the Fanatics Websites
between May 6, 2018, through March 30, 2026, and were assessed and paid
a handling fee, you may be eligible for Fanatics Vouchers.**

A state court authorized this Notice. This is not a solicitation from a lawyer.

- Fanatics, LLC (“Fanatics”) has agreed to a settlement (“Settlement”) involving purchases made on the Fanatics Websites between May 6, 2018, and March 30, 2026 that were assessed a handling fee on that purchase. You may review a list of the Fanatics Websites on the Settlement Website at www.handlingfeesettlement.com.
- The Settlement provides an opportunity to receive two (2) vouchers, each good for use on fanatics.com for \$5.00 off a single purchase (no minimum purchase), due to an alleged false advertisement and misrepresentation about handling fees, including that Fanatics advertised “Free Shipping” (or flat, low-rate shipping) on online purchases while charging handling fees. Vouchers may not be used together on the same single purchase.
- Fanatics denies all allegations of wrongdoing in the lawsuit. As part of the proposed settlement, Fanatics does not admit any wrongdoing and continues to deny the allegations against it. The Court has not decided who is correct.
- Your legal rights are affected whether you act, or do not act. Read this Notice carefully.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT:	
SUBMIT A CLAIM FORM BY <u>AUGUST 27, 2026</u>	This is the only way to receive the vouchers provided under the Settlement.
EXCLUDE YOURSELF BY <u>AUGUST 27, 2026</u>	Get no vouchers. Submit a request for exclusion to the Administrator to opt out of the Settlement. This is the only option that allows you to be part of any other lawsuit against Fanatics about the legal claims released in this Settlement.
OBJECT BY <u>AUGUST 27, 2026</u>	Write to the Court explaining why you do not like the Settlement.
ATTEND A HEARING ON <u>SEPTEMBER 16, 2026</u>	If you object, you or your attorney may ask to speak in Court about the fairness of the Settlement.
DO NOTHING	Get no vouchers. Give up the right to ever be part of any other lawsuit against Fanatics about the legal claims released in this Settlement.

BASIC INFORMATION

The purpose of this Notice is to let you know that a proposed settlement has been reached in the above class action lawsuit. You have legal rights and options that you may act on before the Court decides whether to approve the proposed settlement. Because your legal rights will be affected by this settlement, it is extremely important that you read this Notice carefully. This Notice summarizes the settlement and your legal rights under it.

In a class action, one or more people, called class representatives, sue on behalf of people who have similar claims. All of these people are the “Class,” or “Class Members.” One court resolves the issues for all class members, except those who exclude themselves from the class. You have received this notice because you have been identified as potentially being a class member.

Here, the class representative alleges claims relating to Fanatics disclosed and charged handling fees, including that Fanatics falsely advertised “Free” or, a flat, low-cost shipping on its website, but assessed a handling fee to all orders rendering its promise of free or flat, low-cost shipping false.

The Court has certified a class for settlement purposes only (the “Settlement Class”). The Honorable Thomas J. Rebull of the Circuit Court of the Eleventh Judicial Circuit in and for Miami-Dade County, Florida (the “Court”) oversees this class action. Fanatics denies that it did anything wrong and denies that this lawsuit should be certified as a class action in litigation. The Court has not decided who is correct.

THE SETTLEMENT

The Court did not decide in favor of Plaintiff or Fanatics on Fanatics’ liability. Instead, both sides agreed to a settlement of the legal claims in the complaint to avoid the cost of a trial, the risk and uncertainty of proceeding forward in the lawsuit, and to provide compensation for Settlement Class Members. The Class Representative and Class Counsel believe that the settlement is in the best interests of the Settlement Class.

WHO IS IN THE SETTLEMENT CLASS?

You are in the “Settlement Class” if, while in the United States, you ordered merchandise through the Fanatics Websites, and were assessed and paid a handling fee between May 6, 2018 and March 30, 2026.

THE SETTLEMENT BENEFITS – WHAT YOU GET

If the Court grants final approval of the Settlement and the Settlement becomes effective (the “Effective Date”), you may be entitled to the following benefit:

Class Members who purchased from the Fanatics Websites and were assessed and paid a handling fee during the class period may submit a claim to receive two (2) vouchers in the amount of \$5.00 each (totaling \$10.00) (the “Vouchers”) towards the single purchase (no minimum purchase) of any item for sale on <https://www.fanatics.com/> (“Fanatics.com”). The Vouchers can be combined with other offers on Fanatics.com (such as promotions or other discounts) that do not require a code. The Vouchers are not redeemable for cash value, and are non-transferrable. The Vouchers can only be redeemed once. The Vouchers will expire twelve (12) months after issuance.

To obtain the Vouchers, you must submit a Claim Form by August 27, 2026. You may submit a claim by clicking [here](#).

HOW YOU GET A VOUCHER – SUBMITTING A CLAIM FORM

To qualify for voucher, you must submit a valid Claim Form by **August 27, 2026**. There are multiple ways to submit a Claim Form. You may submit a Claim Form online by going to the Settlement Website at www.handlingfeesettlement.com and following the directions found there. The Claim Form is also available for download online at the Settlement Website. Read the instructions on the Claim Form carefully, fill out the form, sign it, and submit it online or mail it **postmarked** no later than **August 27, 2026**.

The Court will hold a hearing on **September 16, 2026 at 8:30 a.m.** to decide whether to approve the settlement. If the settlement is approved, appeals may still follow. It is always uncertain whether these appeals can be resolved, and resolving them can take more than a year. No Vouchers will be made until the Court approves the settlement at the hearing and all appeals are final. Please be patient.

Unless you exclude yourself, you are staying in the Settlement Class and you will remain a Settlement Class Member. That means you cannot sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit against Fanatics regarding any shipping/handling fees charged by Fanatics during the Class Period, including, but not limited to, claims asserted in the lawsuit or arising out of the facts and circumstances asserted in the lawsuit. If the settlement is approved and becomes final and not subject to appeal, then you and all Settlement Class Members release all “Released Claims” against all “Released Parties.” It

also means that all of the Court's orders will apply to you and legally bind you. The Settlement Agreement (available at www.handlingfeesettlement.com) describes the legal claims you are releasing (the "Released Claims") and against whom you are releasing legal claims ("Released Parties") in detail, so read it carefully. To summarize, the release includes, but is not limited to, claims arising out of or related to any shipping/handling fees charged by Fanatics during the Class Period.

EXCLUDING YOURSELF FROM THE SETTLEMENT

If you do not want a voucher from this settlement, but you want to keep the right to sue or continue to sue Fanatics, then you must take steps to remove yourself from the Settlement Class. This is called excluding yourself—or is sometimes referred to as "opting out" of the Settlement Class.

To exclude yourself from the settlement, you must send a letter saying that you want to be excluded from the *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics LLC* settlement. You must sign the letter and include a statement that you wish to be excluded from this action, such as: "I hereby request that I be excluded from the proposed Settlement Class." Please be sure to also include (1) your name, address and telephone number; (2) any online purchases, dates of purchases, and the amount paid in handling fees; and (3) your signature.

You must mail your exclusion request **postmarked** no later than **August 27, 2026**, to the following address:

Fanatics Settlement
Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

You cannot exclude yourself on the phone or by fax or email. If you ask to be excluded, you will not get any voucher, and you cannot object to the settlement. You will not be legally bound by anything that happens in this lawsuit. Mass requests for exclusion are not allowed.

THE LAWYERS REPRESENTING YOU

The Court has appointed Edwin E. Elliott of Shamis & Gentile, P.A.; Scott Edelsberg of Edelsberg Law, P.A.; and Jeffrey D. Kaliel of KalielGold PLLC to represent you and other Settlement Class Members. These lawyers are called Class Counsel. You will not be personally charged by these lawyers. If you want to be represented by your own lawyer, you may hire one at your own expense.

As part of the resolution of the Action, Class Counsel and Defendant have agreed that Class Counsel may apply to the Court for an award of attorneys' fees and costs. Class Counsel anticipate seeking a combined award of \$1,450,000.00 as attorneys' fees and litigation costs. Class Counsel also will request a service award of up to \$5,000 for the named Plaintiff to compensate for the time and effort in pursuing this lawsuit on behalf of the Settlement Class. The Court may award less than these amounts.

Class Counsel's attorneys' fees and litigation costs, as well as notice and claims administration expenses, will be paid separate and apart from any relief provided to the Class and will not reduce the value of the benefits distributed to Class Members.

OBJECTING TO THE SETTLEMENT

If you are a Settlement Class Member and you do not exclude yourself from the Settlement Class, you can object to the settlement if you do not like any part of it. You may give reasons why you think the Court should not approve it. The Court will consider your views. To object, you must send a letter saying that you object to *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics LLC* settlement. You must make your objection in writing and file it with the Court and mail it to the Administrator. The written objection must contain information sufficient to allow the parties to confirm that you are a member of the Settlement Class, including:

1. Your full name, address, telephone number, and personal signature (not your attorneys) and date of signature, and the following statement: “I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct.”;
2. The date and details of any online purchases from Fanatics, a description of any items bought, and the amount paid in handling fees;
3. A statement of your specific objections, and a detailed statement of the factual and legal basis for such objections;
4. Any and all agreements that relate to the objection or the process of objecting—whether written or oral (in which case it must be summarized)—between you or your counsel and any other person or entity;
5. The identity of all witnesses, including the witness’s name and address, and a summary of such witness’s proposed testimony and documents that you would like the Court to consider;
6. The name and contact information of any attorney you intend to have assert your objections before the Court;
7. A statement identifying the number of class action settlements you objected to in the last five years, and listing those cases by case name and number; and a copy of any orders related to or ruling on the prior such objections that were issued by the trial and appellate courts in each listed case;
8. A list of all witnesses you intend to call at the Final Approval Hearing in support of the objection; and
9. A statement whether you and your attorney(s) intend to appear at the Final Approval Hearing.

You must file the objection with the Court no later than **August 27, 2026**.

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC
Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

Clerk of the Court
Osvaldo N. Soto Miami-Dade Justice Center
20 NW 1st Avenue
Miami, Florida 33128

Also, you must send your objection to the Settlement Administrator **postmarked** no later than **August 27, 2026**, at:

Fanatics Settlement
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

Objecting simply means telling the Court that you do not like something about the settlement. You can object only if you stay in the Settlement Class. Excluding yourself from the Settlement Class is telling the Court that you do not want to be part of the Settlement Class. If you exclude yourself, you have no basis to object because the lawsuit no longer affects you.

THE COURT’S FINAL APPROVAL HEARING

The Court will hold the Final Approval Hearing at 8:30 a.m. on September 16, 2026, before Judge Thomas J. Rebull, at Osvaldo N. Soto Miami-Dade Justice Center, Section CA 43, 20 NW 1st Avenue, Miami, Florida, 33128. The purpose of the hearing is for the Court to determine whether the settlement is fair, reasonable, adequate, and in the best interests of the Settlement Class. At the hearing, the Court will hear any objections and arguments concerning the fairness of the proposed settlement, including those related to the amount requested by Class Counsel for attorneys’ fees, costs, and expenses, and the service award to the class representative. After the hearing, the Court will decide whether to approve the settlement. It is unknown how long these decisions will take.

Note: The date and time of the Final Approval Hearing is subject to change by Court Order. Any changes will be posted on the Settlement Website, www.handlingfeesettlement.com.

DO I HAVE TO ATTEND THE HEARING?

No. Class Counsel will answer any questions the Court may have. But you are welcome to attend the hearing at your own expense. If you send an objection, you do not have to attend the hearing to talk about it. As long as your written objection was filed by the deadline, and meets the other criteria described above and in the Settlement Agreement, the Court will consider it. You may also pay a lawyer to attend, but you do not have to. If you do not exclude yourself from the Settlement Class, you may ask the Court for permission to speak at the hearing concerning any part of the proposed Settlement Agreement. If you filed an objection and intend to appear at the hearing, you must state your intention to do so in your objection. To speak, you must state that in your objection. Be sure to include your name, address, telephone number, that you are a Class Member, and your signature. You cannot speak at the hearing if you exclude yourself.

IF YOU DO NOTHING

If you do nothing, you will get no Vouchers from this settlement. Unless you exclude yourself, you will not be able to start a lawsuit, continue with a lawsuit, or be part of any other lawsuit against Fanatics about the legal issues released in this lawsuit.

GETTING MORE INFORMATION

This notice summarizes the proposed settlement. More details are in the Settlement Agreement. You may review the Settlement Agreement on the Settlement Website at www.handlingfeesettlement.com. You can also get a copy of the Settlement Agreement by writing to Class Counsel. You can call 1-877-601-8705 toll free; write to Fanatics Settlement, c/o Analytics Consulting LLC, P.O. Box 2010, Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010; or visit the website at www.handlingfeesettlement.com, where you will find answers to common questions about the settlement, a Claim Form, plus other information to help you determine whether you are a member of the Settlement Class.

**PLEASE DO NOT CONTACT THE COURT, THE JUDGE, OR FANATICS
WITH QUESTIONS ABOUT THE SETTLEMENT OR CLAIMS PROCESS.**

Exhibit 5

CLAIM FORM

DEADLINE: THIS CLAIM FORM MUST BE SUBMITTED BY AUGUST 27, 2026, BE FULLY COMPLETED, BE SIGNED, AND MEET ALL CONDITIONS OF THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.

COMPLETED CLAIM FORMS CAN BE SUBMITTED ONLINE OR BY MAIL.

Return this Claim Form to: Fanatics Settlement Administrator, PO Box 2010, Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010. Questions, visit www.handlingfeesettlement.com or call **1-877-601-8705**.

Please note that this Claim Form may be researched and verified by the Settlement Administrator.

YOUR CONTACT INFORMATION

Name: _____
(First) (Middle) (Last)

Current Address: _____
(City) (State) (ZIP Code)

Email address: _____

Current Phone Number: (_____) _____ - _____

Claim ID: _____ **PIN:** _____

CLAIMANT CERTIFICATION OF PURCHASE

Please check this box if the statement next to it accurately applies to you:

☐ Between May 6, 2018, and March 30, 2026, I made one or more purchases on the Fanatics Websites where I paid a handling fee without realizing I was paying the fee.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct.

Additional information regarding the Settlement can be found at www.handlingfeesettlement.com.

Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

Print Name: _____

**If you have questions, you may call the Claim Administrator at 1-877-601-8705
or visit www.handlingfeesettlement.com.**

Exhibit 6

1 225 FIRST STREET, APARTMENT 411
ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA 22314-6505

April 28, 2026

Fanatics Settlement
Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

Re: Exclusion Request - Cavanaugh v. Fanatics LLC

Dear Sir or Madam:

I hereby to request exclusion from the proposed Settlement Class in *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics LLC*.

My information is as follows:

- Full Name: Charles Busch
- Address: [REDACTED]
- Telephone Number: [REDACTED]

I do not readily have the information related to the alleged relevant purchase information including description of online purchase(s), date(s) of purchase(s), and amount(s) paid in handling fees.

Please confirm receipt of this request and my exclusion from the proposed Settlement Class in writing.

Yours faithfully,



Charles W. Busch

05/05/26

Dear Office Claim Administrator,

I hereby request that I be excluded From The Cavanaugh V. Fanatics LLC Settlement, Since I accidentally made a voucher claim by mistake, I would also like no part in any of this. I hereby would like to be excluded From the Settlement Class Greta Wittmer

[REDACTED] Tampa Bay Buccaneers 3/4 Womens quarter length Baseball Long sleeve + shirt, Tampa Bay Buccaneers Short sleeve + shirt, Tampa Bay Lightning V neck Victor headmen long sleeve shirt, Tampa Bay lightning V neck short sleeve shirt Womens Antigua Red Tampa Bay Buccaneers Jacket Pull-Zip, Womens Antigua Blue Tampa Bay Lightning Links 2 golf Pull-Zip Jacket I don't know the purchase details since I tried and double checked WAFN Panatics and did not have records and i also do not have records on ~~the~~ File.

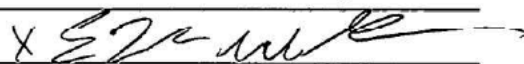
Sincerely,
Greta Wittmer,

I hereby Request that I Be
Excluded from the proposed Settlement
Class.

I Received notice that the Settlement
only offers me a \$5.00 Voucher
I find this A Insult And extremely
low.

I wish to negotiate my own
individual Settlement directly with
FANATICS, LLC.

I do not wish to be Bound
By the Settlement Agreement, and
reserve my Rights to Pursue and
negotiate my own claim against
FANATICS.

EZRA Williams X 


Dates of Purchases 9-18-23 4.99 + 1.99 6-1-20
12-5-22 4.99 + 1.99 4.99
8-25-23 4.99 + 1.99
8-11-21 4.99 + 1.99

Today's Date: May 11, 2026

Written Request to Opt-Out and to be Excluded

Class Member Name: Timothy Janssen

Claim ID: 14386848

PIN: Bmk5qMMQ

Class Member Address: [REDACTED]

Class Member Phone Number: [REDACTED]

Class Member E-Mail: [REDACTED] (Fanatics.com account)

Class-Action Case Settlement: Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

I hereby request that I be excluded from the proposed Settlement Class.

Identifying list of purchases, including their dates of purchase and handling fees:

Please see included printouts that show identifying purchases, receipts, dates & fees.

1. Order Date: Feb 24, 2025 The Powerpuff Girls 1.5" Group Keychain. Total: \$11.13

2. Order Date: Feb 24, 2025 WinCraft - Vikings Stainless Steel Tumbler. Total: \$33.95

I am writing to opt-out and to exclude myself from *Case Name: Class-Action Case Name: Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01*

I wish to be excluded and to opt-out from this case regarding *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC*.

Signature:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Tim Janssen', written over a horizontal line.

May. 10, 2026

Fanatics Settlement Administrator or,
To Whom May it Concern,

Attn: Claim ID: 19195582

PIN: W4s7v+8Z

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC

Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

I, Carina Raya Sanchez, previously named Carina Raya Diaz, Carina Diaz or Carina R. Diaz; I DO NOT WANT TO BE LEGALLY BOUND by the following Settlement "Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC" Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01, or for any other Settlement. For that reason, I want to exclude myself for the Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC Settlement Agreement Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01 as a final decision.

Thank you so much for your attention to the present OPT-OUT Settlement Agreement decision.

Mrs. Carina Raya Sanchez, also known as Carina Raya Diaz, Carina Diaz, or Carina R. Diaz.



IN THE CIRCUIT COURT of the ELEVENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT
MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

CAVANAUGH

PLAINTIFF,

V.

FANATICS, LLC,

DEFENDANT.

*
*
*
*
*
*
*

CASE NO. 2026-001293-CA-01

I, NANCY SYKES, wish to be excluded from the **Cavanaugh v. Fanatics LLC** settlement. I hereby wish to be excluded from the proposed Settlement Class.

I, do not have receipts of my past purchased, however I am attaching a copy of my Notice, which has my **claim number 39659918** and **pin number cXXY4fDE**.

I, wish to be represented by the class counsels Edwin E. Elliott, Scott Edelsberg and Jeffrey D. Kaliel.

Respectfully submitted,


Nancy Sykes
53 Ash Lane
Union Springs, AL 36089
334-740-5677

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, hereby served a copy of this document by United States Postal Service on 13th May, 2026.

Fanatics Settlement
Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

Jeffrey D. Kaliel
KALIELGOLD PLLC
1100 15th St NW, 4th Floor

Washington, DC 20005

Sophia Goren Gold
KALIELGOLD PLLC
950 Gilman St, Ste 200
Berkeley, CA 94710

Scott Edelsberg
Edelsberg Law, P.A.
1925 Century Pk E, Ste 1700
Los Angeles, CA 90067


Nancy Sykes


Kimberly Powell
11301 3rd Ave NE
Apt 410
Seattle, WA 98125-6093

5/12/2026

Fanatics Settlement Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
PO Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

To Whom it may concern,

I am writing this letter to request an exclusion from receiving and placing a settlement claim in *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC*, Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01.

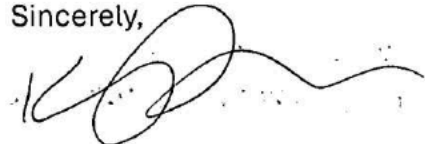
Attached to this letter are my email confirmations of orders from two Fanatics websites: Seattle Seahawks Pro Shop and Washington Huskies Team Store.

My Seattle Seahawks order number was 279-6085-1394, placed on 2/9/2026. I paid \$84.02 for the merchandise and sales tax. I did not pay any shipping or handling fees for this order.

My Washington Huskies order number was 279-4410-3544, placed on 11/28/2022. I paid \$160.65 for the merchandise, sales tax, shipping, and handling. Shipping cost was specifically \$4.99. Handling cost was specifically \$1.99.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,



Kimberly Powell

[Redacted address block]

Email: [Redacted email address]

Fanatics Settlement Administrator
PO Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

May 10, 2026

Subject: *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC*
Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

Settlement Administrator:

Claim ID: 26681441
PIN: VggG63nZ

Please exclude me from the subject class action Fanatics Handling Fee Settlement related to my \$87.64 Fanatics purchase in January 2023.



Corbett Smith



[REDACTED]
May 14, 2026

Fanatics Settlement
Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

Claim ID: 28609964
PIN: KZ5drJYH

To Whom it May Concern:

I hereby request that I be excluded from the proposed Settlement Class in the case of *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC, Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01*.

In my opinion, the Plaintiff and associated counsel did a disservice to the Class Members by accepting this proposal. The coupons are of little use to me. I do not forecast making any future purchases from Fanatics, LLC. Therefore, even though Fanatics, LLC agreed to settle with the Class Members, I will not be receiving any recovery from the Handling Charges issued. The settlement with Fanatics, LLC should have been in the form of cash.

In addition, this settlement actually will benefit Fanatics, LLC. Class Members will be required to make purchases to redeem coupons. Fanatics, LLC inflates their prices and always has discounts such as coupon codes for a percentage off pricing and/or free shipping. This settlement fits into their normal business practice and as such, just increases their revenues.

I am aware that I will not receive any coupons and cannot object to the settlement.

Sincerely,


Gerald Nohaka
[REDACTED]

Purchase Date: 3/17/2023
Handling Fee: \$1.99

Fanatics Settlement
Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

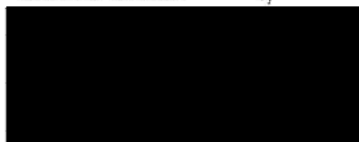
2026-05-13

I received two claim IDs: 38506030 and 37784034. I decline to participate in this Cavanaugh v. Fanatics LLC settlement.

MLB shop purchase on 2021-10-23
NBA Store purchase on 2021-11-08



Morris Chow



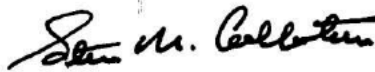
May 18, 2026

Fanatics Settlement
Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

Dear Sir or Madam:

I request to be excluded from the proposed Settlement Class in *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC*,
Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01.

Sincerely,



Steven M. Colloton



May 18, 2026

Fanatics Settlement Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

To Whom It May Concern:

My name is Arelis Maciel residing at [REDACTED], phone number [REDACTED]

Please accept this letter as an official request to be excluded from the Cavanaugh v. Fanatics Settlement.

Thank you.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Arelis Maciel', written over a horizontal line.

Arelis Maciel

May 22, 2026

Hello,

Please exclude me from the Cavanaugh v. Janatics LLC settlement. My information is below.

Andrea Cox



I have no clue to which purchases this case refers. I assume you already have that information. It would have likely included Dallas Stars gear, but I don't have exact numbers to share.

Thank you for excluding me from the Cavanaugh v. Janatics LLC settlement.

Blessings,

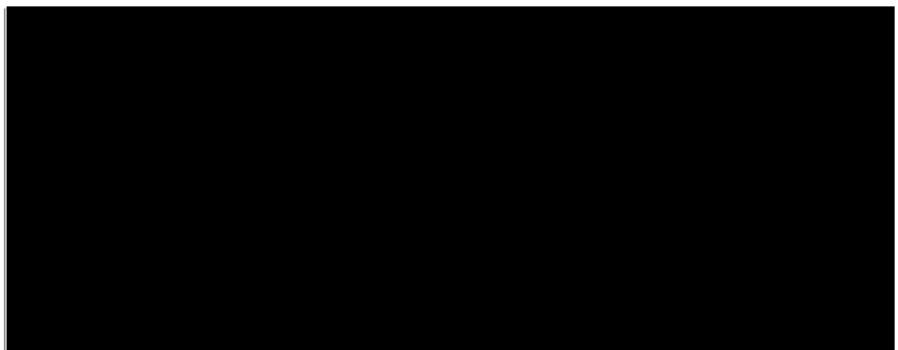
Andrea Cox

Andrea Cox

andreaareneecox.com

Claim ID: 35842200

Pin: SJ5FC9X1



May 26th, 2026

RE: Opt-out / Request for Exclusion

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC

Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

To the Settlement Administrator

I hereby request exclusion from the
proposed settlement class in Cavanaugh v.

Fanatics, LLC, Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

Please Remove Me from case # 2026-001293-
CA-01

My information is as follows;

• Claim ID: 35842200

• Pin: SJ5FC9X1

• Santoine M. Allen



Sincerely,
Santoi Allen Santoine Allen

Steven Mendez
79 Hillcrest Ave
West Hartford, CT 06110
860.778.6211
May 24, 2026

Fanatics Settlement
Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

Re: Exclusion Request - *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics LLC*

To Whom It May Concern:

I hereby request that I be excluded from the proposed Settlement Class in *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics LLC*.

My contact information is as follows:

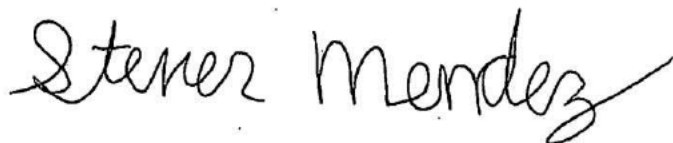
- Name: Steven Mendez
- Address: [REDACTED]
- Telephone: [REDACTED]

The following are my qualifying online purchases from Fanatics, including dates and handling fees paid:

Purchase Date	Order #	Handling Fee Paid
09/18/2022	21-7295-2177	\$1.99

I understand that by excluding myself I will not receive a voucher, will not be permitted to object to the settlement, and will not be legally bound by the outcome of this lawsuit.

Sincerely,



Steven Mendez

May 25, 2026

Fanatics Settlement
Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

Re: Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC, Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

To the Settlement Administrator:

I hereby request that I be excluded from the proposed Settlement Class in the Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC settlement.

My contact information is:

Name: Thomas Czerwinski

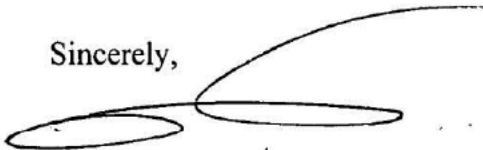
Address: [REDACTED]

Telephone: [REDACTED]

Claim ID: 47682927

PIN: sPSTwkrI

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a series of loops and a long horizontal stroke, positioned above the printed name.

Thomas Czerwinski

Thomas J. McElmurry

June 3, 2026

Fanatics Settlement
Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen MN 55317-2010

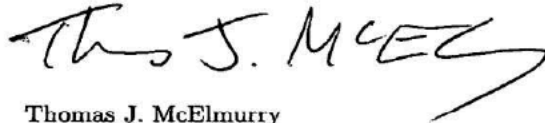
To whom it may concern:

I recently received a notice regarding a proposed settlement in *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC*, Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01. I am writing to exclude myself from the proposed settlement.

In March 2024, I purchased two baseball caps from www.mlbshop.com, a Fanatics website. I placed the order on March 4, 2024, paid \$1.99 in handling fees, and received the merchandise on or about March 9, 2024.

I hereby request that I be excluded from the proposed Settlement Class. I further request that I be sent written confirmation of my exclusion.

Sincerely,



Thomas J. McElmurry

From:
Electra Sherlock

To:
Fanatics Settlement
Exclusion Requests
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics LLC settlement
I hereby request that I be excluded from the proposed Settlement Class.

Full Name: Electra Sherlock

Email Address:

Telephone Number:

Mailing Address:

Online Purchase Number: 107-5286-0102

Date of Purchase: 12/15/2020 15:43

Handling Fee Paid: \$1.99

Signature: *Electra Sherlock*

Date: 28-Jun-2026

24, July, 2026

Dear Class Action Administrator,

I request to be excluded ("opt out" of)
from the Cavanaugh v. Fanatics LLC,
Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01 settlement.

My full name is Regina A. Deracci. My
address is [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] My home phone is [REDACTED]

My mobile phone is [REDACTED]

I purchased a Cubs hoodie in Nov. 2025
but cannot remember the particulars of the
purchase including the handling fee. I
no longer have a receipt.

Thank you,

Regina A. Deracci

Dear Sir or Madam

This is Damiano Castoldi.

My identifying information is as follows:

- **Full Name:** Damiano Castoldi
- **Current Address:** [REDACTED]
- **E-mail:** [REDACTED]
- **Phone:** [REDACTED]

I am writing to formally request my exclusion from the Class in the following lawsuit:

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC, Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

Further identifying information is as follows:

- **Claim ID:** 18303092

Please remove my name and information from the class list. I understand that by opting out of this lawsuit:

- I will not be eligible to receive any money or compensation awarded from any settlement or judgment.
- I am not bound by any court decisions or orders related to this case.
- I retain the right to pursue my own individual claim regarding these issues.

Please update your records accordingly. If you need any further information from me to process this opt-out request, you may reach me at the contact information above.

Sincerely,

Damiano Castoldi

Damiano Castoldi
17 August 2026

Peijun Xie



August 11, 2026

Re: Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC, Case No. 2026-0012930-CA-01 – Request for Exclusion

To the Class Action Administrator:

I am writing to request that I be excluded from the Class in Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC, Case No. 2026-0012930-CA-01, pending in the Circuit Court of the Eleventh Judicial District, in and for Miami-Dade County, Florida.

I do not wish to participate in this lawsuit and request to be excluded from the Class in its entirety.

Peijun Xie



August 11, 2026

BRADLEY BYNANE



To the Office of the Claims Administrator,

I respectfully request to be excluded from the Cavanaugh v. Fanatics Settlement.

Below are past Fanatics online purchases in which a handling fee was applied:

Date: 9/28/20	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 21-6228-7922
Date: 10/27/20	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 451-0318-8344
Date: 11/8/20	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 193-3807-4268
Date: 11/26/20	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 107-5098-9427
Date: 12/1/20	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 279-3306-6437
Date: 4/11/21	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 193-4214-2970
Date: 5/4/21	Handling: \$0.99	Order: 451-0585-8343
Date: 7/7/21	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 451-0657-0595
Date: 11/19/21	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 107-5674-0397
Date: 11/23/21	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 193-4698-3647
Date: 12/5/21	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 107-5779-4799
Date: 12/8/21	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 451-0914-0223
Date: 1/17/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 107-5895-8102
Date: 1/27/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 193-4925-3117
Date: 2/21/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 193-4991-8718
Date: 3/19/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 365-2362-3485
Date: 3/25/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 365-2375-8100
Date: 5/2/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 365-2469-9216
Date: 5/10/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 365-2486-3446
Date: 5/12/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 107-6123-1057
Date: 5/13/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 279-3930-5174
Date: 5/18/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 365-2500-8678
Date: 5/30/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 279-3968-5569
Date: 6/20/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 107-6221-4933
Date: 6/21/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 107-6224-0464
Date: 7/16/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 279-4088-2589
Date: 8/3/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 107-6321-6012
Date: 8/12/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 107-6347-5165
Date: 8/16/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 279-4167-9220
Date: 9/12/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 451-1012-1471
Date: 10/16/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 21-7414-6147
Date: 10/20/22	Handling: \$1.99	Order: 451-1175-1949

Date: 11/5/22 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 365-2856-3126
Date: 11/10/22 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 279-4260-1848
Date: 11/16/22 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 365-2926-2042
Date: 3/1/23 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 193-5316-9601
Date: 3/7/23 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 21-7640-0317
Date: 3/13/23 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 107-6572-4810
Date: 4/27/23 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 21-7763-9995
Date: 8/23/23 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 365-3326-7573
Date: 9/3/23 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 451-1755-6542
Date: 9/3/23 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 279-4741-5661
Date: 10/11/23 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 21-8103-0368
Date: 10/14/23 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 21-8113-6066
Date: 11/4/23 Handling: \$1.99 Order: 193-5901-2629
Date: 12/3/23 Handling: \$2.99 Order: 193-6131-9089
Date: 1/20/24 Handling: \$2.99 Order: 21-8669-2067
Date: 1/23/24 Handling: \$2.99 Order: 107-7593-8629
Date: 1/25/24 Handling: \$2.99 Order: 107-7598-3389
Date: 1/26/24 Handling: \$2.99 Order: 193-6373-5787
Date: 2/7/24 Handling: \$2.99 Order: 21-8717-8737

Please exclude me from the Cavanaugh v. Fanatics Settlement.

Thank you,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Bradley Bynane', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Bradley Bynane

Exhibit 7

Objection to settlement agreement in Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC (Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01)

Dates and details of purchase

Fanatics	2021-03-06	Bills hat	\$1.99 handling fee
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Statement of objections

Objector Paul Schreiber, a member of the Settlement Class, objects to the proposed settlement.

The agreement provides only \$10 in vouchers usable exclusively on Defendant's website, subject to expiration, non-transferability, and other restrictions, and not redeemable for cash. In exchange, class members release a broad set of claims relating to Defendant's alleged fee practices.

That exchange is not fair, reasonable, or adequate under Florida law.

First, the relief is not meaningful. The vouchers require class members to transact again with Defendant to realize any value, and many will never be used.

Second, the structure benefits the Defendant. Any redemption generates new revenue for Defendant, effectively recycling the purported relief back to the party accused of wrongdoing.

Third, the disparity between class relief and the requested attorneys' fees is stark. While class members receive speculative vouchers, Class Counsel may seek a substantial cash award. That imbalance is a recognized indicator of an unfair settlement.

Finally, the release is expansive, extinguishing claims far broader than the limited consideration provided.

This is, in substance, a coupon settlement that provides little actual value while securing a broad release and significant fees.

The Court should deny approval.

Agreements

No agreements relate to my objection or the process of objecting between myself and any other person or entity.

Witnesses

I have no witnesses for the court to consider.

Attorney

I do not intend to have any attorney assert my objections before the court.

Previous objections

I have not objected to any class action settlements in the last five years.

Witnesses

I do not intend to call any witnesses at the Final Approval Hearing.

Statement of appearance

I do not intend to appear at the Final Approval Hearing. I do not intend to have an attorney appear on my behalf at the final approval hearing.

Paul Schreiber



I declare under penalty of perjury the foregoing is true and correct.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Paul Schreiber", written over a horizontal line.

Paul Schreiber

4/30/2016

Date



FAN007C2D5480

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC

Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

1. Andrew Robert Bussa



ABussa May 8, 2026

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct.

2.

Mon, Oct 5, 2020

Fanatics.com Order 21-6252-9320

Denver Broncos New Era Low Profile 59FIFTY Hat - Realtree Camo, Product #:

2533915, Size: 7 1/2 | Qty. 2 | \$11.99

\$1.99 in handling fees

[Order confirmation email attached]

3.

I object to this settlement because I would receive a coupon or a worthless voucher, depending on how one defines 'coupon'.

The \$5 Fanatics voucher would cost me approximately \$6.83 to use (\$5.99 shipping, \$0.56 sales tax, \$0.28 Colorado retail delivery fee) to purchase a 'free' \$4.99 item. I see the \$5 voucher as a negative value item, less than worthless and many in the class and I would see no benefits.

For example, if I were to buy a \$4.99 2025 U.S. Senior Open 12oz. Full-Color Can Cooler - Light Blue (Product ID: 201682588), my order total would be \$11.82.

- Item Total: \$8.99
- Other Markdowns: -\$4.00
- Shipping: \$5.99
- Retail Delivery Fee: \$0.28
- Tax: \$0.56
- Total: \$11.82

Assuming my item is not excluded from a voucher redemption, the settlement voucher discounts the item to \$0.00, I still owe \$6.83 or \$6.27 if sales tax is \$0. I need to pay 125%+ of my

voucher's face value in money to receive an item in return. I'd be better off financially not making the transaction and tossing 4 quarters in a fountain.

I am not likely to place 2 orders before the vouchers expire in 12 months that qualify for free shipping without a promo code (currently not available based on my website browsing and cart trials). My 2025 order history only has one entry (<https://www.fanatics.com/account/orders>). I won \$20 in FanCash and used it to buy a hat and bottle cooler (order confirmation email attached). I only paid \$11.17 out of pocket. The vouchers "will not be usable with other voucher or discount codes" so I don't expect FanCash to apply with a voucher redemption. The vouchers offered do not provide any value to me based on my recent purchase behavior. Publicly available coupon codes often provide more than \$5 in value, so for many orders, the voucher is less of a discount than what the public discount code provides. FanCash is a Fanatics program to rebate future orders. The settlement terms do not directly address FanCash use or earning in conjunction with a voucher redemption, but the terms are so broad that FanCash redemption is likely excluded. I suspect many class members use a coupon code, FanCash, or other incompatible discount on their orders. The proposed remedy does not fit common behavior and does not provide any benefit to many in the class.

The vouchers have a 12 month expiration date. That's disappointing for infrequent Fanatics.com buyers in the class. I am unlikely to make additional purchases from my baseline, so I'm unlikely to realize the advertised \$10 value.

The attorneys get up to \$1,450,000 in real money. If the attorneys received up to 290,000 \$5 single use Fanatics.com vouchers that expire in 12 months, that would be acceptable. If the class members received real money, that would be acceptable. If the \$5 voucher included a free shipping offer with no minimum order amount, no additional fees, worked with FanCash redemptions, and worked with public coupon codes, that would be acceptable because the settlement item would have some value. An option to pick between money and a credit on Fanatics.com would be acceptable.

Fanatics also seems to be circumventing email advertising and data protection laws because they will be able to have two \$5 promo codes emailed to class members who are opted out of their advertising emails. Those promo codes cannot be used without paying Fanatics at least \$5.99 and that is unlikely to be disclosed in the email. It feels like a marketing campaign in the making. Email recipients are likely to browse the website and see what deals they can find before finding the shipping charge and coupon restrictions. That seems like a benefit for the defendant and a negative for the class members who are not opted in to Fanatics emails. This is another example of the settlement benefiting others and not the class members.

I see the proposed settlement as providing zero, possibly negative, benefit for me and many class members.

IN RE: SUBWAY FOOTLONG SANDWICH MARKETING AND SALES PRACTICES
LITIGATION. (2017)

Docket No: No. 16-1652

Because the settlement yields fees for class counsel and “zero benefits for the class,” the class should not have been certified and the settlement should not have been approved. In re Walgreen, 832 F.3d at 724. Because these consolidated class actions “seek[] only worthless benefits for the class,” they should have been “dismissed out of hand.” Id.

The RE: SUBWAY FOOTLONG SANDWICH MARKETING AND SALES PRACTICES LITIGATION case covered a similar case where the class received zero benefit, while attorneys collected fees. I think it serves as a good legal basis for my objections to this worthless settlement.

I think that the fourth prerequisite to class certification, adequacy 4 of representation, is not satisfied. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(a)(4). I believe that both the named plaintiff and class counsel have agreed to a settlement that is not fair to the class, and that therefore they have not fairly and adequately protected the interests of the class.

I think that the total settlement amount is reasonable, but I object to the settlement’s allocation of the entire monetary component to the named plaintiff and class counsel, with no money being distributed to class members. I think that the ~\$1,450,000 that Fanatics is willing to pay to the named plaintiff and counsel should be administered as a common fund for the benefit of the class as a whole. Class counsel would be entitled to claim a reasonable percentage of the common fund, such as one-third, as attorneys’ fees, and the named plaintiff could get a reasonable, such as a \$3,998 (2,000x the \$1.99 handling fee), incentive award. Approximately \$1,000,000 divided up to class members would be a valuable settlement. A cap could be placed of \$10.00 total and a \$1.00 floor, so everyone gets something back via PayPal/Venmo/etc, proportional to handling fees paid.

I further think the settlement does not benefit class members because it benefits only future purchasers. I feel wronged by Fanatics and would rather not give them money in the future. My mindset stops me from benefiting from being a class member. I would order two \$4.99 can coolers if they were \$0 with free shipping. I spend no money (or less than \$1 if tax applies) to receive something of value, Fanatics spends some money on postage and packaging; that’s a valuable settlement for class members like me.

I think the \$5 Voucher in the settlement is a coupon. The case In re ONLINE DVD-RENTAL ANTITRUST LITIGATION. Andrea Resnick; Bryan Eastman; Amy Latham; Melanie Miscioscia; Stan Magee; Michael Orozco; Lisa Si v. k; Michael Wiener, Plaintiffs–Appellees, United States Court of Appeals, Ninth Circuit. has a three part coupon test.

1. Whether class members have to pay out of pocket to take advantage of the award: Yes, class members have to pay out of pocket to take advantage of the award. As detailed

above, the Fanatics.com shipping fee requires class members to pay at least \$5.99 out of pocket to use the award.

2. Whether the award is valid only for select products or services: Yes, Fanatics has not specified if the standard coupon code exclusions will apply to voucher redemptions. Since the voucher would likely be entered at checkout in the Promo Code box, I suspect that the standard coupon exclusions would apply. This is likely the default behavior of their website and nothing has been mentioned for the voucher to override the default coupon code behavior and restrictions. If these vouchers were giftcards, then using other promo codes would not be prohibited and the remaining value could be saved or redeemed for cash in states where required, like Colorado. There is no cash alternative.
 - a. COUPON EXCLUSIONS: Offer excludes on sale, limited quantity, recent playoff, championship, special event and race winning product, NFL MLB NBA and NHL jerseys, MLB and NFL On-Field headwear, select athletes and memorabilia, Under Armour, Alex and Ani, Dooney & Bourke, Lillie Bee, Lionel, Vera Bradley, Wilson, Beats by Dre, Yeti, select current year/season Nike Products, Under Armour Footwear, die cast and show tickets. Not valid on Trading Cards - boxed or loose. Other brands or merchandise (based on availability or other factors) may be excluded.
3. Whether the award is transferrable or expires: the award does expire and is not transferable.

An alternative and reasonable test is if the voucher behaves as a public coupon code would on the Fanatics website. From the description in the settlement, the voucher sounds like a coupon code and not a gift card.

- (i) may be used only once, meaning they have no residual value if the amount redeemed is less than the Voucher amount;
 - Fanatics gift cards keep their value until exhausted or redeemed for cash where required under law, like Colorado. Coupon codes are not a store of value, just a discount at a point in time.
- (ii) will apply to the retail purchase prices offered to the general public;
 - Applies to gift cards and coupon codes.
- (iii) are non-transferrable
 - Gift cards can be transferred, just give the number to someone else. There's no restriction in place.
- (iv) will not be usable with other voucher or discount codes, but may (in Defendant's sole discretion) be compatible with promotions and discounts requiring no code (e.g., sale prices and free/discounted shipping offered on certain days);
 - Coupon codes on Fanatics.com are Limit 1. It says so in the box at checkout where you enter the code.
 - Gift cards can be used with a coupon code.
- (v) will be issued no earlier than January 2026 and will expire 12 months after issuance
 - Coupon codes at Fanatics.com are timebound. Fanatics gift cards do not expire.
 - From the gift card FAQs: Will my Gift Card ever expire or lose value? Answer: Our Gift Cards never expire or lose value.

- (vi) may be used only at Fanatics.com
 - Coupon codes and gift cards both may only be used at Fanatics.com.
- (vii) shall not be redeemable for cash.
 - The voucher is not redeemable for cash in any circumstance. This does not match the gift card terms.
 - From the gift card FAQs: Can I redeem my Gift Cards for cash? Answer: Except where required by law, Gift Cards cannot be redeemed for cash, or cash equivalent.

The Fanatics website has no third option for vouchers, so I'm just testing which box at check out is the best fit for the voucher.

I think this settlement is a coupon case and I object to the attorney fees based on Class Action Fairness Act (CAFA). 28 U.S.C. Section 1712. I think the fees should be based on the value to class members of the coupons that are redeemed.

TRUE v. AMERICAN HONDA MOTOR COMPANY, United States District Court, Central District of California (2010), is another good example case of a coupon settlement not being fair, reasonable, or adequate. I think the Court was correct to deny the motions for final approval of the settlement and for attorneys' fees and incentive payments. The Fanatics agreement should follow TRUE v. AMERICAN HONDA MOTOR COMPANY.

The agreement as it stands is not acceptable to me and I object.

4. I have no agreements that relate to the objection or the process of objecting—whether written or oral between me and any other person or entity.

5. No witnesses.

6. No attorney, just Google and Bing.

7. I have objected to zero class action settlements in the last five years, other than this one.

8. No witnesses called.

9. I do not intend to appear in person at the Final Approval Hearing. I could do a virtual meeting or phone call if those are options available to me.

**Thanks for Your Fanatics Order 107-8413-7494**

Fanatics <shop@s.fanatics.com>
Reply-To: marketingreplies@fanatics.com
To: [REDACTED]

Mon, May 4, 2026 at 9:33 PM

[Order Details inside](#)[NFL](#)[MLB](#)[COLLEGE](#)[JERSEYS](#)[NEW ARRIVALS](#)

THANKS FOR YOUR ORDER

Order Number: 107-8413-7494

\$11.17 (2 items) - Order Date: 7/17/2025

**Get Real Time Order Tracking**

Plus, new users get \$5 FanCash.
Only in the app.

*Exclusions apply. Terms for \$5 Bonus FanCash available at www.fanatics.com/app/offer/terms[Download Now](#)

Processing **Ready For Pickup** Shipped Out for Delivery Delivered

Arrives By July 30

Colorado Rockies New Era 2022 City
Connected Low Profile 59FIFTY Fitted Hat -
Green

Qty: 1
Size: 7 1/2

\$26.99

Processing **Ready For Pickup** Shipped Out for Delivery Delivered

Arrives By July 30



Kentucky Derby 149 WinCraft 12oz. Stripes
Bottle Cooler

Qty: 1
Size: OSFM

\$3.99

Order Summary

Subtotal	\$30.98
FanCash	\$20.62
Shipping	FREE
Tax	\$0.81
Order Total	\$11.17

FanCash Earned

\$0.12

Shipping & Billing Address

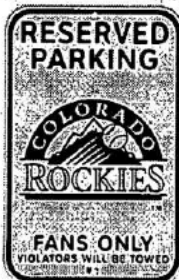
Andrew Bussa



Personalized Picks



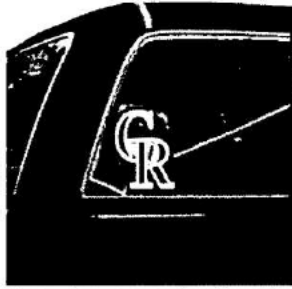
Colorado Rockies Signature
Infield Bracelet



WinCraft Colorado Rockies 11"
x 17" Indoor/Outdoor Sign



Men's New Era White Colorado
Rockies TC A-Frame 9FORTY
Adjustable Hat



WinCraft Colorado Rockies 8" x 8" Color Car Decal



WinCraft Colorado Rockies 4" x 4" Color Perfect Cut Decal
Purple



Colorado Rockies 12" Team Net Clock



Rastaclat Colorado Rockies Signature Outfield Bracelet



Men's Charcoal Colorado Rockies Iconic Primary Pill T-Shirt



Men's '47 Black Colorado Rockies Clean Up Adjustable Hat

How likely are you to recommend Fanatics to your family and friends?

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
NOT AT ALL LIKELY											EXTREMELY LIKELY

This email was sent to [REDACTED] by Fanatics, LLC, 8100 Nations Way, Jacksonville, FL 32256

To ensure delivery to your inbox, add shop@s.fanatics.com to your address book. If you have any questions, contact our [Customer Service Center](#). This email was sent from a notification only address.

[Privacy Policy](#)

[Update Email Preferences](#)

General replies to this email reach an inbox that is not monitored by a Customer Service agent. Please visit the [Customer Service page](#) to ensure your message reaches us.



Andrew Bussa

Thanks for Your Fanatics.com Order 21-6252-9320

1 message

Fanatics.com <shop@e.fanatics.com>

Mon, Oct 5, 2020 at 8:06 AM

Reply-To: "Fanatics.com" <reply-2002599-290_HTML-258277567-10990156-51478@e.fanaticsretailgroup.com>

To:

Regarding your Order

[View In Browser](#)

COLLEGE

MLB

NFL

NBA

NHL

SALE

You Earned \$0.72 in FanCash on this order.

PROCESSING

SHIPPED

DELIVERED

THANKS

FOR YOUR ORDER

Due to the ever changing impact of COVID-19, delivery times may be delayed beyond the date listed for each item below. Our team is making every effort to have your order delivered on time.



**Denver Broncos New Era Low Profile 59FIFTY Hat -
Realtree Camo**

Product #: 2533915

Size: 7 1/2 | Qty. 2 | \$11.99

**This item is expected to arrive by
Thursday, October 15, 2020**

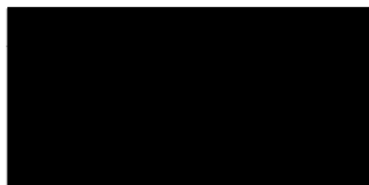
Order Date: 10/5/2020 09:06

Order #: 21-6252-9320

Item Subtotal	\$ 23.98
Handling	\$1.99
Tax	\$ 1.85
Total	\$ 27.82
FanCash Earned	\$0.72

Ship & Bill To

Andrew Bussa



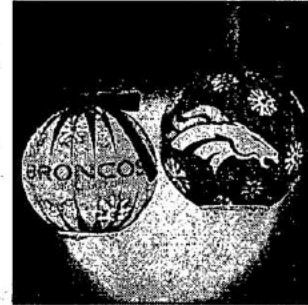
PICKS FOR YOU ▼



Denver Broncos WinCraft 2"
Button 6-Pack



Denver Broncos New Era Logo
Whiz 3 Cuffed Pom Knit Hat -
Orange



Denver Broncos 6-Piece LED
Boxed Ornament Set

Earn FanCash On Every Purchase!



Automatically
earn 3% FanCash
on every purchase



Create a password
to use FanCash every
time you shop



Earn and save on
every purchase!



DISCLAIMER - Limited time offer. Exclusions, terms and conditions apply. Click [here](#) for details.
Offer may be modified or terminated at any time without notice.

*Personalized Picks are personal to you & may not be included in the offer/discount.
*FanCash balance as of

This email was sent to [REDACTED]
by Fanatics, Inc., 8100 Nations Way, Jacksonville, FL 32256

To ensure delivery to your inbox, add shop@e.fanatics.com to your address book.
If you have any questions, contact our [Customer Service Center](#).
This email was sent from a notification only address.

[Privacy Policy](#)

This email is related to your account or a recent transaction you've made.
You cannot opt out of these messages.

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body to be automatically removed.

General replies to this email reach an inbox that is not monitored by a Customer Service
agent. Please visit the [Customer Service page](#) to ensure your message reaches us.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC, Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

Clerk of the Court
Osvaldo N. Soto Miami-Dade Justice Center
20 NW 1st Avenue
Miami, Florida 33128

Fanatics Settlement
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010
Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

Re: Objection to Settlement

Your Honor:

I am a Settlement Class Member in the above-referenced case and I object to the proposed settlement.

1. My name, address and telephone number are:

Michael Kaplan



2. On January 1, 2022, via the Fanatics Website, I purchased a Youth New York Knicks Julius Randle Fanatics Branded Blue Fast Break Replica Player Jersey – Icon Addition (Order #19304856-0687). The order total was \$62.29 and included \$1.99 in handling fees.
3. I object to the form of consideration to be included in the proposed settlement. It is inequitable to compensate Settlement Class Members for our losses with \$5.00 vouchers, each applicable to a separate purchase, that will require us to buy additional items from Fanatics (almost certainly for prices, including shipping, that vastly exceed the value of the vouchers)¹ in order to receive any benefit. The settlement would reward Fanatics

¹ A search of the Fanatics Website as of May 10, 2026 revealed only five items with a purchase price of \$5.00 or less: (i) a toddler-sized Tyreek Hill Miami Dolphins Jersey (released following an injury and his own civil trial troubles), (ii) a Sauce Gardner New York Jets Nike Youth Player Name & Number T-Shirt in Green (traded to the Colts), (iii) a Colorado Rockies “Reserved Parking” Indoor/Outdoor Sign (huh?), (iv) a San Jose Sharks v. Colorado Avalanche 2019 NHL Playoffs Western Conference Second Round Pin (what a collector’s item), and (v) a Wyatt Sicks Uncle Howdy Journal (alarming; do not show your kids!).

A search as of August 21, 2026 included only six such items: (i) a Northwest Group Cooling Towel, (ii) a WrestleMania 42 WinCraft 12 oz. Slim Can Cooler, (iii) an AJ Lee Love Bites Back Wristband 2-Piece Set, (iv) a

with a windfall for its false advertising and unethical business practices, while providing essentially no (or negative) value to Settlement Class Members.

This result would be all the more unjust considering that the Class Counsel purporting to represent the interests of the Settlement Class Members would receive cash fees and costs in the vicinity of \$1.45 million.

The Court is encouraged to reject the settlement and insist that the parties structure a settlement consisting of a cash award to Settlement Cash Members. (If the Court has a sense of humor, it may consider awarding Class Counsel fees and costs in the form of \$5.00 vouchers that each may be used only toward a single purchase on the Fanatics Website, the same form of consideration that the Settlement Class Members they allegedly represent are proposed to receive.)

4. There are no agreements that relate to the objection or the process of objecting (whether written or oral) between me or my counsel and any other person or entity.
5. I do not request the Court to consider any witnesses.
6. I have not engaged an attorney to assert my objections before the Court.
7. I have not objected to any class action settlements in the last five years.
8. I do not intend to call any witnesses at the Final Approval Hearing in support of the objection.
9. I do not intend to appear at the Final Approval Hearing.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct.



Michael Kaplan

Date: August 21, 2026

WWE Connor's Cure Slap Bracelet, (v) a Wrestlemania 41 Logo Box T-Shirt – Black (small size only), and (v) a Legado Del Fantasma Portrait T-Shirt – Black (small or medium).

Handling Fee Settlement

File Claim

Home File Claim
Counsel Information

Frequently Asked Questions
Contact Us

Important Case Documents

Important Dates

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics Settlement

CLAIM FORM

DEADLINE: THIS CLAIM FORM MUST BE SUBMITTED BY AUGUST 27, 2026, BE FULLY COMPLETED, BE SIGNED, AND MEET ALL CONDITIONS OF THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.

COMPLETED CLAIM FORMS CAN BE SUBMITTED ONLINE OR BY MAIL.

Please note that this Claim Form may be researched and verified by the Claim Administrator.

ClaimID

43154752

Your ClaimID is listed at the top of your email notice.

PIN

RM4DV7D4

Your PIN is listed at the top of your email notice.

YOUR CONTACT INFORMATION

Name*

richard

holland

First Name

Middle Name
(optional)

Last Name

Ship from
richard holland



Ship to
Nathan Rhodes



PACKING SLIP

ebay

Ship to
Nathan Rhodes



Ship from
richard holland



Daniel Cope

Date: June 14, 2026

Clerk of the Court

Osvaldo N. Soto Miami-Dade Justice Center

20 NW 1st Avenue

Miami, Florida 33128

**IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA**

Case Name: Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC

Case No.: 2026-001293-CA-01

Presiding Judge: Hon. Thomas J. Rebull

Subject: Formal Class Member Objection (Written Submission Only)

FORMAL OBJECTION TO PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

I am writing to submit my formal, written objection to the proposed class action settlement in *Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC*, Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01. As documented below and supported by my attached proof of transaction, I am an active member of the Settlement Class who ordered merchandise through a Fanatics Website and was directly assessed a deceptive handling fee [cite: 18, 84].

1. Proof of Class Membership and Specific Transaction Parameters

On November 3, 2023, I placed an online order through the MLB Shop Official Online Store (which explicitly bears the corporate tag "A Fanatics Experience") [cite: 1]. My specific transaction parameters are as follows:

- **Order Number:** 107-7121-9092 [cite: 1]
- **Transaction Items:** Four (4) items, consisting of: a Men's Texas Rangers New Era Black 2023 World Series Champions Locker Room 9FORTY Adjustable Hat; a Men's Texas Rangers New Era Red 2023 World Series Champions Patch 9FORTY Adjustable Hat; a Men's Texas Rangers Fanatics Branded Royal T-Shirt; and a Texas Rangers Facsimile Signature Rawlings 2023 World Series Champions Replica Baseball [cite: 1, 4, 5].

- **Financial Elements:** Subtotal: \$119.96 | Shipping: FREE | **Handling Fee Paid: \$1.99** | Tax: \$1.80 | **Total Amount Paid: \$123.75** [cite: 6, 8]

Because I was targeted with a prominent promotional advertisement banner promising "FREE SHIPPING," only to be assessed an inescapable, mandatory "\$1.99 Handling Fee" at the terminal checkout phase, I satisfy all structural criteria to be established as an affected Class Member [cite: 3, 6, 44].

2. Substantive Grounds for Objection: The E-Commerce Pricing Disconnect

I strongly object to the structural framework of the proposed payout, which provides two separate, non-combinable \$5.00 promotional vouchers instead of actual cash restitution or cash-equivalent relief [cite: 22, 23, 45]. This remedy is entirely inadequate. An audit of the Texas Rangers product category on MLBShop.com reveals that the absolute lowest-priced item available for purchase is \$8.40, which carries a baseline shipping fee of \$8.99. Consequently, a class member attempting to redeem a single \$5.00 voucher is mathematically forced to make a mandatory minimum out-of-pocket expenditure of approximately \$12.39 to "claim" a single \$5 credit [cite: 23, 45]. Dividing a modest \$10 settlement into restricted, un-combinable \$5 fragments structures the deal as a forced marketing vehicle [cite: 23, 45]. It creates a guaranteed "re-store traffic" loop that enriches the Defendant via new residual transaction volume, rather than providing true compensatory value to the victims.

3. Proposed Equitable Remedies

To satisfy the legal threshold of being "fair, reasonable, and adequate," the settlement framework should be modified to reflect realistic consumer interactions [cite: 101]. I respectfully urge the Court to require either:

- **(a)** A single unified credit code worth \$10.00 that explicitly waives all secondary shipping and handling costs up to that value [cite: 45]; or
- **(b)** A simplified cash restitution option providing a baseline refund of the exact \$1.99 handling fee originally extracted from the consumer [cite: 6]. A cash payout of \$1.99 represents a lower nominal value than the proposed \$10 vouchers, but it provides genuine, friction-free relief that successfully makes the consumer whole.

4. Unfair Structural Alignment of Attorney Fees and Incentive Awards

Under the proposed agreement, Class Counsel seeks a combined award of \$1,450,000.00 in cash, and the lead plaintiff requests a \$5,000.00 cash service award, while the general class is left with restrictive coupons [cite: 77, 78]. In strict alignment with Class Action Fairness Act (CAFA) guidelines regarding coupon settlements (28 U.S.C. § 1712), Class Counsel's cash-based compensation should be structurally restricted or reduced unless class members are provided genuine cash alternatives. Furthermore, within the jurisdictional framework of the Eleventh Circuit, separate cash incentive awards for lead plaintiffs are legally impermissible under binding precedent (*Johnson v. NPAS Solutions, LLC*, 975 F.3d 1244). If the lead plaintiff receives substantial compensation, at least a portion of their requested award should be restricted to the exact same coupon/voucher structure imposed upon the general class to ensure equitable interest alignment [cite: 78].

5. Required Class Notice Disclosures

In strict compliance with the procedural mandates outlined on Page 4 of the Class Notice, I submit the following verified disclosures [cite: 86, 89, 90, 91, 92, 94, 95]:

- **Prior Objection History (Past 5 Years):** The number of class action settlements to which I or my legal counsel have objected in the preceding five (5) years is exactly **zero (0)** [cite: 92].
- **Witnesses:** I intend to call **zero (0)** witnesses at the Final Approval Hearing and have listed no witnesses in support of this objection [cite: 90, 94].
- **Legal Representation / Legal Agreements:** I am an unrepresented consumer (*pro se*) [cite: 86, 91]. There are **zero (0)** agreements, written or oral, relating to this objection or the process of objecting between myself, any counsel, or any other person or entity [cite: 89].
- **Statement of Intent Regarding Hearing:** I do **not** intend to appear at the Final Approval Hearing on September 16, 2026 [cite: 95]. I request the Court evaluate my objections purely on the basis of this written submission [cite: 109].

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct [cite: 86].

Respectfully submitted,



Daniel Cope

Class Member / Objector *Pro Se* [cite: 86]

Thanks for Your MLB Shop Official Online Store Order 107-7121-9092

From: MLB.com Shop <MLBShop@mlbshop.mlb.com>

To: [REDACTED]

Date: Fri, Nov 3, 2023, 8:25 PM

Regarding your Order

[View In Browser](#)



MLB shop

A Fanatics Experience

\$\$\$ MLB.SHOP

Powered by



JERSEYS

CAPS

MEN'S

WOMEN'S

KIDS'

MEMORABILIA

You earned **\$3.60 FanCash** on this order.

LIMITED
TIME!

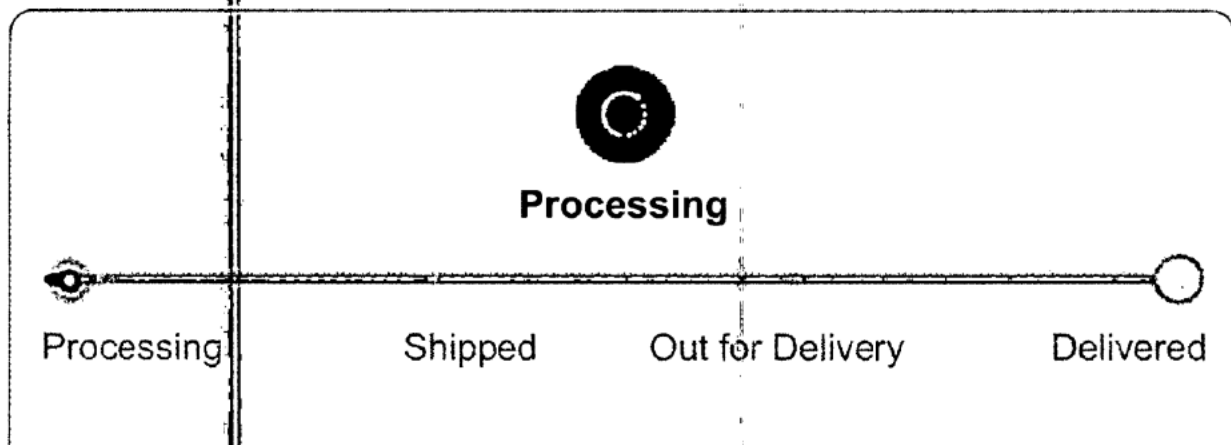
FREE SHIPPING ON ORDERS
OVER \$24

*Some Exclusions Apply

**THANKS
FOR YOUR ORDER**

Order Number: 107-7121-9092

\$123.75 (4 items) - Order Date: 11/3/2023



Ships By November 6



Men's Texas Rangers New Era
Black 2023 World Series
Champions Locker Room
9FORTY Adjustable Hat

Qty: 1
Size: No Size

\$34.99

Ships By November 13



Men's Texas Rangers New Era
Red 2023 World Series
Champions Patch 9FORTY
Adjustable Hat

Qty: 1
Size: No Size

\$29.99

Ships By November 8

Men's Texas Rangers Fanatics
Branded Royal 2023 World
Series Champions Official
Logo T-Shirt



Qty: 1
Size: M

\$34.99

Ships By December 18



Texas Rangers Facsimile
Signature Rawlings 2023
World Series Champions
Replica Baseball

Qty: 1
Size: No Size

\$19.99

Order Summary

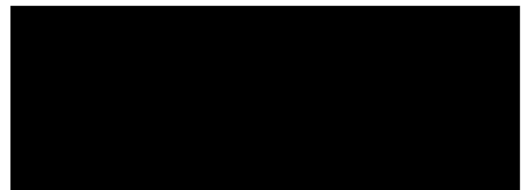
Subtotal	\$119.96
Shipping	FREE
Handling	\$1.99
Tax	\$1.80

Order Total	\$123.75
--------------------	-----------------

FanCash Earned	\$3.60
-----------------------	---------------

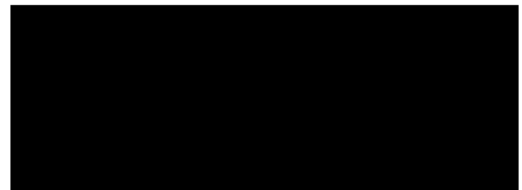
Shipping Address

Daniel Cope



Billing Address

Daniel Cope



Personalized Picks*



Men's New Era Black



Men's New Era Red



Men's Fanatics

Texas Rangers 2023
World Series
Champions Locker
Room Replica
9TWENTY Adjustable
Hat

Texas Rangers 2023
World Series
Champions Banner
9TWENTY Adjustable
Hat

Branded Heather Gray
Texas Rangers 2023
World Series
Champions Locker
Room Long Sleeve T-
Shirt

**How likely are you to recommend MLB Shop Official
Online Store to your family and friends?**

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
NOT AT ALL LIKELY						EXTREMELY LIKELY				

STAY IN THE KNOW!

**SIGN UP FOR TEXT MESSAGING
TO GET THE LATEST UPDATES
ABOUT YOUR ORDER!**

SIGN UP NOW

MLB trademarks and copyrights are used with permission of Major League
Baseball. Visit MLB.com

This email was sent to [REDACTED] by MLBShop.com, 8100

Nations Way, Jacksonville, FL 32256

To ensure delivery to your inbox, add shop@fanshop.mlblists.com to your address book. If you have any questions, contact our Customer Service Center. This email was sent from a notification only address.

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June 10, 2026

Daniel Sifer

**IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT,
IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA**
Case Name: Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC
Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

WRITTEN OBJECTION TO PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

TO:

Clerk of the Court — Osvaldo N. Soto (Miami-Dade Justice Center)
20 NW 1st Avenue, Miami, Florida 33128

AND TO:

Fanatics Settlement Administrator
c/o Analytics Consulting LLC
P.O. Box 2010, Chanhassen, MN 55317-2010

I. IDENTITY OF OBJECTOR AND CLASS MEMBERSHIP

My name is NAME. I am a class member in the above-captioned matter, having purchased merchandise through Fanatics websites between May 6, 2018, and March 30, 2026, and having been assessed and paid handling fees in connection with those purchases according to the notice I received. I submit this written objection pursuant to the terms of the proposed Settlement and respectfully urge this Court to reject the proposed Settlement as fundamentally unfair, unreasonable, and inadequate under applicable law.

II. GROUNDS FOR OBJECTION

A. The Settlement Relief Is Inadequate and Fails to Make Class Members Whole

The proposed settlement offers class members two (2) vouchers, each worth \$5.00 off a single future purchase on Fanatics.com. These vouchers may not be combined on a single order and expire within twelve (12) months. This form of relief is wholly inadequate to compensate class members for the deceptive handling fees they were charged. Class members were deceived by

Fanatics' representations of "Free Shipping" or low flat-rate shipping, only to be assessed hidden handling fees — typically \$1.99 per order — across what may amount to hundreds of millions of dollars in aggregate overcharges spanning nearly eight years. A non-stackable, expiring store credit does not restore class members to the financial position they would have occupied absent the alleged misconduct. Courts have routinely held that coupon settlements of this nature fail to satisfy the adequacy requirement under Rule 23 equivalents and applicable state class action standards. See, e.g., *In re HP Inkjet Printer Litigation*, 716 F.3d 1173 (9th Cir. 2013) (scrutinizing coupon settlements for genuine value to class members).

B. The Settlement Compels Class Members to Conduct Additional Business with the Wrongdoer as a Condition of Recovery

The settlement structure is particularly objectionable because it requires class members to spend more money with Fanatics — the very entity whose deceptive practices gave rise to this litigation — merely to access any portion of their recovery. To redeem a \$5.00 voucher, a class member must make a new purchase on Fanatics.com, likely incurring additional shipping or handling charges in the process. This structure does not compensate class members; it channels additional consumer revenue to the defendant. A settlement that conditions recovery on further expenditure with the defendant is not relief — it is a marketing subsidy disguised as restitution. This Court should not permit its imprimatur to be placed on such an arrangement.

C. The Settlement Imposes No Meaningful Financial Penalty or Deterrence on Fanatics

Fanatics admits no wrongdoing under the terms of the proposed settlement and pays no cash damages to class members whatsoever. The issuance of discount vouchers carries marginal actual cost to Fanatics: vouchers that go unredeemed cost nothing; those redeemed generate new revenue. The net financial impact on Fanatics is, at best, negligible — and potentially profitable. The purpose of class action litigation includes deterrence of future corporate misconduct. A settlement of this character provides zero deterrence, effectively communicating to Fanatics and similarly situated corporations that nearly a decade of alleged deceptive fee practices can be resolved with the equivalent of a promotional coupon campaign. This Court's approval of such a settlement would undermine both the integrity of the class action mechanism and the public interest in corporate accountability.

D. The Fee Award to Class Counsel Is Disproportionate to the Relief Obtained for the Class

It is presumed that class counsel will seek attorney fees payable in actual cash — not in the same expiring store vouchers offered to class members. If that is the case, counsel will walk away from this litigation with real monetary compensation while class members receive coupons of speculative and limited value. Courts applying both federal and Florida standards have held that fee awards must bear a reasonable relationship to the actual, non-speculative benefit conferred upon the class. Where the class receives illusory relief and counsel receives cash, the settlement raises serious questions under the adequacy and conflict-of-interest standards applicable to class action proceedings. I respectfully request that the Court conduct rigorous scrutiny of any fee application relative to the actual compensatory value of the vouchers issued.

E. The Broad Release of Claims Is Not Justified by the Compensation Offered

The proposed settlement releases Fanatics from all legal claims arising from the conduct alleged in this litigation, including claims spanning the entire class period from May 6, 2018, through March 30, 2026. Class members who do nothing will still lose their right to pursue any future lawsuit against Fanatics on these claims. This sweeping release — extinguishing nearly eight years of potential liability — is wildly disproportionate to a settlement offering two non-stackable, expiring vouchers worth a combined \$10.00. The exchange of such broad legal rights for such minimal relief is unconscionable and falls far short of the fairness, reasonableness, and adequacy standards this Court is required to apply before granting final approval.

III. RELIEF REQUESTED

For the foregoing reasons, I respectfully request that this Court:

1. Reject and deny final approval of the proposed Settlement as presented;
2. Order the parties to renegotiate a settlement that provides class members with meaningful, cash-equivalent compensation commensurate with the actual overcharges sustained;
3. Subject any attorney fee application to heightened scrutiny given the nominal value of relief provided to the class; and
4. Grant such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper in the interests of the class and the public.

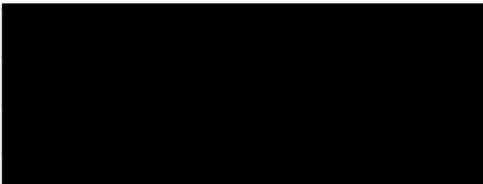
I reserve the right to appear and be heard at the Final Approval Hearing currently scheduled for September 16, 2026 at 8:30 a.m., and to present further argument in support of this objection.

"I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge."

Respectfully submitted,



Daniel Sifer



Date: June 10, 2026

**IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA**

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC

Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01



FAN00830FC4DB

OBJECTION TO PROPOSED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

I, Carl Hollingsworth, respectfully submit this objection to the proposed class action settlement.

I am a member of the Settlement Class because I purchased merchandise through a Fanatics-operated website during the class period and paid a handling fee.

I. Objector Information

Name: Carl Hollingsworth



II. Information Demonstrating Membership in the Settlement Class

Date	Website	Items Purchased	Handling fees paid	Order Total
Dec. 10, 2026	Fanatics.com	Kansas City Royals Fanatics Branded Winning Streak Polo – Royal	\$1.99	\$37.71
Dec. 3, 2024	MLBshop.com	Men's Kansas City Royals Dunbrooke Heather Royal Explorer Full-Zip Jacket	\$8.99	\$70.22

Attached are copies of any documentation I have supporting these purchases:

- Thanks for Your Fanatics Order 365-2305-6352
- You placed a \$70.22 USD order with Fanatics Commerce Holdco, Inc.

III. Specific Objections

I object to the proposed settlement because it is not fair, reasonable, or adequate to the members of the Settlement Class.

The central allegation in this lawsuit is that consumers were charged handling fees after being induced by representations such as "Free Shipping" or similarly discounted shipping offers. If those allegations have sufficient merit to support a class settlement, then the relief provided should reasonably compensate class members for the economic harm they allegedly suffered.

Instead, the proposed settlement offers only two separate \$5 vouchers that cannot even be combined on the same purchase. This is not meaningful compensation. It is a marketing incentive requiring class members to return as customers of the very company accused of deceptive pricing practices.

Unlike cash, these vouchers have significant limitations:

- They require class members to make future purchasing decisions involving Fanatics.
- They provide no benefit to class members who do not wish to shop with Fanatics again.
- They are worth substantially less than their stated face value because they require additional transactions to realize any benefit.
- By prohibiting the vouchers from being combined, the settlement further reduces their practical value.

In effect, the settlement converts alleged consumer harm into future business for the defendant. Every redeemed voucher requires another purchase, generates additional revenue, and gives the Defendant another opportunity to profit from the consumer relationship. Thus, what is presented as compensation simultaneously functions as a customer retention program.

This is especially troubling because the alleged misconduct involved pricing practices during the purchasing process. A settlement that requires injured consumers to make additional purchases from the same defendant does not restore them to the position they would have occupied absent the alleged misconduct.

The proposed settlement also appears disproportionate when compared to the scope of the release that class members must provide. In exchange for releasing potentially valuable legal claims arising from the alleged deceptive handling fees, class members receive only restricted coupons with uncertain real-world value.

I recognize that settlements necessarily involve compromise and that continued litigation carries risks. However, compromise should not mean providing relief that primarily benefits the defendant rather than the class.

A settlement consisting primarily of coupons deserves particularly careful scrutiny because coupon settlements often provide substantially less real value than their advertised face amount. Here, the vouchers function more as promotional discounts than compensation for alleged past injury.

I respectfully submit that the Court should require a settlement providing compensation with actual economic value to class members, such as cash payments, automatic refunds of handling fees where purchase records exist, or other relief that does not require class members to become repeat customers in order to obtain any meaningful benefit.

A settlement should resolve litigation, not create new sales opportunities for the defendant. Compensation that requires consumers to spend additional money with the defendant is fundamentally different from compensation that restores consumers for alleged past harm.

IV. Scope of Objection

This objection is made on behalf of the entire Settlement Class.

V. Agreements Relating to This Objection

I state that I have no agreements, written or oral, with any person or entity concerning this objection.

VI. Witnesses and Documents

None other than myself.

VII. Attorney Information

I am not represented by an attorney.

VIII. Prior Class Action Objections

Number of class action settlements I have objected to during the past five years: 0

IX. Final Approval Hearing

I do not intend to appear at the final approval hearing.

Declaration

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: June 29, 2026

Signature:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Carl Hollingsworth", written in a cursive style.

Carl Hollingsworth

Thanks for Your Fanatics Order 365-2305-6352

From: Fanatics.com (shop@e.fanatics.com)

To: [REDACTED]

Date: Friday, December 10, 2021 at 03:59 PM PST



This message contains blocked images. [Show images](#) or [Always show images](#)

Regarding Your Order

[View In Browser](#)

[COLLEGE](#)

[MLB](#)

[NFL](#)

[NBA](#)

[NHL](#)

[SALE](#)

You earned **\$2.48** in **FanCash** on this order.



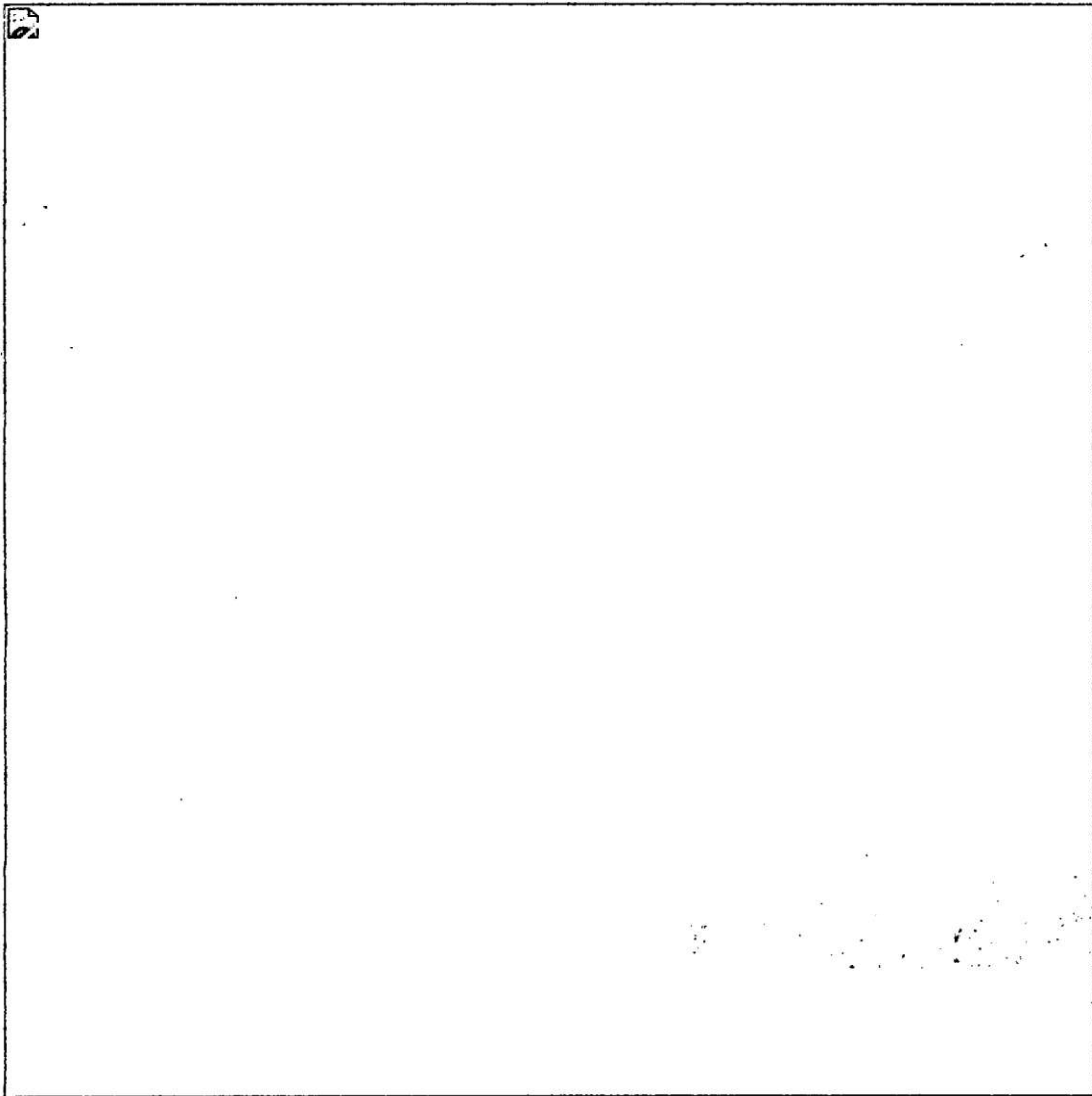
Order#: 365-2305-6352

\$37.71 (1 items) - Order Date: 12/10/2021

Please note transportation companies may take longer than expected to deliver packages on time due to historic network volumes related to the COVID-19 pandemic.



Processing



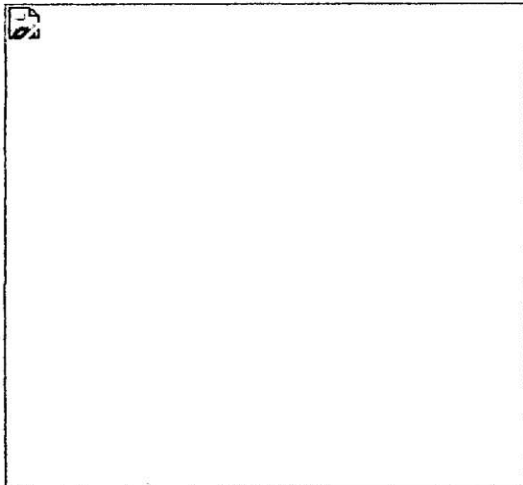
Processing

Shipped

Out for Delivery

Delivered

Estimated Arrival Dec 22



Kansas City Royals Fanatics
Branded Winning Streak Polo - Royal

Qty: 1 Size: L

\$27.50

Order Summary

Subtotal	\$27.50
Shipping	\$4.99
Handling Fee	\$1.99
Tax	\$3.23
Includes shipping	
Order Total	\$37.71

FanCash Earned	\$2.48
-----------------------	---------------

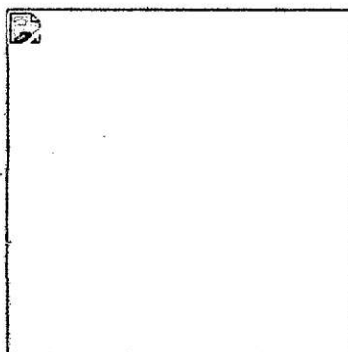
Shipping Address

Carl Hollingsworth

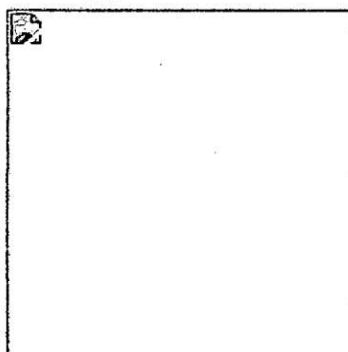


Billing Address

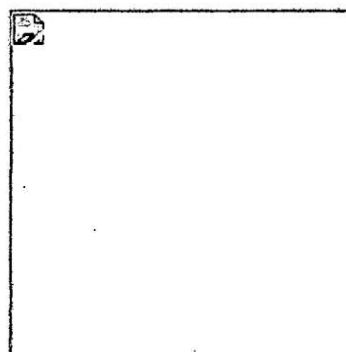
Carl Hollingsworth



Men's New Era Royal Kansas
City Royals Team Rustic
9TWENTY Snapback
Adjustable Hat

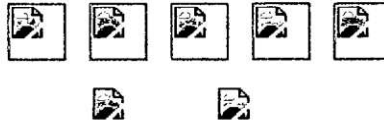


Men's Majestic Royal Kansas
City Royals 2015 World Series
Bound Participant T-Shirt



Men's Stance Kansas City
Royals Alternate Jersey Logo
Crew Socks

How likely are you to recommend Fanatics to your family and friends?



DISCLAIMER - Limited time offer. Exclusions, terms and conditions apply. Click [here](#) for details. Offer may be modified or terminated at any time without notice.

*Personalized Picks are personal to you & may not be included in the offer/discount.

This email was sent to mackh278@yahoo.com by Fanatics, Inc., 8100 Nations Way, Jacksonville, FL 32256

To ensure delivery to your inbox, add shop@e.fanatics.com to your address book. If you have any questions, contact our [Customer Service Center](#). This email was sent from a notification only address.

[Privacy Policy](#)

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General replies to this email reach an inbox that is not monitored by a Customer Service agent. Please visit the [Customer Service page](#) to ensure your message reaches us.

You submitted an order in the amount of \$70.22 USD to Fanatics Commerce Holdco, Inc.

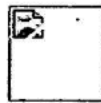
From: service@paypal.com (service@paypal.com)

To: [REDACTED]

Date: Tuesday, December 3, 2024 at 05:23 PM PST

 This message contains blocked images. [Show images](#) or [Always show images](#)

Hello, Carl Hollingsworth



**You placed a \$70.22 USD order
with Fanatics Commerce Holdco,
Inc.
(customersupport@mlbshop.com)**

[View or Manage Transaction](#)

You won't be charged until Fanatics Commerce Holdco, Inc. processes your order. To see the full transaction details, log in to your PayPal account. Keep in mind, it may take a few moments for this transaction to appear. Thanks for using PayPal.

Transaction ID

O-2LG97259MX812601W

Transaction date

December 3, 2024 5:22:45 PM PST

Merchant

Fanatics Commerce Holdco, Inc.
customersupport@mlbshop.com

Instructions to merchant

You haven't entered any instructions.

Shipping address





Description	Unit price	Qty	Amount
Men's Kansas City Royals Dunbrooke Heather Royal Explorer Full-Zip Jacket	\$79.99 USD	1	\$79.99 USD
Item# Men's Kansas City Royals Dunbrooke Heather Royal Explorer Full-Zip Jacket			
DISCOUNT	-\$24.00 USD	1	-\$24.00 USD
Item# DISCOUNT			

Subtotal \$55.99 USD
Shipping and handling \$8.99 USD
Tax \$5.24 USD
Total \$70.22 USD

Sent to customersupport@mlbshop.com

Sent from

The amount shown above may not be the final payment amount. If the merchant completes the transaction and the final amount is greater than the above, we'll send you an additional receipt that shows the final payment amount. Otherwise, this will be your final receipt.

Funding Sources Used (Total)

\$70.22 USD

[View or Manage Transaction](#)

Issues with this transaction?

You have 180 days from the date of the transaction to open a dispute in the Resolution Center.



[Help & Contact](#) | [Security](#) | [Apps](#)



August 25, 2026

Letter of Objection

Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC Settlement: Case No. 2026-001293-CA-01

1. Your full name, address, telephone number, and personal signature (not your attorneys) and date of signature, and the following statement:

"I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the foregoing is true and correct."

Ms. Nneka Nnolim (Claim ID: 40086426)



Nneka Nnolim AUGUST 25, 2026

2. The date and details of any online purchases from Fanatics, a description of any items bought, and the amount paid in handling fees.

- *October 29, 2024 Purchase – EXHIBIT A*
 - *Tank top and pants sleep set.*
 - *\$2.99 paid in handling fees.*
- *August 23, 2024 Purchase – EXHIBIT B*
 - *Full-zip hoodie.*
 - *\$2.99 paid in handling fees.*
- *January 10, 2024 Purchase – EXHIBIT C*
 - *Women's Nightshirt.*
 - *\$2.99 paid in handling fees.*
- *November 10, 2023 Purchase – EXHIBIT D*
 - *Throw blanket.*
 - *Stationery set.*
 - *Cropped t-shirt.*
 - *\$2.99 paid in handling fees.*
- *October 23, 2023 Purchase – EXHIBIT E*
 - *V-Neck t-shirt.*
 - *Cropped t-shirt.*
 - *\$1.99 paid in handling fees.*

- October 22, 2023 – EXHIBIT F
 - College seal v-neck t-shirt.
 - Campus v-neck t-shirt.
 - Basic arch v-neck t-shirt.
 - \$1.99 paid in handling fees.

Total Paid In Handling Fees: \$15.94

3. A statement of your specific objections, and a detailed statement of the factual and legal basis for such objections.

I have provided documentation herein that verifies six (6) purchases I made from Fanatics.com, whereby I paid a total of \$15.94 in handling fees. Due to this proof I have provided, I object to the settlement amount of two \$5.00 vouchers totaling \$10.00.

The amount of the vouchers fails to render me whole, given that I have demonstrated losses in the amount of \$15.94.

It is fair and reasonable that as a claimant in this matter, I should be fully compensated for the financial loss I have suffered.

4. Any and all agreements that relate to the objection or the process of objecting—whether written or oral (in which case it must be summarized)—between you or your counsel and any other person or entity.

Not applicable. No agreements that relate to the objection or the process of objecting between myself or counsel and any other person or entity.

5. The identity of all witnesses, including the witness's name and address, and a summary of such witness's proposed testimony and documents that you would like the Court to consider.

Not applicable. No witnesses or related documents.

6. The name and contact information of any attorney you intend to have assert your objections before the Court.

Not applicable. No attorney intended to assert my objections before the court.

7. A statement identifying the number of class action settlements you objected to in the last five years, and listing those cases by case name and number; and a copy of any orders related to or ruling on the prior such objections that were issued by the trial and appellate courts in each listed case,

I have not objected to any class action settlements in the last five years.

8. A list of all witnesses you intend to call at the Final Approval Hearing in support of the objection.

Not applicable. Not intending to call any witnesses at the Final Approval Hearing.

9. A statement whether you and your attorney(s) intend to appear at the Final Approval Hearing.

I have not retained an attorney and I do not intend to appear at the Final Approval Hearing.



Outlook

Thanks for Your Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store Order 279-5163-7779

From Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store <shop@e.fanaticsretailgroup.com>**Date** Tue 10/29/2024 8:41 PM**To** [REDACTED]

EXHIBIT A

[Order Details Inside](#)[View In Browser](#)[MEN](#)[WOMEN](#)[KIDS](#)[T-SHIRTS](#)[SWEATSHIRTS](#)[HATS](#)**You earned \$0.25 FanCash on this order.**

THANKS

FOR YOUR ORDER

Order Number: 279-5163-7779

\$29.70 (1 items) - Order Date: 10/29/2024

**Processing**

Processing

Shipped

Out for Delivery



Delivered

Ships By October 31**Arrives By November 5 - November 11**



Women's Concepts Sport
Black/Green Michigan State
Spartans Tank Top & Pants
Sleep Set

Qty: 1
Size: L

\$24.99

Order Summary

Subtotal	\$24.99
FanCash	-\$0.22
Shipping	FREE
Handling	\$2.99
Tax	\$1.94
Order Total	\$29.70

FanCash Earned	\$0.25
-----------------------	---------------

Your payment method will be charged immediately after order creation

Shipping & Billing Address

Nneka Nnolim



How likely are you to recommend Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store to your family and friends?

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
NOT AT ALL LIKELY					EXTREMELY LIKELY					

DISCLAIMER - Limited time offer. Exclusions, terms and conditions apply. Click [here](#) for details. Offer may be modified or terminated at any time without notice. Due to restrictions, some products may not be available for purchase or shipment from our websites to certain countries (including Australia).

*Personalized Picks are personal to you & may not be included in the offer/discount.

Please be sure to add shop@e.fanaticsretailgroup.com to ensure our messages are delivered to your inbox.

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Outlook

Thanks for Your Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store Order 107-8087-8420

From Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store <shop@e.fanaticsretailgroup.com>**Date** Fri 8/23/2024 2:23 PM**To** EXHIBIT B

Regarding your Order

[View In Browser](#)[MEN](#)[WOMEN](#)[KIDS](#)[T-SHIRTS](#)[SWEATSHIRTS](#)[HATS](#)You earned **\$0.22 FanCash** on this order.

THANKS

FOR YOUR ORDER

Order Number: 107-8087-8420

\$26.61 (1 items) - Order Date: 8/23/2024

**Processing**

Processing

Shipped

Out for Delivery



Delivered

Ships By August 26



Men's Colosseum Heathered
Gray Michigan State Spartans
Arch & Logo 3.0 Full-Zip Hoodie

Qty: 1
Size: M

\$23.99

Order Summary

Subtotal	\$23.99
FanCash	-\$2.11
Shipping	FREE
Handling	\$2.99
Tax	\$1.74
Order Total	\$26.61

FanCash Earned	\$0.22
-----------------------	---------------

Your payment method will be charged immediately after order creation

Shipping & Billing Address

CUS10421732 Nnolim

**How likely are you to recommend Michigan State
Spartans Official Online Store to your family and
friends?**

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
NOT AT ALL LIKELY					EXTREMELY LIKELY					

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Outlook

Thanks for Your Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store Order 21-8647-1761

From Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store <shop@e.fanaticsretailgroup.com>

Date Wed 1/10/2024 12:04 PM

To



EXHIBIT C

Regarding your Order

[View In Browser](#)

[MEN](#)[WOMEN](#)[KIDS](#)[T-SHIRTS](#)[SWEATSHIRTS](#)[HATS](#)

You earned **\$1.35 FanCash** on this order.

THANKS

FOR YOUR ORDER

Order Number: 21-8647-1761

\$30.82 (1 items) - Order Date: 1/10/2024



Processing



Processing

Shipped

Out for Delivery



Delivered

Ships By January 11



Women's Concepts Sport Green
Michigan State Spartans Tank
Nightshirt

Qty: 1
Size: L

\$44.99

Order Summary

Subtotal	\$44.99
Shipping	FREE
Handling	\$2.99
Gift Card (***4)	-\$17.37
Tax	\$0.21
Order Total	\$30.82

FanCash Earned	\$1.35
-----------------------	---------------

Your payment method will be charged immediately after order creation

Shipping & Billing Address

CUS10421732 Nnolim



**How likely are you to recommend Michigan State
Spartans Official Online Store to your family and
friends?**

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
NOT AT ALL LIKELY					EXTREMELY LIKELY					

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Outlook

Thanks for Your Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store Order 21-8239-0905

From Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store <shop@e.fanaticsretailgroup.com>

Date Fri 11/10/2023 5:41 PM

To



EXHIBIT D

Regarding your Order

[View In Browser](#)

[MEN](#)[WOMEN](#)[KIDS](#)[T-SHIRTS](#)[SWEATSHIRTS](#)[HATS](#)

You earned \$1.07 FanCash on this order.

THANKS

FOR YOUR ORDER

Order Number: 21-8239-0905

\$41.03 (3 items) - Order Date: 11/10/2023



Processing



Processing

Shipped

Out for Delivery



Delivered

Ships By November 13

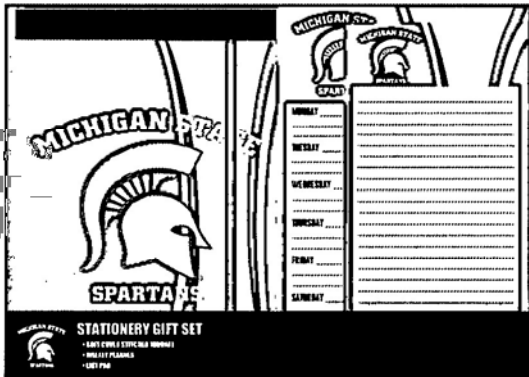


Michigan State Spartans 50" x 60" Repeating Logo Classic Plush Throw Blanket

Qty: 1
Size: No Size

\$10.00

Ships By November 13



Michigan State Spartans Three-Piece Stationery Set

Qty: 1
Size: No Size

\$10.00

Ships By November 13



Women's Alternative Apparel Gray Michigan State Spartans Headliner Stars Cropped Tri-Blend T-Shirt

Qty: 1
Size: M

\$16.99

Order Summary

Subtotal	\$36.99
FanCash	-\$1.64
Shipping	FREE
Handling	\$2.99
Tax	\$2.69
Order Total	\$41.03

FanCash Earned	\$1.07
-----------------------	---------------

Your payment method will be charged immediately after order creation

Shipping Address

Nneka Nnolim

**Billing Address**

Nneka Nnolim



How likely are you to recommend Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store to your family and friends?

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

NOT AT ALL LIKELY

EXTREMELY LIKELY

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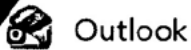
*Personalized Picks are personal to you & may not be included in the offer/discount.

Please be sure to add shop@e.fanaticsretailgroup.com to ensure our messages are delivered to your inbox.

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Thanks for Your Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store Order 107-7071-7530

From Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store <shop@e.fanaticsretailgroup.com>

Date Mon 10/23/2023 1:25 PM

To

EXHIBIT E

Regarding your Order

[View In Browser](#)



[MEN](#)

[WOMEN](#)

[KIDS](#)

[T-SHIRTS](#)

[SWEATSHIRTS](#)

[HATS](#)

You earned **\$1.64 FanCash** on this order.

HURRY!
DEAL ENDS SOON

UP TO 65% OFF SITEWIDE

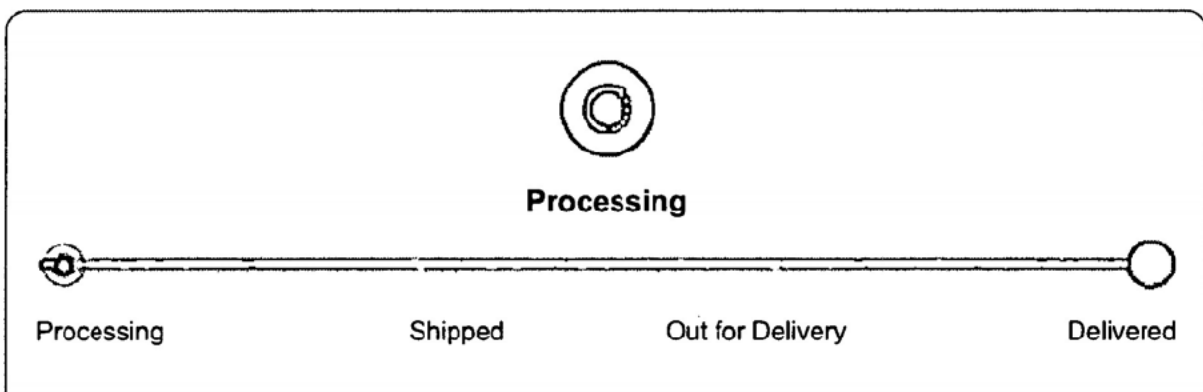
USE CODE: NCAASALE

*Some
Exclusions
Apply

THANKS
FOR YOUR ORDER

Order Number: 107-7071-7530

\$60.40 (2 items) - Order Date: 10/23/2023



Ships By October 25

Women's Colosseum
Green/Heathered Gray Michigan
State Spartans There You Are V-
Neck T-Shirt

Qty: 1
Size: M

\$34.99**Ships By October 25**

Women's Alternative Apparel
Gray Michigan State Spartans
Headliner Stars Cropped Tri-
Blend T-Shirt

Qty: 1
Size: L

\$34.99**Order Summary**

Subtotal	\$69.98
Coupon NA	-\$14.00
FanCash	-\$1.53
Shipping	FREE
Handling	\$1.99
Tax	\$3.96
Order Total	\$60.40

FanCash Earned	\$1.64
-----------------------	---------------

Shipping & Billing Address

CUS10421732 Nnolim

Personalized Picks*



Michigan State Spartans
WinCraft 4" x 4" Color Perfect
Cut Decal

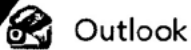


Women's ZooZatz Black
Michigan State Spartans Fleece
Leggings



Michigan State Spartans Allure
Crossbody Clear Bag

How likely are you to recommend Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store to your family and friends?



Thanks for Your Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store Order 107-7071-7530

From Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store <shop@e.fanaticsretailgroup.com>

Date Mon 10/23/2023 1:25 PM

To



EXHIBIT E

Regarding your Order

[View In Browser](#)



[MEN](#)

[WOMEN](#)

[KIDS](#)

[T-SHIRTS](#)

[SWEATSHIRTS](#)

[HATS](#)

You earned **\$1.64 FanCash** on this order.

HURRY!
DEAL ENDS SOON

UP TO 65% OFF SITEWIDE

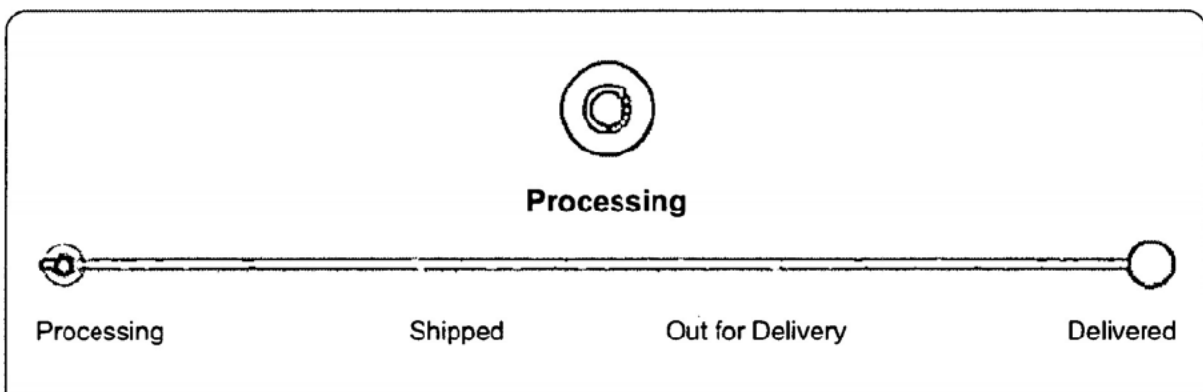
USE CODE: NCAASALE

*Some
Exclusions
Apply

THANKS
FOR YOUR ORDER

Order Number: 107-7071-7530

\$60.40 (2 items) - Order Date: 10/23/2023



Ships By October 25

Women's Colosseum
Green/Heathered Gray Michigan
State Spartans There You Are V-
Neck T-Shirt

Qty: 1
Size: M

\$34.99**Ships By October 25**

Women's Alternative Apparel
Gray Michigan State Spartans
Headliner Stars Cropped Tri-
Blend T-Shirt

Qty: 1
Size: L

\$34.99**Order Summary**

Subtotal	\$69.98
Coupon NA	-\$14.00
FanCash	-\$1.53
Shipping	FREE
Handling	\$1.99
Tax	\$3.96
Order Total	\$60.40

FanCash Earned	\$1.64
-----------------------	---------------

Shipping & Billing Address

CUS10421732 Nnolim



Personalized Picks*



Michigan State Spartans
WinCraft 4" x 4" Color Perfect
Cut Decal



Women's ZooZatz Black
Michigan State Spartans Fleece
Leggings



Michigan State Spartans Allure
Crossbody Clear Bag

How likely are you to recommend Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store to your family and friends?

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
NOT AT ALL LIKELY							EXTREMELY LIKELY			

DISCLAIMER - Limited time offer. Exclusions, terms and conditions apply. Click [here](#) for details. Offer may be modified or terminated at any time without notice.

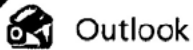
*Personalized Picks are personal to you & may not be included in the offer/discount.

Please be sure to add shop@e.fanaticsretailgroup.com to ensure our messages are delivered to your inbox.

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Thanks for Your Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store Order 107-7067-2401

From Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store <shop@e.fanaticsretailgroup.com>

Date Sun 10/22/2023 3:18 PM

To

EXHIBIT F

Regarding your Order

[View In Browser](#)



[MEN](#)

[WOMEN](#)

[KIDS](#)

[T-SHIRTS](#)

[SWEATSHIRTS](#)

[HATS](#)

You earned **\$1.53 FanCash** on this order.

HURRY!
DEAL ENDS SOON

UP TO 65% OFF SITEWIDE

USE CODE: **NCAASALE**

*Some
Exclusions
Apply

THANKS
FOR YOUR ORDER

Order Number: 107-7067-2401

\$65.65 (3 items) - Order Date: 10/22/2023



Processing



Processing

Shipped

Out for Delivery



Delivered

Ships By October 23

Women's Champion Green
Michigan State Spartans
University College Seal V-Neck
T-Shirt

Qty: 1
Size: L

\$27.99**Ships By October 24**

Women's Fanatics Branded
Heather Gray Michigan State
Spartans Evergreen Campus V-
Neck T-Shirt

Qty: 1
Size: M

\$21.99**Ships By October 24**



Women's Fanatics Branded
Green Michigan State Spartans
Basic Arch V-Neck T-Shirt

Qty: 1
Size: M

\$21.99

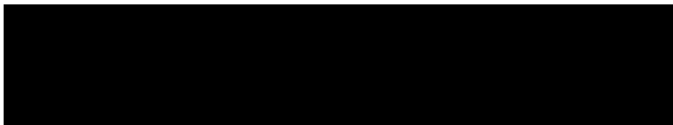
Order Summary

Subtotal	\$71.97
Coupon NA	-\$21.60
Shipping	\$8.99
Handling	\$1.99
Tax	\$4.30
Order Total	\$65.65

FanCash Earned	\$1.53
-----------------------	---------------

Shipping & Billing Address

CUS10421732 Nnolim



Personalized Picks*



Women's ZooZatz Black
Michigan State Spartans Fleece
Leggings



Michigan State Spartans
WinCraft 4" x 4" Color Perfect
Cut Decal



Michigan State Spartans State
Shape Acrylic Metallic Auto
Emblem

How likely are you to recommend Michigan State Spartans Official Online Store to your family and friends?

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
NOT AT ALL LIKELY											EXTREMELY LIKELY

DISCLAIMER - Limited time offer. Exclusions, terms and conditions apply. Click [here](#) for details. Offer may be modified or terminated at any time without notice.

*Personalized Picks are personal to you & may not be included in the offer/discount.

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Exhibit C

**IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE ELEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
IN AND FOR MIAMI-DADE COUNTY, FLORIDA**

CASE NO. 2026-001293-CA-01

JAKE CAVANAUGH, individually, and on
behalf of all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

FANATICS, LLC,

Defendant.

_____ /

**JOINT DECLARATION OF CLASS COUNSEL IN SUPPORT OF
MOTION FOR FINAL APPROVAL OF CLASS SETTLEMENT**

We, Edwin E. Elliott, Scott Edelsberg, and Jeffrey Kaliel declare as follows:

1. We are counsel of record for Plaintiff and designated as Class Counsel for the conditionally certified Class. We submit this declaration in support of Plaintiff's Agreed Motion for Final Approval of Class Settlement. Unless otherwise noted, we have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this Declaration and could and would testify competently to them if called upon to do so.

2. The Parties agreed to the terms of the Settlement through experienced counsel who possessed all the information necessary to evaluate the case, determine all the contours of the proposed class, and reach a fair and reasonable compromise after negotiating the terms of the Settlement at arm's-length. Accordingly, the proposed Settlement is exceedingly fair, and well within the range of final approval.

3. The Parties completed negotiations and reached agreement on all class-wide relief and substantive terms before turning to negotiating attorneys' fees, expenses, and the service

award. The Parties participated in arm's-length negotiations over a total of four mediation sessions before Michelle Yoshida of Phillips ADR and Shirish Gupta of JAMS, prior to agreeing on the material terms of the settlement.

4. The Settlement was not conditioned on any amount of attorneys' fees for Class Counsel or Service Award for Plaintiff, which speaks to the fundamental fairness of the process.

5. The claims process here is straightforward, easy to understand for Settlement Class members, and designed so that they can easily submit a claim for Vouchers. Settlement Class Members submitted electronic claims via a direct, easy-to-use link from the Email Notices or on the Settlement Website, or by email or U.S. mail to Analytics. No proof of purchase or documentation was required. Instead, a Settlement Class Member need only complete a simple Claim Form and check a box confirming membership in the Settlement Class. The entire process could be completed on any mobile device or personal computer with ease.

6. A review of the factors related to the fairness, adequacy and reasonableness of the Settlement demonstrates that it fits well within the range of reasonableness, such that Final Approval is appropriate.

7. Plaintiff and Class Counsel recognize that despite their belief in the strength of Plaintiff's claims, and Plaintiff's and the Class's ability to ultimately secure a favorable judgment at trial, the expense, duration, and complexity of protracted litigation would be substantial and the outcome of trial uncertain.

8. As set forth in the Motion for Preliminary Approval, the Settlement Benefits made available to the class here are more than reasonable, given the complexity of the litigation and the significant risks and barriers that loomed in the absence of settlement including, but not limited to, potential dispositive motions, Defendant's assertion of various legal challenges, and additional

motion practice including a motion for class certification and motions for summary judgment, plus trial and potential appellate review following a final judgment. Notably, the theory of liability advanced here was novel, and indeed this is one of the first actions in the country challenging the veracity of low-cost shipping promises where additional shipping-related fees were allegedly imposed.

9. This case presented substantial risk of non-recovery. While Plaintiff believes he would likely prevail on his claims, he is also aware of the serious risks inherent in his claims. Indeed, Plaintiff already lost on Defendant's motion to compel arbitration, which if not further contested would have ultimately resulted in the proposed class receiving nothing at all. Plaintiff chose to settle his claims in light of this risk, and Settlement Class Members will now receive substantial relief.

10. In light of the risks presented by continued litigation, Plaintiff and Class Counsel believe that the relief provided by the settlement weighs heavily in favor of a finding that the settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate and well within the range of approval.

11. The Settlement is the best vehicle for Settlement Class Members to receive the relief to which they are entitled in a prompt and efficient manner.

12. The response from the Settlement Class has been overwhelmingly positive: Of the nearly 42 million identified potential Settlement Class Members, only twenty-two (22) Settlement Class Members have requested exclusion, and only eight (8) Settlement Class Members have objected in response to the notice. Declaration of Richard W. Simmons ("Admin. Decl."), ¶¶ 34–35.

13. The Settlement provides substantial monetary benefits to the Settlement Class. Defendant has agreed to issue two (2) Vouchers in the amount of \$5.00 each (totaling \$10.00) to

each Settlement Class Member who submits a timely and valid claim. This \$10.00 recovery represents more than five times the typical \$1.99 per-order Handling Fee at issue—a significant proportionate recovery for claims of this nature. To date, 420,215 unique Settlement Class Members have submitted claims for \$10.00 in Vouchers. Of these, Analytics has verified claims representing at least \$3,678,420 in Vouchers that will be paid to Settlement Class Members, and as much as \$4,202,150 once validation is complete. *See* Admin Decl. ¶¶ 36–37.

14. The Vouchers may be used toward the purchase of any item offered for sale on fanatics.com, with no minimum purchase required. Fanatics has confirmed that the Vouchers will be usable together with FanCash and will not be subject to Fanatics’ standard coupon exclusions. The Vouchers may also be used together with non-code promotions, such as sale prices and free-shipping offers.

15. In addition, during this litigation, Fanatics ceased charging the Handling Fee at issue on December 8, 2024—prospective relief that benefits all Settlement Class Members and all current and future Fanatics customers.

16. The Vouchers may be used to purchase merchandise outright. As of August 26, 2026, Fanatics.com offered more than 300 merchandise items priced at \$5.00 or less, spanning every major product category the store carries and every league it serves. Representative examples, with the prices then displayed are as follows:

Category of merchandise	Representative item	Price
Decals, magnets and stickers	Indianapolis Colts WinCraft #1 Fan 3" x 4" Multi-Use Decal	\$1.99
Collector pins and buttons	New England Patriots WinCraft 2" x 3" Rectangle Button	\$1.99
Pennants, flags and signs	Indianapolis Colts WinCraft 12" x 30" Premium Pennant	\$2.99
Keychains, lanyards and key rings	Indianapolis Colts WinCraft Breakaway Lanyard	\$3.99
Infant and children's apparel	Kansas City Royals WinCraft Newborn & Infant Rainbow Baby Bib	\$3.99
Home, office and holiday	Houston Rockets 20" x 26" Holiday Snowman Bed Pillow	\$3.99
Yearbooks, programs and print	Minnesota Vikings 2023 Yearbook	\$3.99
Apparel, headwear and socks	Ottawa Senators Fanatics Women's V-Neck T-Shirt	\$4.99
Drinkware	Arizona Cardinals 16 oz. Smiley Can Glass	\$4.99
Jewelry and hair accessories	Minnesota Twins Rastaclat Signature Outfield Bracelet	\$4.99
Pet accessories	St. Louis Cardinals Sparo Double Print Pet Leash	\$4.99
Collectible figures and plush	Devin Booker Phoenix Suns Fanatics Exclusive Funko Pop! Vinyl Figure	\$4.99

BACKGROUND AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

17. This putative class action was originally filed on May 6, 2022, in the Superior Court of the State of California for the County of Fresno against Defendant Fanatics, LLC alleging Defendant made deceptive and untruthful promises to provide “free” or flat, low-cost shipping on orders through its website, while surreptitiously adding a “Handling Fee” of \$1.99 to all orders. *See Cavanaugh v. Fanatics, LLC*, Case No. 22CECG01395.

18. That action was removed to the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California, Case No. 1:22-cv-01085. ECF. No. 1.

19. Defendant filed a motion to compel all claims to individual arbitration on September 29, 2022. ECF No. 11. Plaintiff opposed the motion, and it was fully briefed.

20. Pending resolution of Defendant's motion to compel, the Parties engaged in multiple mediation sessions with Michelle Yoshida of Phillips ADR, including on December 20, 2023 and February 22, 2024.

21. As part of the mediation, and to competently assess their relative negotiating positions, the Parties exchanged information on the merits of this case, including on issues such as the size and scope of the putative class, and certain facts related to the strength of Defendant's potential defenses.

22. Given that the information exchanged was similar to the information that would have been provided in formal discovery related to the issues of class certification and summary judgment, the Parties had sufficient information to assess the strengths and weaknesses of the claims and defenses.

23. The Parties were unable to agree on settlement terms, and as such, these mediation sessions were unsuccessful.

24. The Court granted Defendant's motion to compel on June 26, 2024. ECF No. 25.

25. Following the arbitration order, Plaintiff researched and developed a strategy to win the arbitrability issue before the arbitrator, seeking a ruling that the claims were not arbitrable. In the interest of conserving resources for the Settlement Class, the Parties engaged in two additional mediation sessions on January 14, 2025 and February 11, 2025 with Shirish Gupta of JAMS. The Parties were unable to come to an agreement at these mediation sessions, but continued their negotiations over many months, with multiple settlement discussions facilitated by both mediators.

26. Following many months of arm's-length negotiations, including further exchange of informal discovery, the Parties reached an agreement in principle on all material terms of a class action settlement, contingent on drafting and court approval of a full suite of settlement documents.

27. While the parties were negotiating and finalizing the terms of the settlement, Plaintiff voluntarily dismissed the federal action against Defendant without prejudice on July 30, 2025. ECF No. 32.

28. Thereafter, on January 15, 2026, the Parties executed the Agreement.

29. On January 21, 2026, Plaintiff filed this action in this Court. Soon after, Plaintiff moved for preliminary approval of the Settlement, which the Court granted on March 30, 2026.

CLASS COUNSEL EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE

30. Class Counsel are highly experienced in class actions throughout the United States, including consumer protection and deceptive practices cases, as demonstrated by their firm resumes, and have brought that significant experience to bear in litigating and settling this case. *See* Firm Resumes attached hereto as **Exhibit 1** (Shamis & Gentile), **Exhibit 2** (Edelsberg Law), and **Exhibit 3** (Kaliel Gold PLLC).

31. Class Counsel collectively have decades of experience litigating complex, consumer class actions, have represented plaintiffs in hundreds of class action lawsuits nationwide, and have litigated and settled dozens of class actions involving deceptive practices, and other types of allegedly wrongful conduct by corporations. Class Counsel's skill, expertise, and efficiency have resulted in numerous multimillion-dollar results in various genres of class actions nationwide.

THE REQUESTED FEE IS REASONABLE

32. Class Counsel has not been paid for their extensive efforts in securing the Settlement benefits for the Settlement Class and has not been reimbursed for litigation costs and expenses incurred.

33. Class Counsel expended over 789.6 hours prosecuting this Action over the last four years. The total lodestar of all the law firms that worked on this case is **\$801,402**, broken down by firm as follows:

- a. Shamis & Gentile, P.A. – \$359,330
- b. Edelsberg Law, P.A. – \$163,350
- c. Kaliel Gold, PLLC – \$278,772

34. Class Counsel's requested award of \$1,450,000.00 consists of \$1,395,495.75 in attorneys' fees, \$49,504.25 in reimbursement of litigation costs actually incurred, and a \$5,000.00 Service Award to Plaintiff. The attorneys' fee component, measured against Class Counsel's combined lodestar of \$801,402, results in a lodestar multiplier of **approximately 1.74**.

35. The total costs and expenses incurred by all of the law firms in this Action are \$49,504.25, broken down by firm as follows:

- a. Shamis & Gentile, P.A. – \$21,541.50
- b. Edelsberg Law, P.A. – \$25,996.06
- c. Kaliel Gold, PLLC – \$1,966.69

36. The retention agreement with the Plaintiff in this case is a contingent fee agreement. No payment of attorneys' fees would occur in this case but for a fee award in an individual or class settlement. Class Counsel took on this case with no guarantee they would receive any compensation for their work, which occupied significant resources at Class Counsel firms even before this case was filed over four years ago. Public interest is served by rewarding attorneys who assume representation on a contingent basis with an enhanced fee to compensate them for the risk that might be paid nothing at all for their work. This practice encourages attorneys to assume this

risk and allows plaintiffs who would otherwise not be able to hire an attorney to obtain competent counsel.

37. Since Class Counsel began prosecuting this matter, they have devoted **789.6** hours to the successful pursuit of this Action. Class Counsel's dedication to this matter and expenditure of substantial time, effort, and resources have brought this complex litigation to a successful resolution. Cognizant of the need to work efficiently, Class Counsel coordinated their work to avoid duplication of effort. These hours were reasonably expended over the course of this litigation. Class Counsel's work included: (a) conducting extensive, pre-suit factual investigations and analysis of the Handling Fee assessed by Defendant; (b) drafting and researching the initial complaint; (c) researching novel legal issues in a rapidly evolving area of the law; (d) responding to the motion to compel arbitration and researching and developing a strategy to win the arbitrability issue; (e) review and analysis of class data; (f) drafting detailed mediation statements and participating in a total of four mediation sessions; (g) holding numerous calls with defense counsel regarding settlement; (h) negotiating comprehensive settlement and notice documents; (i) drafting and filing the complaint filed in this Court; (j) overseeing and monitoring the notice program; (k) responding to numerous inquiries from Settlement Class Members; and (l) the drafting of the preliminary and final approval papers.

38. Going forward, Class Counsel's work in this litigation is far from over. Class Counsel will commit significant ongoing time and resources to presenting the Settlement to the Court at the Final Approval Hearing, the continued administration of the Settlement, responding to Settlement Class Member's inquiries concerning the Settlement and the claims process, and overseeing and coordinating distribution of the Vouchers to the Settlement Class Members. Class Counsel estimate that a minimum of 125 additional hours will be devoted to these tasks. Combined

with the 789.6 hours already expended, at least 914 hours in total have been or will be devoted to this matter.

39. Throughout the litigation, Class Counsel made every effort to operate as efficiently as possible and to avoid unnecessary duplication between counsel.

40. Given the experience, reputation, skill, and results obtained for the clients by Class Counsel, their hourly rates are reasonable and are well within those customarily charged in this locale for services of a similar nature.

41. Class Counsel's lodestar multiplier is also reasonable because it will decrease as Class Counsel continues to invest time and resources in administering the Settlement, answering Settlement Class Members' inquiries, and overseeing distribution of the Vouchers to Settlement Class Members.

SHAMIS & GENTILE'S LODESTAR

42. The current hourly rates for the Shamis & Gentile's attorneys and staff that have worked on this action, as well as their hours spent working on the action as of September 1, 2026, and their corresponding lodestar, are as follows:

Timekeeper	Title	Current Hourly Rate	Hours Worked	Lodestar
Andrew J. Shamis	Managing Partner	\$1,050	282.1	\$296,205
Edwin E. Elliott	Partner	\$875	64	\$56,000
Tonyia Johnson	Associate	\$750	9.5	\$7,125
TOTALS:			355.6	\$359,330

43. These records were prepared from contemporaneous time records regularly prepared and maintained by Shamis & Gentile in the usual course and manner of the firm. Shamis & Gentile maintains detailed records regarding the amount of time spent by the firm, and the

lodestar calculation is based on the firm's current billing rates. These records are available for review, *in camera*, at the request of the Court.

44. The hourly rates for the attorneys and professional support staff of my firm included above are the same as the regular rates charged for their services in non-contingent matters and/or which have been accepted in other complex or class action litigation, subject to subsequent annual increases.

EDELSBERG LAW'S LODESTAR

45. The current hourly rates for the Edelsberg Law attorneys and staff that have worked on this action, as well as their hours spent working on the action as of September 1, 2026, and their corresponding lodestar, are as follows:

Timekeeper	Title	Current Hourly Rate	Hours Worked	Lodestar
Scott Edelsberg	Partner	\$1,050	152	\$159,600
Stephanie Ramos	Paralegal	\$250	15	\$3,750
TOTALS:			167	\$163,350

46. These records were prepared from contemporaneous time records regularly prepared and maintained by Edelsberg Law in the usual course and manner of the firm. Edelsberg Law maintains detailed records regarding the amount of time spent by the firm, and the lodestar calculation is based on the firm's current billing rates. These records are available for review, *in camera*, at the request of the Court.

47. The hourly rates for the attorneys and professional support staff of my firm included above are the same as the regular rates charged for their services in non-contingent matters and/or which have been accepted in other complex or class action litigation, subject to subsequent annual increases.

KALIEL GOLD'S LODESTAR

48. The current hourly rates for the Kaliel Gold PLLC attorneys and staff that have worked on this action, as well as their hours spent working on the action as of September 1, 2026, and their corresponding lodestar, are as follows:

Timekeeper	Title	Current Hourly Rate	Hours Worked	Lodestar
Jeffrey Kaliel	Partner	\$1,141	172	\$196,252
Sophia Gold	Partner	\$948	62	\$58,776
Brittany Casola	Senior Associate	\$948	22	\$20,856
Neva Garcia	Paralegal	\$258	11	\$2,838
TOTALS:			267	\$278,722

49. These records were prepared from contemporaneous time records regularly prepared and maintained by Kaliel Gold PLLC in the usual course and manner of the firm. Kaliel Gold PLLC maintains detailed records regarding the amount of time spent by the firm, and the lodestar calculation is based on the firm's current billing rates. These records are available for review, *in camera*, at the request of the Court.

50. The hourly rates for the attorneys and professional support staff of my firm included above are the same as the regular rates charged for their services in non-contingent matters and/or which have been accepted in other complex or class action litigation, subject to subsequent annual increases.

CLASS COUNSEL'S RATES ARE ROUTINELY APPROVED

51. Class Counsel has general familiarity with the range of hourly rates typically charged by Plaintiff's class action counsel in the geographical area where my firm practices and throughout the United States, both on a current basis and historically. From that basis, Class

Counsel is able to conclude that the rates charged by my firm are commensurate with those prevailing in the market for such legal services furnished in complex class action litigation such as this. Class Counsel's rates have been approved in numerous other complex class action cases in Florida courts, and courts around the country including but not limited to: *Mitchael v. 301 Scrubs Investors LLC*, No. CACE26000716 (Fla. Cir. Ct., 17th Jud. Cir., Broward Cty. 2026); *South, et. al. v. Progressive Select Insurance Company, et. al.*, No. 19-cv-21760 (S.D. Fla. 2023) (ECF No. 258); *Sellers v. Bleacher Report*, No. 2024-003537-CA-01 (Fla. Cir. Ct., 11th Jud. Cir., Miami-Dade Cty. 2024); *Stephenson v. Navy Federal Credit Union*, No. 23-cv-1851-WQH-KSC (S.D. Cal. 2026) (ECF No. 72); *Black v. USAA Casualty Ins. Co.*, No.: 1:21-cv-01363-LMM (N.D. Ga. 2023) (ECF No. 69); *Andrews v. State Auto Mut. Ins. Co.*, No. 2:21-CV-5867 (S.D. Ohio 2023) (ECF No. 51); *Ostendorf v. Grange Indem. Ins. Co.*, No. 2:19-CV-1147 (S.D. Ohio 2020) (ECF No. 46); *Czarnionka v. The Epoch Times Association, Inc.*, Case No. 1:22-cv-06348, (S.D.N.Y. 2024) (ECF 106).

THE SERVICE AWARD IS JUSTIFIED

52. Plaintiff's participation has been instrumental in the prosecution and ultimate settlement of this action. Here, Plaintiff spent substantial time on this action, including by: (i) assisting with the investigation of this action and the drafting of the complaint; (ii) being in contact with counsel frequently; (iii) providing records and documents to counsel; and (iv) staying informed of the status of the action, including settlement. The Agreement provides that Defendant will pay the \$5,000.00 Service Award out of the awarded Fees and Costs, separate from and in addition to the relief available to the Settlement Class.

We declare, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this 1st day of September, 2026 at Miami, Florida.

s/ Edwin E. Elliott

Edwin E. Elliott

Dated this 1st day of September, 2026 at Aventura, Florida.

s/ Scott Edelsberg

Scott Edelsberg

Dated this 1st day of September, 2026 at District of Columbia, Washington.

s/ Jeffrey D. Kalief

Jeffrey D. Kalief



SHAMIS & GENTILE, P.A.
CLASS ACTION LAW FIRM

Our Firm

Shamis & Gentile, P.A. has and continues to provide outstanding legal services in the Florida, New York, New Jersey, Texas, Georgia, Illinois, Ohio, Arizona, Missouri, and Washington communities. Shamis & Gentile, P.A. distinguishes itself because of our experience and legal resources to handle virtually any case involving class action, mass tort, mass arbitration, personal injury, personal injury protection, and contract disputes. Specifically, as it relates to class actions, Shamis & Gentile, P.A. has filed and litigated thousands of banking, insurance, data privacy, deceptive and unfair trade practice and product liability cases, often through contested class certification and even until trial. At Shamis & Gentile, P.A. our seasoned attorneys are some of the most innovative and progressive attorneys in the profession. Often, Shamis & Gentile, P.A. is called upon to litigate and settle cases that other law firms may not be able to handle on their own.

Shamis & Gentile, P.A. is committed to practicing law with the highest level of integrity in an ethical and professional manner. We are a diverse firm with lawyers and staff from all walks of life. Our lawyers and other employees are hired and promoted based on the quality of their work and their ability to treat others with respect and dignity.

Who We Are

Andrew Shamis is the managing partner at Shamis & Gentile, P.A. Mr. Shamis heads the class action and mass torts divisions of the firm, where his extensive experience in civil litigation has gained him the reputation of an attorney who can deliver where it matters the most, monetary results for his clients. Mr. Shamis has recovered over 1 billion dollars for consumers and plaintiffs throughout the country through his relentlessness, expertise, and calculated approach. Mr. Shamis is routinely certified class counsel and has successfully litigated over 10,000 civil cases in his young career.

Mr. Shamis is admitted to practice law in the states of Arizona, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Missouri, New York, Ohio, Texas, and Washington as well as the U.S. District Courts for the District of Arizona; District of Colorado; District of Connecticut; Middle, Northern, and Southern Districts of Florida; Middle, Northern, and Southern Districts of Georgia; Central, Northern, and Southern Districts of Illinois; Southern District of Indiana; Eastern and Western Districts of Michigan; Eastern District of Missouri; District of Nebraska; Eastern, Northern, Southern, and Western Districts of New York; Northern and Southern Districts of Ohio; Eastern, Northern, and Western Districts of Oklahoma; Eastern and Middle Districts of Tennessee; Eastern, Northern, Southern, and Western Districts of Texas; and the Eastern and Western Districts of Washington.

Mr. Shamis' practice focuses exclusively on Consumer Protection Class Action Litigation, Mass Torts, Personal Injury Protection, Mass Arbitration, as well as General Civil Litigation.

Angelica Gentile is a named partner at Shamis & Gentile P.A. Ms. Gentile heads the catastrophic injury, personal injury, and personal injury protection divisions of Shamis & Gentile, P.A. Ms. Gentile is recognized throughout the legal community as an extremely professional and efficient attorney. Ms. Gentile is admitted to practice law in both Florida and Texas and has extensive civil litigation experience, involving hundreds of depositions and motions throughout the state of Florida. Ms. Gentile not only prides herself in collecting millions of dollars in benefits owed to clients, but also in forging long lasting, successful relationships with clients.

Ms. Gentile specializes in Personal Injury, Personal Injury Protection, Class Action Litigation (TCPA, banking, insurance breach of contract, data breach, unfair and deceptive trade practices), Wrongful Death, Wrongful Termination, as well as General Civil Litigation.

Edwin Elliott is a partner at Shamis & Gentile, P.A. Mr. Elliott's practice involves all aspects of complex, high-level class action litigation. Mr. Elliott represents clients in federal and state courts across the nation in class actions involving consumer fraud, deceptive and unfair trade practices, false advertising, predatory financial services, digital privacy, and complex insurance disputes. Having prosecuted numerous class actions through all stages of the litigation process, Mr. Elliott's work has contributed to hundreds of millions in recoveries for consumers.

Leanna Loginov is a partner at Shamis & Gentile, P.A. and leads the firm's Data Privacy department. Ms. Loginov's practice primarily focuses on protecting individuals impacted by data breaches by ensuring their highly sensitive personal and health-related information is safeguarded. Ms. Loginov represents clients in federal and state courts across the nation. Ms. Loginov's work has helped consumers recover millions of dollars.

Our staff sets the standard on being innovative and technologically savvy. This innovation and use of fully customized cutting-edge case management software allows us to create an unparalleled level of customer service and attention to detail with our clients, which has led to an exceptional growth rate rarely seen in law firms.

Shamis & Gentile, P.A. has the resources, infrastructure and staff to successfully represent large putative classes. The attorneys and staff are not simply litigators, but directors of creating successful results with the ultimate level of satisfaction by the clients.

Class Actions

Shamis & Gentile, P.A. has initiated and served as both lead counsel and co-lead counsel in hundreds of class actions, many of which have generated internet articles. Currently, the firm serves as lead counsel or co-counsel on over 300 class action lawsuits. The lawsuits range from all Districts of Florida to the Central District of California. Shamis & Gentile, P.A. has also successfully settled many Class Action cases prior to verdict.

Prominent Class Action Settlements

Over the years, Shamis & Gentile attorneys have obtained outstanding results in some of the most well-known cases.

- *Andrews v. State Auto Mut. Ins. Co.*, No. 2:21-CV-5867 (S.D. Oh. 2023) (\$6,500,000.00 Class Settlement)
- *Angell v. GEICO Advantage Insurance Company*, No. 4:20-CV-00799 (S.D. Tex. 2024) (\$33,000,000 Class Settlement)
- *Arevalo v. USAA Casualty Insurance Company, et. al.*, No. 2020CI16240 (Bexar County, Texas 2023) (\$4,089,287.50 Class Settlement)
- *Albrecht v. Oasis Power, LLC*, No. 1:18-cv-1061 (N.D. Ill. 2018) (\$7,000,000 Class Settlement)
- *Bobo v. Clover Network, LLC*, No. 2023CH000168 (DuPage County, Ill. 2024) (\$15,000,000 Class Settlement)
- *Brown v. Progressive Mountain Ins. Co.*, No. 3:21-cv-00175 (N.D. Ga. 2025) (\$43,000,000 Class Settlement)
- *Bruin v. Bank of America, N.A.*, Case No. 1:21-cv-02272 (S.D.N.Y. 2024) (\$8,000,000 Class Settlement)
- *Davis v. Geico Casualty Company*, No. 19-cv-02477 (S.D. Oh. 2023) (\$5,756,500 Class Settlement)
- *DeFranks v. Nastygol.com USA Inc.*, No. 19-cv-23028-DPG (S.D. Fla. 2019) (\$4,025,000 Class Settlement)
- *Dipuglia v. US Coachways, Inc.*, No. 17-23006-Civ, 2018 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 72551 (S.D. Fla. 2018) (\$2,600,000.00 Class Settlement)
- *Eisenband v. Schumacher Automotive, Inc.*, No. 18-cv-01061 (S.D. Fla. 2018) (\$5,000,000.00 Class Settlement)
- *Gottlieb v. Citgo Corporation*, No. 16-cv-81911 (S.D. Fla. 2016) (\$8,300,000 Class Settlement)
- *In re: GEICO General Insurance Co.*, No. 4:19-cv-03768 (N.D. Cal. 2022) (\$19,500,000 Class Settlement)
- *Jacques v. Security National Insurance Company*, No. CACE-19-002236 (Fla. 17th Cir. Ct. 2021) (\$6,000,000 Class Settlement)
- *Jones v. Washington State Employee's Credit Union*, No. 20-2-06596-5 (Superior Court of the State of Washington, County of Pierce) (\$2,400,000 Class Settlement)

- *Johnson v. American Family Insurance Company*, No. 24SL-CC00378 (St. Louis County, Missouri 2024) (\$22,000,000 Class Settlement)
- *McPheeters v. United Serv. Auto. Ass'n & Garrison Prop. & Cas. Ins. Co.*, No. 1:20-CV-00414-TSB (S.D. Ohio 2022) (\$10,250,00 Class Settlement)
- *Middleton v. Liberty Mut. Ins. Co.*, No. 1:20-cv-00668-DRC (S.D. Ohio 2023) (\$14,404,00.00 Class Settlement)
- *Hinds-Thomas v. LM General Insurance Company*, No. 22SL-CC04131 (Circuit Court of St. Louis County, MO) (\$8,669,083 Class Settlement)
- *Ostendorf v. Grange Indem. Ins. Co.*, No. 2:19-CV-1147 (S.D. Oh. 2020) (\$12,000,000.00 Class Settlement)
- *Papa v. Greico Ford Fort Lauderdale, LLC*, No. 1:18-cv-21897 (S.D. Fla. 2018) (\$4,800,000 Class Settlement)
- *Pena v. John C. Heath, Attorney at Law, PLLC, d/b/a Lexington Law Firm*, No. 18-cv-24407-UU (S.D. Fla. 2018) (\$11,450,863.00 Class Settlement)
- *Petit Beau v. Ocean Harbor Casualty Insurance Company*, No. CACE-18-029268 (Fla. 17th Cir. Ct.) (\$4,500,000.000 Class Settlement)
- *Perry v. Progressive Michigan Ins. Co.*, No. 2022-971-CK (Washtenaw Cnty. Cir. Ct. Mich. 2024) (\$61,000,000 Class Settlement)
- *Sellers v. Bleacher Report, Inc.*, No. 2024-003537-CA-01 (Fla. 11th Cir. Ct. 2024) (\$4,800,000 Class Settlement)
- *Soto-Melendez v. Banco Popular de Puerto Rico*, No. 3:20-cv-01057 (D.P.R. 2023) (\$5,500,00.00 Class Settlement)
- *South v. Progressive Select Ins. Co.*, No. 19-cv-21760 (S.D. Fla. 2023) (\$48,800,000.00 Class Settlement)
- *Reynolds v. Progressive Direct Ins. Co.*, No. 5:22-cv-00503 (N.D. Ala. 2025) (\$30,750,000 Class Settlement)
- *Volino v. Progressive Casualty Ins. Co.*, No. 1:21-cv-06243 (S.D.N.Y. 2025) (\$48,000,000 Class Settlement)

More About Shamis & Gentile, P.A.

To learn more about our firm, please visit www.shamisgentile.com, or view links to our blogs at <https://www.sflinjuryattorneys.com/blog/>.

EXHIBT 1

EXHIBT 2

EDELSBERG **LAW**

MIAMI

20900 NE 30TH AVE #417 AVENTURA, FL 33180
786 289 9471 | EDELSBERGLAW.COM

ABOUT US

Your Trusted Class Action Law Firm. We are a dedicated class action firm committed to providing wide-ranging legal representation focused on delivering for our clients. Edelsberg Law is one of the top class action and commercial litigation law firms in the country.

THE EDELSBERG LAW PROMISE

Never shying away from litigating large consumer national class actions, Edelsberg Law is trusted by clients across the country to represent their interests and resolve their legal matters.

OUR MISSION

The attorneys and legal professionals at Edelsberg Law take pride in offering the highest caliber legal representation. We strive to help those that need help vindicating their rights and do not shy away from the difficult cases. If we take your case, we promise to work hard, efficient, and in your best interest.

SETTLEMENTS

Defranks V. Nastygal Class Settlement For \$5 Million Case No. 19-Cv-23028 (S.D. Fla 2020), Picton V. Greenway Dodge Class Settlement For \$2,745,000 Case No. 19-Cv-196-Orl (M.D. Fla 2020), Ostendorf V. Grange Indem. Ins. Co. Class Settlement For \$12 Million Case No. 2:19-Cv-1147, 2020 WL 134169 (S.D. Ohio 2020), Banks V. Fuccilloo Affiliates Of Florida Class Settlement For \$1,854,260 Case No. 19-Cv-00227 (M.D. Fla 2020), Goldschmidt V. Rack Room CLASS SETTLEMENT FOR \$25.9 MILLION Case No. 18-CV-21220 (S.D. FLA 2020), PENA V. LEX LAW CLASS SETTLEMENT FOR \$11.5 MILLION Case No. 18-CV-24407 (S.D. FLA 2020), Cortazar V. Ca Ventures Class Settlement For \$600,000 Case No. 19-Cv-22075 (S.d. Fla 2020), Albrecht V. Oasis Power Class Settlement For \$11 Million Case No. 18-Cv-1061 (S.D. Fla 2020), Robley V. Ids Property Casualty Ins. Co. Class Settlement For \$275,000 Case No. 2019-022263-Ca-01 (Fla. 11th Cir. Ct.), Bracero V. Mendota Ins. Co. Class Settlement For \$1.1 Million Case No. 2019-015886-Ca-01 (Fla. 11th Cir. Ct.), Avila-Preciado V. Horace Mann Property & Casualty Insurance Co. Class Settlement for \$290,000 Case No. 19-Ca-004683 (Fla. 20th Cir. Ct.), Colon V. Direct General Ins. Co. Class Settlement For \$780,000 Case No. 2019-Ca-1636 Oc, (Fla. 9th Cir. Ct.), Junior Et Al. V. Infinity Auto Insurance Company Over \$20 Million Settlement For Unpaid Sales Tax And Certain Fees, Final Approval Pending Case No. 6:18-Cv-01598-Wwbejk (M.D. Fla), Smart Et Al. V. Auto Club Insurance Et Al. Class Settlement For Over \$850,000 Case No. 19-Ca-005580 (Fla. 13th Cir. Ct.), Suarez V. Mapfre Insurance Co. Of Florida Class Settlement For \$800,000 Case No. 2019-020729-Ca-01 (Fla. 11th Cir. Ct.), George V. Peachtree Casualty Insurance Co. Class Settlement For \$580,000 Case No. Ca-19-674 (Fla. 7th Cir. Ct.), Dunleavy V. Surinse Detox Class Settlement For \$500,000 Case No. 18-Cv-25090 (S.D. Fla 2019), Eisenband V. Schumacher Automative Class Settlement For \$5 Million Case No. 9:18-Cv-80911 (S.D. Fla 2019), Poirier V. Cubamax Class Settlement For \$800,000 Case No. 1:18-Cv-23240 (S.D. Fla 2019), Mclean V. Osborn Class Settlement For \$800,000 Case No. 18-Cv-81222 (S.D. Fla 2019), Bloom V. Jenny Craig Class Settlement For \$3 Million Case No. 1:18-Cv-21820 (S.D. Fla 2019), Papa V. Greico Ford Class Settlement For \$4.9 Million Case No. 18-21897 (S.D. Fla 2019), Wijesinha V. Susan B. Anthony Class Settlement For \$1,017,430 Case No. 18-Cv-22880 (S.D. Fla 2019), Halperin V. Youfit Heath Clubs Class Settlement For \$1,418,635 Case No. 18-Cv-61722 (S.D. Fla 2019), Dipuglia V. U.S. Coachways, Inc. Class Settlement For \$2.6 Million Case No. 17-23006-Civ (S.D. Fla 2018), Gottlieb V. Citgo Class Settlement For \$8.3 Million Case No. 9:16-81911 (S.D. Fla 2017), Masson V. Tallahassee Dodge Jeep Chrysler, Llc. Class Settlement For \$850,000 Case No. 1-17-Cv-22967 (S.D. 2017), Stathakos V. Columbia Sportswear Company Obtained Classwide Injunctive Relief Case No. 4:15-Cv-04543 (N.D. California 2017).



SCOTT EDELSBERG

PARTNER

E: scott@edelsberglaw.com

O: 310-438-5355

C: 305-975-3320

Scott Edelsberg's broad-based litigation experience representing both plaintiffs and defendants provides him with an invaluable perspective when prosecuting claims on behalf of consumers who have been harmed by corporate wrongdoing.

Scott Edelsberg is the founding partner of Edelsberg Law, PA and focuses his practice in the areas of class actions, consumer fraud and personal injury.

In connection with his representation in class action matters, Edelsberg has litigated cases in multiple state and federal jurisdictions throughout the country, including two multi-district litigation proceedings. In those cases, Edelsberg has won contested class certification motions, defended dispositive motions, engaged in data-intensive discovery and worked extensively with economics and information technology experts to build damages models. His efforts have lead to numerous class settlements, resulting in millions of dollars in relief for millions of class members.

Edelsberg is a native of South Florida and earned a Bachelor of Arts degree in Political Science from the University of Michigan. While at Michigan, he was awarded the Michigan Merit Scholar award and served as an intern for the Washtenaw County Public Defender's office. Edelsberg went on to receive a Juris Doctor degree, Cum Laude, from the University of Miami School of Law. While attending law school, he was on the Dean's List, a member of the International and Comparative Law Review, a Merit Scholarship recipient and served as an Equal Justice for America Fellow.

EDUCATION

University of Miami School of Law,
J.D. - 2012

University of Michigan, B.A. - 2009

BAR ADMISSIONS

Florida
California

COURT ADMISSIONS

Southern District of Florida
Middle District of Florida

PRIMARY PRACTICE

Class Action



GABRIEL MANDLER

PARTNER

E: gabriel@edelsberglaw.com

C: 786-200-4316

Gabriel Mandler is a Senior Associate at Edelsberg Law. His practice focuses on multi-state consumer class action litigation, representing clients in both state and federal courts at the trial and appellate levels.

Gabriel has experience litigating a broad range of class action disputes, including employment discrimination, insurance disputes and mass torts. Gabriel previously worked at Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP, where he was part of a team in the remedial phase of a Title VII class action that recovered approximately \$2 billion for African American and Latino teachers who were discriminated against by New York City's Board of Education. Gabriel also has extensive experience handling complex commercial litigation disputes through trial.

A Miami native, Gabriel graduated magna cum laude from the University of Miami School of Law, where he was a member of the Business Law Review and Charles C. Papy, Jr. Moot Court Board. During this time, Gabriel interned for the Honorable Jonathan Goodman, a United States Magistrate Judge for the Southern District of Florida. Prior to law school, Gabriel earned his Bachelor of Arts Degree in Journalism and Communications from the University of Florida.

EDUCATION

University of Miami Law School, J.D.
University of Florida, B.A.



OMER KREMER

ASSOCIATE

E: omer@edelsberglaw.com

C: 786-289-9471

Omer Kremer is an Associate at Edelsberg Law. His practice focuses on corporate and shareholder litigation, including derivative actions, securities class actions, and complex commercial disputes in both state and federal courts.

Omer has broad experience litigating fiduciary duty claims, executive compensation disputes, and securities fraud class actions. He regularly handles all stages of litigation, from pre-suit investigation through discovery, motion practice, and appeals. He also has experience managing eDiscovery, preparing for depositions, and briefing federal appellate matters.

Prior to joining Edelsberg Law, Omer was an associate at Purcell & Lefkowitz LLP, where he represented stockholders in derivative actions in the Delaware Court of Chancery. Prior to that, Omer was an associate at Wolf Popper LLP, where he worked on securities fraud and consumer protection class actions in federal courts across the country. Omer has also previously represented investors in FINRA arbitration through Pace Law's Investor Rights Clinic.

Omer earned his J.D. from the Elisabeth Haub School of Law at Pace University and an LL.M. from Northeastern University School of Law. He also holds an M.B.A. in International Business and a B.A. in Criminal Justice from Lynn University. He is admitted to practice in New York and Massachusetts and is fluent in English, Hebrew, and Romanian.

EDUCATION

Northeastern University School of Law, LL.M. - 2022

Elisabeth Haub School of Law at Pace University, J.D.
2020

Lynn University, M.B.A. - 2017

Lynn University, B.A. - 2016

BAR ADMISSIONS

New York
Massachusetts

PRIMARY PRACTICE

Class Action



ADAM SCHWARTZBAUM OF COUNSEL

E: adam@edelsberglaw.com

O: 786-673-2405

C: 305-725-1245

Adam Schwartzbaum is Of Counsel at Edelsberg Law in Miami, Florida, where he plays a leading role representing individuals in class action litigation across the country. Adam has a wealth of experience representing both plaintiffs and defendants in state and federal court and at the trial and appellate levels. Adam's passion for using the law to better the lives of ordinary people makes him a fierce advocate for his clients and a champion for justice. Further, Adam has helped recover over \$1.6 billion for his clients over the course of his legal career.

Adam was previously a partner at The Moskowitz Law Firm, where he worked on some of the country's largest class actions and multi-district litigation cases. Adam directly represented many survivors of the Champlain Towers South Condominium Collapse Litigation in the firm's role as lead counsel for the economic loss victims and helped achieve a historic \$1.1 billion settlement. Adam also worked directly with Co-Lead Counsel to help organize and run two federal multi-district litigations: the FieldTurf Artificial Turf Marketing and Sales Practices Litigation, and the Erie COVID-19 Business Interruption Insurance Protection Litigation. Other representative matters include the Transamerica and Lincoln cost of insurance litigation; the COVID-19 student fee cases against Florida public schools, including appeals in all of Florida's District Courts of Appeal; several Ponzi scheme cases on behalf of investors against both principals and aiders and abettors; suits challenging illegal and deceptive and unfair business practices in the insurance industry; and a certified issue class concerning the Fort Lauderdale Water Main Break against Florida Power & Light and several of its subcontractors that was affirmed on appeal and resulted in a trial victory for the certified class. Adam also chaired the firm's busy appellate practice, utilizing his twelve years of appellate experience to lead over a dozen appeals in the Florida District Courts of Appeal and the federal Circuit Courts of Appeal. For example, Adam helped lead a team of lawyers to brief and argue *Cherry v. Dometic*, 986 F.3d 1296 (11th Cir. 2021), an appeal that resulted in an opinion clarifying and revising the "ascertainability" standard to the benefit of class action plaintiffs across the country.

Adam began his legal career with a defense-oriented practice split between appellate and trial level advocacy. At Weiss Serota Helfman Cole & Bierman, Adam represented many local governments, as well as businesses and individuals, in both state and federal court, in a variety of commercial disputes and lawsuits involving complex constitutional and statutory issues. Prior to that, Adam practiced complex commercial litigation at White & Case.

Adam was raised in the Cuban-Jewish community in Miami Beach. He attended Brandeis University as a Justice Brandeis Scholar where he earned a Bachelor of Arts with highest honors and graduated summa cum laude and Phi Beta Kappa. Adam performed a year of national service in Washington, D.C. with City Year before attending the University of Pennsylvania Law School as a Levy Scholar. Adam was a Senior Editor of the University of Pennsylvania Law Review (which published his scholarship) and a member of the Penn Moot Court Board. Adam was President of the Penn Law student chapter of the American Constitution Society and was honored for his outstanding contributions to pro bono work on behalf of workers and children in Philadelphia.

Since 2015, Adam has served on the Board of Directors of Nu Deco Ensemble, Miami's 21st Century chamber orchestra, and is currently the corporate Secretary. Adam is the founder and Team Captain for Jewish Community Service's Miami Marathon and Half Marathon Team Blue Card, which since 2013 has raised over half a million dollars to support indigent Holocaust Survivors. Adam also sits on the Board of Directors of Temple Menorah in Miami Beach.

EDUCATION

Brandeis University, B.A., 2007

University of Pennsylvania Law School,
2011

BAR ADMISSIONS

Florida Bar

Southern District of Florida

Middle District of Florida

Eleventh Circuit Court of Appeals

Third Circuit Court of Appeals

AWARDS & RECOGNITION

Rising Star, Super Lawyer Magazine,
2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023

Miami Dade County Bar Association
"40 Under 40" Award (2023)

Palm Beach Media Group
Top Lawyers, 2023

PRIMARY PRACTICE

Class Action

EXHIBT 3



Firm Resume 2025

Washington, D.C.
Oakland, CA

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KalielGold pursues high-impact class actions that protect consumers and create a ripple effect across industries.

KalielGold PLLC was founded in 2017 and is a 100% contingency Plaintiff-side law firm. Our experienced attorneys have secured hundreds of millions of dollars in settlements for our clients. Our firm's practice focuses on representing consumers in class action litigation. In the years since our firm was founded, our firm has been appointed lead counsel or co-lead counsel in numerous class actions in state and federal courts nationwide.

\$700M

Recovered for consumers

500+

Cases settled

We file class actions that hold industries accountable.

Our attorneys combine meticulous legal analysis with a human-first approach, ensuring every case is grounded in real-world impact. Whether uncovering deceptive business practices or challenging systemic abuse, we bring both the expertise and determination needed to deliver meaningful results for those who've been wronged.

Consumer Protection

Banking & Financial Services Fraud

False Advertising & Deceptive Practices

Overdraft Fee Litigation

Junk Fees

Notable Cases

Consumer Protection

Improper insurance cost deduction class action

NIEWINSKI ET AL V. STATE FARM LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY ET AL., NO. 2:23-CV-04159 (W.D. MO.)

Class action alleging insurance company improperly deducted cost of insurance charges from certain life insurance policies resulting in \$65 million settlement.

False Advertising & Deceptive Practices

Misrepresented debit card features class action

WALTERS V. TARGET CORP., NO. 3:16-CV-00492 (S.D. CAL.)

Class action alleging Target misrepresented certain features of its debit card, resulting in a \$5 million settlement.

Banking & Financial Services Fraud

Improper wire transfer fee class action

ASELTINE V. BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., NO. 3:23-CV-00235 (W.D.N.C.)

Class action alleging Target misrepresented certain features of its debit card, resulting in a \$5 million settlement.

Banking & Financial Services Fraud

Unlawful ACH fee assessment class action

BRUIN V. BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., NO. 3:22-CV-00140 (W.D.N.C.)

Class action alleging banks imposed fees on certain ACH transfers, resulting in an \$8 million settlement.

Banking & Financial Services Fraud

ATM fee misrepresentation class action

FIGUEROA V. CAPITAL ONE, N.A., NO. 3:18-CV-00692-JM-BGS (S.D. CAL.)

Class action alleging improper assessment of ATM fees, resulting in a \$13 million settlement.

FIRM EXPERIENCE

Overdraft Fee Litigation

Improper insufficient funds
and overdraft fee class
actions

MORRIS ET AL. V. BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., NO. 18-CV-00157
(W.D.N.C.)

Class action alleging Bank of America improperly charged
insufficient funds fees and overdraft fees, resulting in a \$75
million settlement.

Overdraft Fee Litigation

Misrepresented debit card
features class action

WALTERS V. TARGET CORP., NO. 3:16-CV-00492 (S.D. CAL.)

Class action alleging Target misrepresented certain
features of its debit card, resulting in a \$5 million
settlement.

Overdraft Fee Litigation

Improper insufficient
funds fee class action

MCNEIL V. CAPITAL ONE BANK, N.A., NO. 1:19-CV-00473-
NRM-TAM (E.D.N.Y.)

Class action alleging Capital One improperly charged
insufficient funds fees, resulting in a \$16 million settlement.

Junk Fees

Deceptive membership
fee class action

BARBANELL V. ONE MEDICAL, CASE NO.: CGC-18-566232
(SAN FRANCISCO CNTY. SUPER. CT., CAL.)

Class action alleging One Medical misrepresented the
nature of its annual membership fee, resulting in an \$11.5
million settlement on behalf of California consumers.



Jeffrey Kaliel

Jeffrey Kaliel earned his law degree from Yale Law School in 2005. He graduated from Amherst College *summa cum laude* in 2000 with a degree in Political Science, and spent one year studying Philosophy at Cambridge University, England.

Over the last 10 years, Jeff has built substantial class action experience. He has received "Washington D.C. Rising Stars Super Lawyers 2015" recognition.

Jeff has been appointed lead Class Counsel in numerous nationwide and state-specific class actions. In those cases, Jeff has won contested class certification motions, defended dispositive motions, engaged in data-intensive discovery and worked extensively with economics and information technology experts to build damages models. Jeff has also successfully resolved numerous class actions by settlement, resulting in hundreds of millions of dollars in relief for millions of class members.

Currently Jeff is actively litigating several national class action cases, including actions against financial services entities and other entities involved in predatory lending and financial services targeting America's most vulnerable populations.

Jeff's class action successes extend beyond financial services litigation. He seeks to lead cases that serve the public interest. Jeff has worked with nonprofits such as the Humane Society, Compassion Over Killing, and the National Consumers League to fight for truth in the marketplace on food and animal products.

Jeff has over a decade of experience in high-stakes litigation. He was in the Honors Program at the Department of Homeland Security, where he worked on the Department's appellate litigation. Jeff also helped investigate the DHS response to Hurricane Katrina in preparation for a Congressional inquiry. Jeff also served as a Special Assistant US Attorney in the Southern District of California, prosecuting border-related crimes.

Jeff is a former Staff Sergeant in the Army, with Airborne and Mountain Warfare qualifications. He is a veteran of the second Iraq war, having served in Iraq in 2003. Jeff lives in Washington, D.C. with his wife, Debbie, and their three children.

Jeff is admitted to practice in California and Washington, DC, and in appellate and district courts across the country.

EDUCATION

J.D., Yale Law School B.A.,
Amherst College, *summa cum laude*

BAR & COURT ADMISSIONS

California
Washington, D.C.



Sophia Goren Gold

Sophia Goren Gold is a third-generation Plaintiffs' lawyer. A *summa cum laude* graduate of Wake Forest University and the University of California, Berkeley, School of Law, Sophia has spent her entire career fighting for justice.

A fierce advocate for those in need, Sophia's practice centers around taking on financial institutions, insurance companies, and other large corporate interests. Sophia has participated in hundreds of class cases in state and federal courts across the country. She has won contested motions for class certification; briefed, argued, and overturned dispositive lower court rulings at the federal appellate level; and successfully resolved numerous class actions by settlement, resulting in hundreds of millions of dollars in relief for millions of class members. Ms. Gold is a frequent lecturer on complex litigation; serves on the Board of the Civil Justice Research Initiative; and has been repeatedly selected as a "Super Lawyer Rising Star."

In addition to providing monetary relief, Sophia's extensive litigation experience has resulted in real-world positive change. For example, she brought litigation which resulted in the elimination of the "tampon tax" in the State of Florida, and she was influential in changing the state of Delaware's Medicaid policy, resulting in greater access to life-saving medication.

Sophia is currently representing consumers in numerous cases involving the assessment of improper fees by banks and credit unions, such as overdraft fees, insufficient funds fees, and out of network ATM fees. She is also currently representing consumers who have been the victims of unfair and deceptive business practices.

Sophia is admitted to practice in California and Washington, D.C. When not working, Sophia enjoys spending time with her husband, their two daughters, and their goldendoodle.

EDUCATION

UC Berkeley, School of Law
Wake Forest University
summa cum laude

BAR & COURT ADMISSIONS

California
Washington, D.C.



Amanda Rosenberg

Amanda Rosenberg is a plaintiffs' class action litigator with a strong record of success representing consumers in complex, high-impact cases across the country. She litigates in state and federal courts nationwide and is driven by a deep commitment to protecting the rights of consumers and advancing fairness in the marketplace. Amanda believes in holding powerful corporations accountable when they take advantage of ordinary people — and in using the law to create real, lasting change.

Amanda has played a leading role in developing case strategy, directing discovery and briefing efforts, and negotiating major settlements in class actions involving deceptive business practices, unfair fees, and consumer finance. She has helped secure substantial relief for consumers through litigation and negotiated resolutions.

Known for her strategic insight and unwavering advocacy, Amanda routinely leads teams through all phases of class action litigation—from case investigation and complaint drafting through class certification, expert discovery, dispositive motions, and settlement approval. Her work has contributed to landmark results and has helped reshape corporate practices to better protect consumers nationwide.

Amanda graduated cum laude from the University of California, Hastings College of the Law in 2011 and from the University of California, San Diego in 2008, where she earned departmental Honors with Highest Distinction in History. During law school, Amanda externed for the Honorable Judge Vaughn Walker of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California. She received academic excellence awards for earning the highest grades in Trial Advocacy and Litigating Class Action Employment. She is licensed in California, Illinois, and Michigan.

Outside of work, Amanda enjoys exploring the outdoors with her husband, kids, rescue dog, and volunteering with Birmingham Dog Rescue to help secure homes for shelter dogs at risk of euthanasia due to overcrowding.

EDUCATION

UC Hastings College of the Law,
cum laude
UC San Diego

BAR & COURT ADMISSIONS

California
Michigan
Illinois



Brittany Bertolini

Brittany Bertolini attended the University of Central Florida in Orlando and graduated in 2012 with a bachelor's degree in Political Science and a minor in Spanish. Brittany earned her Juris Doctorate from California Western School of Law in 2015 and graduated magna cum laude in the top 10% of her class.

Throughout the course of her law school career, she served as a judicial extern to the Honorable Anthony J. Battaglia for the United States District Court, Southern District of California and worked multiple semesters as a certified legal intern for the San Diego County District Attorney's Office. Brittany was awarded Academic Excellence Awards in law school for receiving the highest grade in Trial Practice, Health Law & Policy, and Community Property.

Before joining KalielGold PLLC, Brittany worked as a judicial law clerk for the Honorable Anthony J. Battaglia and as an associate attorney for Carlson Lynch LLP, specializing in consumer complex litigation.

EDUCATION

UC Hastings College of the Law,
cum laude
UC San Diego

BAR & COURT ADMISSIONS

California Western School of Law
magna cum laude
University of Central Florida

CLERKSHIPS

Law Clerk, Honorable Anthony J.
Battaglia, U.S. District Court, Southern
District of California

Extern, Honorable Anthony J. Battaglia,
U.S. District Court, Southern District
of California



Sarah Levin

Sarah Levin helps clients navigate complex litigation. She has represented clients in state and federal court, as well as arbitration, and maintains an active pro bono practice. She serves on several local and national committees working to advance gender equity and reproductive health care.

Before joining KalielGold, Ms. Levin practiced at Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP in New York, NY and the Legal Aid Society as the Skadden Pro Bono Fellow. She also served as a law clerk for the Honorable Jane A. Restani of the U.S. Court of International Trade.

Sarah graduated from New York University School of Law. During law school, she was Managing Editor of the Journal of International Law and Politics; a research assistant to Professor Robert Howse; a legal extern in the Southern District of New York for Judge Edgardo Ramos; and a legal intern for the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) in Paris, France. Before law school, she worked for Goldman, Sachs & Co. and Cargill, Inc.

Sarah received her undergraduate degree from Hamilton College magna cum laude and Phi Beta Kappa, and was awarded the Judge John Wells Fellowship for Graduate Study for outstanding undergraduate research. She received her M.A. in International Affairs from the George Washington University, Elliott School of International Affairs.

Ms. Levin is admitted to practice in New York and Florida, as well as the U.S. District Courts for the Eastern District of New York and the Southern District of New York.

EDUCATION

New York University School of Law
George Washington University, Elliott
School of International Affairs, M.A. in
International Affairs
Hamilton College, magna cum laude,
Phi Beta Kappa

BAR & COURT ADMISSIONS

New York
Florida

CLERKSHIPS

Law Clerk, Honorable Jane A. Restani,
U.S. Court of International Trade



Justin Swofford

Justin Swofford graduated cum laude from Penn State Law and received his undergraduate degree in communication studies from California State University, Stanislaus. While in law school, he served as a Senior Editor of the Penn State Law Review and as a Judicial Intern to the Honorable William Arbuckle of the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania.

After law school, Justin clerked for the Honorable James K. Bredar of the United States District Court for the District of Maryland. Before joining KalielGold, Justin worked at a plaintiff-side firm in Pennsylvania, representing consumers and whistleblowers in complex litigation. He was recognized in the 2026 edition of Best Lawyers: Ones to Watch®.

Justin is licensed to practice law in Pennsylvania and Washington, D.C.

EDUCATION

Penn State Law, cum laude
California State University, Stanislaus,
B.A. in Communication Studies

BAR & COURT ADMISSIONS

Pennsylvania
Washington, D.C.

CLERKSHIPS

Law Clerk, Honorable James K. Bredar,
U.S. District Court, District of Maryland

Judicial Intern, Honorable William
Arbuckle, U.S. District Court, Middle
District of Pennsylvania



Manfred Muecke

For over two decades, Manfred has continuously advocated on behalf of a broad and wide-ranging community of plaintiffs in complex class action matters including antitrust, civil rights, consumer & investor fraud, employment wage & benefits, and insurance. This advocacy has resulted in the financial recovery of hundreds of millions of dollars and substantial relief on behalf of aggrieved consumers, employees, investors, and policyholders.

Manfred is admitted to practice in the State of California, all United States District Courts in California, and the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit.

Prior to graduating from the University of San Diego School of Law in 2002, Manfred was a member of Teach For America and worked as a special education teacher in Southern California for three years. Manfred also holds a Masters of Business Administration from San Diego State University and has served as Chair of the Nuwuvi Economic Development Corporation as a member of Chemehuevi Indian Tribe.

In his spare time, Manfred enjoys time with his family and friends as well as continuously trying to perfect the art of the homemade Neapolitan pizza.

EDUCATION

University of San Diego School of Law
Masters of Business Administration, San Diego State University

BAR & COURT ADMISSIONS

California

Selection of Class Counsel Appointments

Ahmad v. Panera Bread Company, No. 21SL-CC00593 (St. Louis Cnty., Mo.)

Aseltine v. Bank of America, N.A., No. 3:23-cv-00235 (W.D.N.C.)

Aseltine et al. v. Chipotle Mexican Grill, Inc., No. RG21088118 (Alameda Cnty. Super. Ct., Cal.)

Brooks et al. v. Canvas Credit Union, No. 2019CV30516 (Dist. Ct. for Denver Cnty., Colo.)

Bruin v. Bank of America, N.A., No. 3:22-cv-00140 (W.D.N.C.)

Churchill v. Bangor Savings Bank, No. BCD-CIV-2021-00027 (Cumberland, Me.)

Clark v. Hills Bank and Trust Company, No. LACV080753 (Iowa Dist. Ct. Johnson Cnty.)

Coleman-Curtis v. One Nevada Credit Union, No. A-22-859045-C (8th Judicial Dist. Ct., Clark Cnty. Nev.)

Collins v. Provident Bank, HUD-1429-22 (Hudson Cty. Sup. Ct. N.J.)

Eisenberg, et al. v. Columbia Bank, No. BER-L-6636-21 (Bergen Cnty., Super Ct. N.J.)

Fairchild-Cathay v. AmeriCU Credit Union, No. 6:21-cv-01173-DNH-ML (N.D.N.Y.)

Figueroa v. Capital One, N.A., No. 3:18-cv-00692-JM-BGS (S.D. Cal.)

Glass, et al. v. Delta Cmty. Credit Union, No. 2019C317322 (Fulton Cnty. Super. Ct., Ga.)

Gonzalez v. Banner Bank, No. 20-cv-05151 (E.D. Wa.)

Goodman, et al. v. Intervet Inc. d/b/a Merck Animal Health d/b/a Home Again, No. 2:22-cv- 2926-WJM-ESK (D.N.J.)

AHarris v. Centier Bank, No. 45D01-2101-PL-000072 (Lake Cnty. Super. Ct., Ind. Com. Ct.)

Hinton v. Atlantic Union Bank, No. 20-cv-00651 (E.D. Va.)

Holt v. Cmty. Am. Credit Union, No. 4:19-cv-00629-FJG (W.D. Mo.)

Jackson v. Interbank, No. CJ 2022 1826 (Okla. Cnty., Dist. Ct. Okla.)

Kelly v. Cmty. Bank, No. 18-cv-00919 (N.D.N.Y.)

Kennedy v. CB&S Bank, No. 33-CV-2020-000056 (Franklin Cnty., Cir. Ct. Ala.)

Lambert v Navy Fed. Credit Union, No. 19-cv-00103 (E.D. Va.)

Lee v. Canandaigua Bank and Trust, No. 2021005065 (Monroe Cnty., Supreme Ct. N.Y.)

Levy, et al. v. Westfield Bank, No. 3:24-cv-30004-MGM (D. Mass.)

Liggio v. Apple Fed. Credit Union, No. 18-cv-01059 (E.D. Va.)

Lloyd, et al. v. Keesler Fed. Credit Union, No. 1:19-cv-351-HSO-RHWR (S.D. Miss.)

Macon, et al. v. Redstone Fed. Credit Union, No. 5:21-cv-01682-LCB (N.D. Ala.)

Martin v. L&N Federal Credit Union, No. 19-CI-022873 (Jefferson Cir. Ct., Division One, Ky.)

Mattingly, et al. v. Stockman Bank, No. DV-21-01027 (Yellowstone Cnty., Mont.)

Mayheu, et al. v. Chick-fil-A, Inc., No. 2022CV365400 (Fulton Cnty. Super. Ct, Georgia)

McNeil v. Capital One Bank, N.A., No. 1:19-cv-00473-NRM-TAM (E.D.N.Y.)

Meaden v. HarborOne Bank, No. 1:23-cv-10467-AK (D. Mass.)

Mock v. Tompkins Community Bank, No. 3:22-cv-00995 (BKS/ML) (N.D.N.Y.)

Morris et al. v. Bank of America, N.A., No. 3:18-cv-00157-RJC-DSC (W.D.N.C.)

Morris v. Provident Credit Union, No. CGC-19-581616 (San Francisco Cnty. Super. Ct., Cal.)

Morrow, et al. v. Navy Fed. Credit Union, No. 1:22-cv-844-MSN-LRV (E.D. Va.)

Niewinski et al v. State Farm Life Insurance Company et al., No. 2:23-cv-04159 (W.D. Mo.)

Nimsey v. Tinker Fed. Credit Union, No. CJ-2019-6084 (Okla. Cnty., Dist. Ct. Okla.)

O'Neal v. Chelsea Groton Bank, No. KNL-CV-22-6059612-S
(Norwich Jud. Dist., Super. Ct. Conn.)

Perks v. Activehouse d/b/a Earnin, No. 19-cv-05543 (N.D. Cal.)

Perks v. TD Bank, Case No. 18-cv-11176 (S.D.N.Y.)

Perri v. Notre Dame Fed. Credit Union, No. 71C01-1909-PL-000332 (St. Joseph Cnty., Ind.)

Plummer v. Centra Credit Union, No. 03D01-1804-PL-001903
(Bartholomew Cnty., Ind.)

Quirk v. Liberty Bank, No. X03-HHD-CV20-6132741-S
(Hartford Judicial Dist., Conn.)

Roberts v. Capital One, No. 1:16-cv-04841 (S.D.N.Y.)

Roberts v. Old Second Bancorp, No. 2021MR2148 (Kane
Cnty., Cir. Ct. Ill.)

Rodriguez, et al. v. Excite Credit Union, No. 21CV386659
(Santa Clara Cnty. Super. Ct., Cal.)

Ross, et al. v. Panda Restaurant Group, Inc., No.
21STCV03662 (Los Angeles Cnty. Super. Ct., Cal.)

Roy v. ESL Federal Credit Union, No. 6:19-cv-06122-FPG-JWF
(W.D.N.Y.)

Runninghorse v. Southeast Bank, No. 3-63-21 (Circ. Ct. Knox
Cnty., Tenn.)

Suffecool v. Somerset Trust Company, No. 84 Civil 2022
(Somerset Cnty, Pa.)

Sykes, et al. v. Banterra Bank, No. 2022 LA 14, No. 2022 LA 33
(Williamson Cnty. Ill.)

Trinity Management Services v. Charles Puckett, No. CGC-17-
558960 (San Francisco Cnty., Super. Ct. Cal.)

Valero v. Altura Credit Union, No. RIC2001931 (Riverside Cnty.
Super. Ct., Cal.)

Walters v. Target Corp., No. 3:16-cv-00492 (S.D. Cal.)

Wang, et. al v. Grubhub, Inc., No. 22cv022626 (Alameda Cnty.
Super Ct., Cal.)

Ward-Howie v. Frontwave Credit Union, No. 37-2022-
00016328-CU-BC-CTL (San Diego Cnty., Super. Ct., Cal.)

White v. Members 1st Credit Union, No. 1:19-cv-00556-JEJ
(M.D. Pa.)

Wicks, et al. v. Patelco Credit Union, No. RG20061837
(Alameda Cnty. Super. Ct., Cal.)

Williams v. Bank of the Sierra, No. BCV-20-102549 (Kern Cnty.
Super. Ct. Cal.)

